

MON VALLEY AIR POLLUTION MITIGATION PLAN

RiverLift Industries, Inc. 1000 Madison Avenue West Elizabeth, Pennsylvania

December 27, 2021

Wood Project No. 3487210106

This report was prepared by the staff of Wood Environment & Infrastructure Solutions, Inc. under the supervision of whose signature(s) appear hereon.

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RiverLift Industries, Inc. West Elizabeth, Pennsylvania

Prepared for:

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LIST OF ACRONYMS

- ACHD Allegheny County Health Department
- PM Particulate Matter
- ESP Electrostatic Precipitator
- RACM Reasonably Available Control Measure
- WRAP Western Regional Air Partners
- TCEQ Texas Commission on Environmental Quality
- O&M Operation and Maintenance



1.0 REGULATORY OVERVIEW AND CERTIFICATION BY OWNER

This Mon Valley Air Pollution Mitigation Plan has been prepared for RiverLift Industries, Inc. (RiverLift), located at 1000 Madison Avenue, West Elizabeth, Pennsylvania, in accordance with the Allegheny County Health Department (ACHD) – Rules Rules and Regulations, Article XXI, Air Pollution Control, §2106.06, Mon Valley Air Pollution Episode. This new section of Article XXI, named the Mon Valley Air Pollution Episode Rule, was added to respond to weather-related inversions that occur in the Mon Valley that result in high levels of small particulate matter pollution (PM2.5 pollution - particles measuring 2.5 micro-meters or less). It applies to the following sources located in one or more of the municipalities identified in Subsection d of §2106.06: 1) major and synthetic minor sources of PM₂₅; 2) all sources that have combined allowable emissions from all emission units of 6.5 tons or more per year of PM_{2.5}; and 3) all sources that have combined allowable emissions from all emission units of 10 tons or more per year of PM₁₀.

Below is a table based on ACHD's Air Quality Annual Report, 2015-2019 which shows the number of times / days that the PM2.5 24-hr standard was exceeded at the Liberty monitor, which is proximate to West Elizabeth.

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On average, there have been approximately 8 PM2.5 exceedance "events" per year from 2015-2019 in the Mon Valley.

RiverLift is subject to the Mon Valley Air Pollution Episode Rule based on its location in the Borough of West Elizabeth and permitted facility allowable PM10 emissions of 41.5 tons/yr. Note that this allowable emission level is conservative, as potential emission calculations were



based on worst-case continuous operations for batch-type equipment. Actual PM10/PM2.5 are significantly lower than allowable emissions, as detailed in this plan.

This document meets the requirements of §2106.06e.1 and e.2 with respect to the development and submittal of the requisite mitigation plan during a watch phase and warning phase, respectively.

Certification by Owner

AFFIDAVIT

I certify that, subject to the penalties of Title 18Pa. C.S.A. Section 4904 and 35 P.S. Section 4009(b)(2), I am the responsible official having primary responsibility for the operation of the facilities to which this air pollution mitigation plan applies and that the information provided in this mitigation plan is true, accurate and complete to the best of my knowledge, information and belief formed after reasonable inquiry.

Signature:

Schiefe Printed Name: 14

Title: Pacsident

Date: 12/27/





2.0 FACILITY DESCRIPTION

RiverLift is comprised of two properties approximately ½ mile apart on Route 837 in West Elizabeth, PA. The main facility includes bulk material handling activities, bulk storage of highway deicing salt, coal, coke, and other materials. It is at an elevation of 760 feet above sea level and covers approximately 23 acres. The site terrain has relatively level topography, with gradual sloping towards the Monongahela River. Operations conducted at the secondary facility strictly involve stockpiling and handling of one of the road salt piles.

A Site Location Map of the main facility is contained herein as Figure 1. Figure 2 shows a Google Earth aerial view.

RiverLift operates under Minor Source Operating Permit #0034, which expired on October 23, 2021. RiverLift submitted a renewal application on April 22, 2001, six months in advance of expiration as prescribed and, therefore, can operate under the current operating permit via an application shield.

Permitted processes / equipment that emit PM10 and/or PM2.5 are as follows:

- P002 Barge Unloading Operation
- P003 Barge Loading Operation
- P004 Railcar Unloading Operation
- P005 Railcar Loading Operation
- F001 Storage Piles
- F002 Paved Roadways

Materials primarily handled and stored by RiverLift include highway salt, coal, and coke. The facility may also handle / store a variety of other materials, as identified in Minor Source



Operating Permit #0034, including steel wire, gravel, magnesite, distiller's grain, cotton seed hulls, lime, manganese ore, bauxite, bark mulch, manganese ore, manufactured sand, steel scrap, limestone, river sand, and fertilizer.

Facility contact information is as follows:

Responsible Official / Environmental Contact: Title: E-mail address: Phone:

Bob Schaefer President <u>bob@riverliftindustries.com</u> 412-384-8420



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3.0 EMISSION UNIT AND BASELINE CONTROL INFORMATION

Barge Unloading Operation (P002), Barge Loading Operations (P003), Railcar Unloading Operations (P004), and Railcar Loading Operations (P005)

These material handling operations primarily involve coke, coal, and highway salt.

Estimates for fugitive particulate emissions from these materials handling operations are based on AP-42, Chapter 11.19.2, Crushed Stone Processing, Table 11.19.2-2 and AP 42, Chapter 12.5, Iron and Steel Production, Table 12.5-4, as previously established. Note that the conveyor transfer emission factors from AP-42's Crushed Stone Processing section are overstated, as these factors are representative of dustier product types than those handled by RiverLift. Minor Source Operating Permit #0034 does not require control measures for these emission units.

Storage Piles (F001) and Paved Roads (F002)

Materials stored outdoors at RiverLift include coke, coal, and highway salt.

Estimates for particulate emissions from the storage piles are based on AP 42, Chapter 13.2.4 – Aggregate Handling and Storage Piles. Estimates for fugitive particulate emissions from the roadways are based on AP 42, Chapter 13.2.1 – Paved Roads.

Some storage piles are located indoors. For outdoor storage piles, the operating permit requires RiverLift to take reasonable actions to minimize the potential for fugitive dust emissions by using canvas tarps for highway road salt (where not being worked), periodic vacuum sweeping, the use of water sprays, and/or proper maintenance, in accordance with Article XXI, §2105.49a. Fugitive particulate emissions from the paved roadways are controlled with a sweeping and watering program. RiverLift is required to utilize water suppression on roadways utilized for this process on a daily basis when the temperature is above 32 degrees Fahrenheit.



3.1 BASELINE ACTUAL PM10/PM2.5 EMISSIONS (2017-2020)

As prescribed by ACHD's Guidance on Article XXI §2106.06 (Mon Valley Air Pollution Episode), RiverLift has determined and summarized average actual hourly and daily PM10 and PM2.5 emissions based on 2017 – 2020 operations for each permitted process and for the facility. These actual emissions serve as a baseline average used to estimate maximum expected daily reduction of PM10 and PM2.5 and corresponding percentage decrease resulting from RiverLift's proposed Mon Valley Air Pollution Mitigation Plan.

Table 1 shows a summary of average actual annual, hourly, and daily PM10/PM2.5 emissions for the period of 2017-2020. Table 2 indicates a summary of actual annual PM10/PM2.5 emissions for 2017-2020. Appendix A contains a detailed particulate emissions calculation spreadsheet for each of these four years of interest, the results of which feed Table 2. Riverlift's production data for 2017-2020 operations are shown in Appendix B.

Relative to control measures, these baseline emissions reflect RiverLift's roadway watering and sweeping program, estimated at a control efficiency of 80%. As a work practice standard, the highway salt storage piles are tarped where not being worked and water sprays are utilized on coal piles on an as needed basis when the potential exists for fugitive particulates to become airborne, in accordance with Article XXI, §2105.49.a. Because these control measures do not provide full coverage in the case of tarping and otherwise are not applied on a regular schedule, 2017-2020 actual emission estimates conservatively do not include control efficiencies for storage piles. RiverLift's operating permit does not require emissions control for any other emission units.

Referencing Table 1, average actual annual PM10/PM2.5 facility emissions over the 4 yr. time period from 2017-2020 were 4.62 tons/yr and 4.21 tons/yr, respectively. Note that actual average PM10 emissions represent approximately 11% of potential emissions (i.e., permitted



allowable emission limit) previously established in a conservative manner. Average daily PM10/PM2. 5 facility emissions during the same time period were estimated at 35.4 lbs/day and 32.9 lbs/day, respectively, with barge loading being the highest contributor, followed by barge unloading.



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4.0 EVALUATION OF PM10/PM2.5 EMISSIONS REDUCTION

As prescribed by ACHD's Guidance on Article XXI §2106.06 (Mon Valley Air Pollution Episode), applicable facilities are required to: 1) list and describe all available methods to reduce PM10/PM2.5 emissions for each process, 2) evaluate feasibility of each method and provide justification for those methods which are not deemed feasible in the context of the Mon Valley Air Pollution Episode Rule, and 3) develop a mitigation plan based on feasible methods (which are not already being implemented). The following subsections discuss available methods and feasibility.

4.1 AVAILABLE METHODS TO REDUCE PM10/PM2.5

There are several available methods for the control of PM10/PM2.5 emissions from the types of emission units permitted at RiverLlft – material handling operations (i.e., incoming and outgoing batch drops via barge and rail), storage piles, and paved roadways. These control methods are presented below by emission unit:

Material Handling (i.e., Material Batch Drops)

- Ventilation system / fabric filtration (baghouse) system (consideration of stationary and portable systems)
- Ventilation system / ESP (for stationary applications)
- Ventilation system / wet scrubber (for stationary applications)
- Wet suppression system (consideration of stationary and portable systems)
- Source reduction (e.g., drop height reduction, enclosures / enhancement of enclosures, moisture retention)

Storage Piles (F001)

Wet Suppression Systems



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Source Reduction (e.g., tarping, use of less dusty raw materials)

Paved Roadways (F002)

- Sweeping / watering program
- Source reduction (e.g., limit speed of vehicles, maintenance)

The following discussion provides an overview and technical description of the compilation of PM / PM₁₀ control methods listed above. The feasibility of each control technique is discussed below in section 4.2.

4.1.1 Fabric Filtration

A baghouse is commonly applied to control particulate emissions from material handling operations due to its capability to achieve high control efficiencies and toleration of high and varied particulate and temperature loads. The baghouse design employs long cylindrical bags that contain felted fabric cloth as the filtering medium. The cloth can be supported at the top and bottom of the bag by metal rings or clasps; or by an internal cage that completely supports the entire bag. Dust is collected on either the inside or outside of the fabric material depending on the baghouse design. The baghouse is constructed of compartmental units and are used in continuous operating processes with large exhaust volume. The units can have a compartment off-line for bag cleaning and maintenance while the remaining compartments continue to filter. The particulate matter passes through the filter bags before leaving the unit through the collection hoppers which are used to store the collected dust before it is disposed in a landfill or reused in the process. For applications pertaining to material handling operations, portable truck or trailer-mounted fabric filtration units represent a feasible consideration. A baghouse can consistently achieve removal efficiencies of 98% and greater for total PM and approximately 95% for PM2.5.



4.1.2 Electrostatic Precipitators

An electrostatic precipitator (ESP) uses a generated electrical field to charge incoming particulates that are subsequently collected on plates of opposite charge. ESPs are commonly applied to, and very effective for, the control of fly ash from many industrial and utility boilers, with removal efficiencies of 98% and greater for total PM. However, they are more effective in higher particulate concentrated applications, as a whole, due to the inter-related activity of the charged particles. This is why coal-based utility and boiler systems normally employ them, since the size of the PM is usually rather large. For smaller sized PM emissions, an ESP is not as effective, and efficiency of control can drop off dramatically, down to reduction efficiencies in the 70-90% range.

4.1.3 Wet Scrubbers

Scrubbers are also very effective in removing particulates from a wide variety of industrial sources, depending on a few important design features such as pressure drop, throat versus packing set-up, and liquor type and recirculation rate. For PM control that is not influenced by acids, sulfates, and some other contaminants, packed or venturi units can be used, and the liquor is typically water. In these applications a wet scrubber can be designed to achieve 90%+ removal efficiency for particulate matter greater than 10 microns. For particulates less than 10 microns in size, significant energy (pressure drop) and water saturation may be needed to achieve high efficiency removal. This control technology also requires handling of process waters, which may lend to precipitated solids, pH changes, etc. and possibly require wastewater treatment operations.

4.1.4 Mechanical Separation (Cyclone System)

Cyclones or multi-clones use centrifugal (mechanical) force generated by a spinning gas stream to separate the particulate matter (solid or liquid) from the carrier gas. Centrifugal force acts on

the particles in the gas by forcing them towards the wall. Cyclones are not typically efficient for removal of fine particles and are usually employed for removing larger particles. Depending on the size, density, and state of the particulates, a cyclone could achieve up to an approximately 85% control efficiency for total PM. Multi-cyclones on the other hand are better for removal of smaller particles, but still significantly lower in efficiency than the other technologies described above and essentially not effective for PM2.5. Mechanical separation is primarily used as a pre-treatment technology to remove large particles from the gas stream, reducing the loading on primary control devices, such as baghouses and scrubbers.

4.1.5 Wet Suppression Systems

A variety of wet systems have been specifically developed and applied in the mineral processing and handling industry to suppress dust generation. Wet suppression, generally, is a technology that uses liquid sprays or foam to suppress the formation of airborne dust. The primary control mechanism is through agglomerate formation by combining small dust particles with larger aggregate or with liquid droplets. There are generally two types of wet suppression systems – liquid sprays which use water, water/surfactant mixtures, or water/compressed air mixtures as the wetting agent and systems which supply foams as the wetting agent. Water / compressed air mixtures are referred to as air atomizing spray systems or fog systems. A literature review suggests a control efficiency of up to 90% when chemical surfactants are employed. With respect to road dust, wet suppression systems are in the form of watering programs (in conjunction with vacuum sweeping). Control efficiency of roadway watering is estimated by Ohio EPA's Reasonably Available Control Measure (RACM) document at 80%, with vacuum sweeping estimated by the same reference at 75%.

Wet suppression systems are generally applied to the types of emission units permitted at RiverLift, with the caveat that the issues of product quality, product specifications, and safety raise a concern with respect to the use of wet suppression systems.

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4.1.6 Building Enclosures

Partial or full enclosures are widely used methods to passively capture / control fugitive particulate emissions from mineral processing and handling operations. Passive control efficiency defined by building enclosure is estimated at 60%, which is characteristic of the minimum control efficiency identified via available literature review for windscreens/barriers. Windscreens/barriers are included in the category of partial enclosures within USEPA's Fugitive Dust Background Document and Technical Information Document for Best Available Control Measures (1992). Also, effectiveness of building enclosures is derived from concepts within the Western Regional Air Partners (WRAP) Fugitive Dust Handbook for material handling (i.e., 3-sided enclosure = 75% control efficiency) and Texas Commission on Environmental Quality's (TCEQ's) Mechanical Sources BACT Guidelines (November 2006), which is listed as 50% - 90%, dependent upon the ratio of openings in enclosure.

4.1.7 Source Reduction

Reducing particulate emissions at the source of generation is a viable control measure to consider for any industry type or operation. Optimization of equipment and operation to allow for source reduction may include: 1) limiting the amount of dust available for emissions, 2) improving the arrangement of materials that generate dust, 3) optimizing the process so that less dusty material is used, generated, or made vulnerable to air contact, 4) preventing or minimizing leaks, and 5) other good operation & maintenance (O&M) procedures that reduce PM emissions. The level of emission control effectiveness will be dependent on the nature of source reduction / optimization.



4.2 FEASIBILITY EVALUATION FOR EACH PM10/PM2.5 REDUCTION METHOD

Feasibility evaluation of PM10/PM2.5 reduction methods by emission unit is presented as follows:

4.2.1 Material Handling Emission Units (i.e., Barge and Rail)

Fabric Filtration, ESPs, Wet Scrubbers, Mechanical Separation (Cyclone System)

These traditional PM control methods are considered infeasible for barge and rail material handling for several reasons. First, the capital and operating costs for such control equipment, including portable fabric filtration units, would be economically infeasible for control of such a low mass of PM10/PM2.5 for a limited number of days per year, given the context of the Mon Valley Air Pollution Episode Rule. Referencing Table 1, actual average daily baseline PM10/PM2.5 emissions of barge loading is 25.6 lbs/day, while barge unloading is estimated at 6.0 lbs/day. Daily average baseline emissions of railcar unloading and railcar loading (which use the same conveyor equipment) is estimated at 1.1 lbs/day and 0.0 lbs/day (i.e, no railcar loading 2017-2020), respectively, and represent a minor and infrequent aspect of overall actual operations. Second, the use of stationary air pollution control equipment is infeasible as applied to barge unloading based on variable activity locations. There is not a fixed swing location for the excavator to a waiting truck. The excavator and receiving truck must be mobile / portable as material is scooped across the length of a 200 ft. long barge. Third, upon review, ESPs and wet scrubbers have no known approved or implemented application for sources similar in nature to RiverLlft's material handling operations. Lastly, mechanical separation technology is generally used as a pre-treatment technology to knock-down larger particles in advance of a baghouse, ESP, or scrubber so that these primary devices can function more effectively. Cyclones have limited efficiency with smaller particles such as the target PM10/PM2.5 for this application, but this comes with a price of higher operating costs associated with larger pressure drops.



Wet Suppression Systems

Wet suppression systems are considered feasible for application to RiverLift's barge and railcar handling operations.

For barge loading at the Spar Barge Loadout, the transfer point from hopper to conveyor is equipped with wet suppression, which is not required for full time use by the operating permit. It is currently utilized on an as needed basis for dusty materials. Moving forward, RiverLift will utilize wet suppression at this transfer point during a Warning Phase when the Spar Barge Loadout is operating. Control efficiency is estimated at 80% at this transfer point, based on U.S. EPA literature review. Note that the bulk of barge loading occurs at the Spar Barge Loadout, compared to the #1 Dock.

Railcar unloading / loading activities represent an infrequent activity at RiverLift, as demonstrated by the low baseline actual average emissions estimate of 1.1 lbs PM10/PM2.5/ day. As such, RiverLift will add wet suppression capabilities at the transfer point from hopper to conveyor prior if future business dictates meaningful actual reductions in PM10/PM2.5. If implemented, wet suppression would be applied conditionally to bulk material based on observation of product type and product moisture, as well as customer specifications, as some products cannot be wetted beyond a certain threshold. As with barge loading, RiverLift estimates a control efficiency of 80% at this single transfer point.

For barge unloading activities, RiverLift will implement wet suppression in the form of adding water directly to material in a barge via a clamshell bucket prior to unloading. This mitigation is conditional upon observation of incoming product type, product moisture, and consideration of customer specifications. A control efficiency of 50% (minimum end of range per literature review) is applied for application of this form of wet suppression.

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Overall, compared to baseline daily average PM10/PM2.5 emissions from material handling of 31.2 lbs/day, application of wet suppression as discussed above is estimated to potentially reduce daily average PM10/PM2.5 emissions by 5.8 lbs/day, or 18.6%.

Building Enclosures

Building enclosures for barge unloading operations are viewed as technically infeasible and impractical for the same reasons discussed above for stationary fabric filtration (i.e., operational constraints). For barge unloading, there is not a fixed swing location for the excavator to a waiting truck. The excavator and receiving truck must be mobile / portable as material is scooped from a 200 ft. long barge. A large building would be required with several openings along its length to accommodate a mobile excavator.

As a baseline existing condition, both barge loading areas (#1 Dock and Spar Barge Loadout) maintain a partial enclosure at the initial transfer point from front end loader or truck to hopper. Also, RiverLift utilizes covered conveyors. A building enclosure at the last transfer point from conveyor to barge is considered technically infeasible, as incoming / outgoing barges are not owned by RiverLift and only are docked on a temporary basis. To this end, a permanent structure extending from the dock over a barge would be impractical and infeasible.

Considering the low baseline quantity of PM10/PM2.5 at railcar loading / unloading (1.1 lbs/day) and the limited number of days per year of application, given the context of the Mon Valley Air Pollution Episode Rule, the construction of a building enclosure adjacent to the rail spur at RiverLift is impractical and economically infeasible.



Source Reduction

Source reduction is generally considered feasible for application to RiverLift's barge and railcar handling operations. Such source reduction techniques are baseline, ongoing practices at RiverLift and not part of a mitigation plan, including:

- Railcar bottom dumping (unloading)
- Minimizing drop heights from front end-loaders/trucks to hoppers
- Use of covered conveyors or chutes
- Suspend unloading and loading operations during high wind conditions that could, otherwise, increase blowing dust.
- Use of less dust raw materials
- Tarping of highway salt piles

Note that tarping of coal piles is infeasible, as these piles are smaller than highway salt piles with regular occurrence of transfers (i.e., additions and retrievals). The logistics, therefore, of managing a tarp system for coal are prohibitive.

4.2.2 Storage Piles

Wet Suppression Systems

Wet suppression systems are considered feasible for application to RiverLift's outdoor storage piles, which include highway salt and coal. RiverLift is not presently required by permit to apply wet suppression to storage piles on a regular basis.

For active stocking/destocking coal piles during a Warning Phase, RiverLift will apply dust Chemical Dust Control DC-661 (38% concentration) solution or spray water with side sprayer from water truck (or via hand wand) on the pile. Control efficiency is estimated at 90% for storage pile watering, based on Section 9 of the Fugitive Dust Handbook.



Overall, compared to baseline daily average PM10/PM2.5 emissions from storage piles of 1.8 lbs/day, application of wet suppression as discussed above is estimated to reduce daily average PM10/PM2.5 emissions by 1.62 lbs/day, or 90%.

Source Reduction

Source reduction is generally considered feasible for application to RiverLift's activities associated with storage piles. Such source reduction techniques are baseline, ongoing practices and are not part of a mitigation plan, including:

- Use of canvas tarps for highway salt piles (where not being worked)
- Minimize the distance between the working face and trucks being loaded to reduce the area to be swept/cleaned.
- Regularly inspect dry bulk storage piles, facilities, and handling equipment to ensure proper operation is maintained.
- Remove accumulation of materials at storage areas to prevent windblown dust.

4.2.3 Paved Roadways

Sweeping / Watering Program

The top control candidate in terms of potential removal efficiency for paved roadways is a fugitive dust control program consisting of a combination of watering / vacuum sweeping measures. This measure represents a demonstrated, feasible technology in the mineral products industry and a variety of other industries with respect to particulate control.

RiverLift maintains a robust watering / vacuum sweeping program, which is implemented daily when the temperature is above 32 F, as required by Minor Source Operating Permit #0034.



Control efficiency applied for baseline emissions is based on the maximum of watering and sweeping activities (i.e., 80%) from Ohio EPA's RACM document (75% for sweeping/vacuum, 80% for watering).

As an enhancement to the watering / vacuum sweeping program, RiverLift will apply Chemical Dust Control DC-661 (38% concentration) solution on the roadways during Warning Phase events. It is estimated that application of this dust suppressant will increase PM10/PM2.5 control efficiency from the paved roadways to approximately 90%, representing a percent reduction of 12.5% from baseline conditions.

Source Reduction

Source reduction is generally considered feasible for application to RiverLift's activities associated with facility paved roadways and vehicular traffic. Such source reduction techniques are baseline, ongoing practices at RiverLift contained within RiverLift's operating permit and are not part of a mitigation plan, including:

- Limit truck and equipment speed in the yard to less than 10 mph.
- Upon exiting the facility property, wash the undercarriage, wheels, chassis, and tailgates
 of all vehicles used to transport soil, stone, or other materials to prevent carryout onto
 roadways.
- Tarp all loaded trucks containing material with the potential to emit fugitive dust at all times.
- Do not allow any vehicles or engines to be idle for more than five consecutive minutes on-site.

RiverLift also contracted out significant maintenance paving in the recent past on the roadways, around stockpiles, and at docks.

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5.0 PRPOSED AIR POLLUTION MITIGATION PLAN

Based, in part, on the discussion within Section 4.0 above, RiverLift proposes the following air pollution mitigation plan at its West Elizabeth, PA facility.

5.1 WATCH PHASE

Staff Related

- Conduct a shift meeting(s) or other form of communication to remind employees to prioritize the environmental impact of their operations to reduce emissions in accordance with this plan.
- Share / review procedures which would help ensure sufficient staff levels and available resources to implement a warning phase.
- Review procedures with employees to ensure all equipment is properly operating in a way to minimize air emissions.

Equipment Related

- Inspect dry bulk storage piles, roadways, and material handling equipment to ensure proper operation and good housekeeping is maintained.
- Ensure street sweeping equipment and water truck is in good working order before operating.
- Review / evaluate current procedures for proper operation and maintenance of wet suppression systems.
- Ensure the source is following the idling requirements under Act 124 of the PA Department of Environmental Protection regulations.



5.2 WARNING PHASE

Barge Unloading Operation (P002)

 Commit to the addition of water via a water spray from the water truck or other means directly to material in barge prior to unloading (bulk materials – salt, coal, coke), conditionally for products requiring dust suppression based on observation of incoming product moisture and consideration of customer specifications.

Barge Loading Operation (P003)

 Commit to application of water sprays / wet suppression at hopper to conveyor transfer point at Spar Barge Loadout.

Railcar Unloading Operation (P004) / Railcar Loading Operation (P005)

 If future business activity at these operations dictate, RiverLift will commit to wet suppression capability at the transfer point to conveyor belt (following bottom unload) when the ambient temperature is greater than 32 degrees Fahrenheit for products requiring dust suppression based on observation of product moisture and customer specifications. No mitigation is currently being proposed based on lack of meaningful reduction.

Storage Piles (F001)

- Highway salt → salt is not generally dusty, as it develops crust from humidity; if open working face has potential to emit dust based on observations / weather conditions, RiverLift will dampen down or treat.
- Coal → spraying with side sprayer from water truck or hand wand (i.e., firehose) or use of Chemical Dust Control DC-661 (38% concentration); baseline is once or twice a week on piles but will be used during Warning Phase events as well.

Roads / Vehicular Traffic (F002)

 Apply dust Chemical Dust Control DC-661 (38% concentration) solution on roadways during Warning Phase events.



RiverLift's Operations Manager and upper management (President) will be responsible for ensuring that further mitigation is implemented during a Warning Phase and associated records are maintained. RiverLift will have forms in place to ensure that the feasible reductions identified above are properly monitored, recorded, and reported, upon request.





FIGURES





TABLES





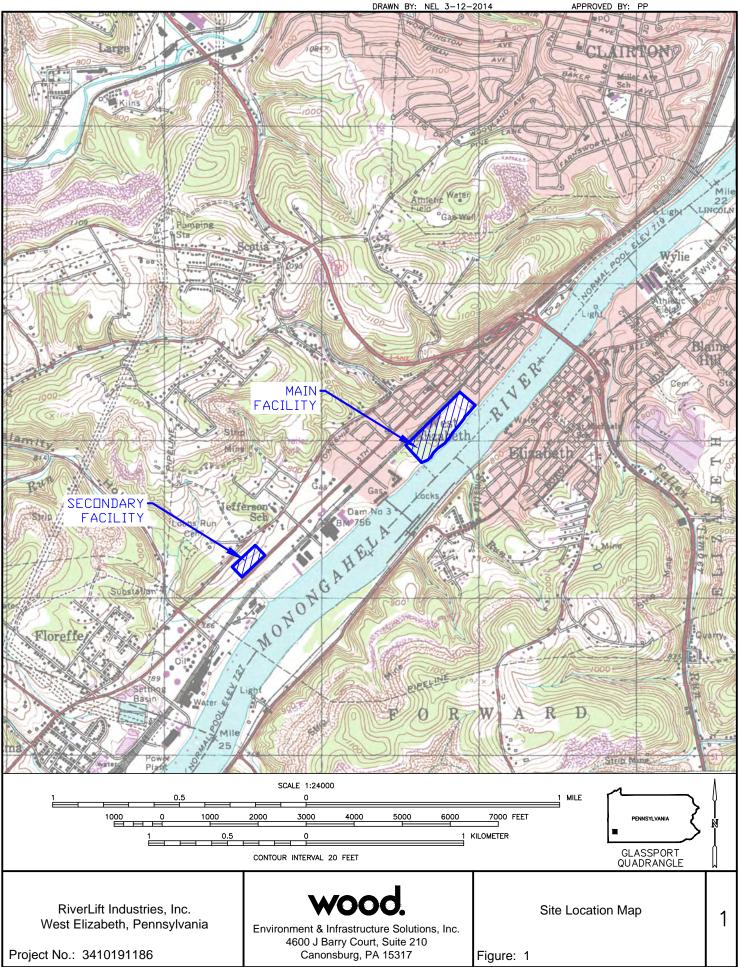
APPENDIX A





APPENDIX B





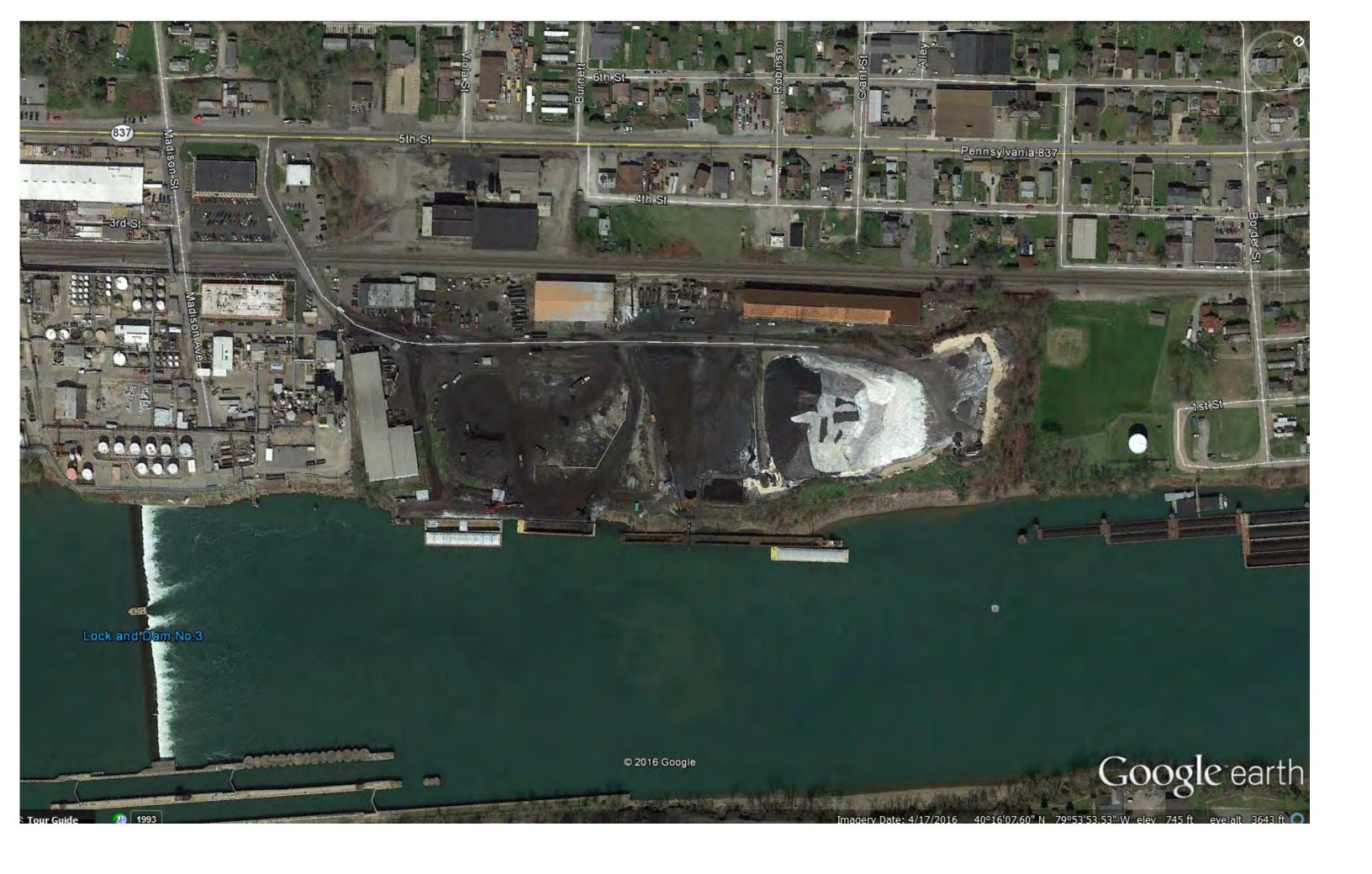


TABLE 1 RIVERLIFT INDUSTRIES, INC. West Elizabeth, Pennsylvania

SUMMARY OF AVERAGE ACTUAL ANNUAL, HOURLY, AND DAILY PM10/PM2.5 EMISSIONS (2017-2020)

		Average Actual Emissions (tons/yr) (2017 - 2020)		Average Annual	Average Hourly Er (2017	nissions (lbs/hr) - 2020)	Average Daily	Average Daily Emissions (lbs/day) (2017 - 2020)		
Emission Unit	Emissions Unit ID	PM10	PM2.5	Operating Hours (hrs/yr)	PM10	PM2.5	Operating Hours (hrs/day)	PM10	PM2.5	
Barge Unloading	P002	0.79	0.79	2,600	0.6047	0.6047	10	6.0	6.0	
Barge Loading	P003	2.89	2.89	2,600	2.23	2.23	10	22.3	22.3	
Railcar Unloading	P004	0.05	0.05	1,000	0.11	0.11	10	1.1	1.1	
Railcar Loading	P005	0.00	0.00	0	0.00	0.00	0	0.00	0.00	
Storage Piles & Handling	F001	0.33	0.05	8,760	0.08	0.01	24	1.8	0.28	
Roadways	F002	0.17	0.04	2,600	0.13	0.03	10	1.3	0.32	
TOTAL		4.23	3.82		3.14	2.98		32.5	30.0	

TABLE 2 RIVERLIFT INDUSTRIES, INC. West Elizabeth, Pennsylvania

SUMMARY OF ACTUAL ANNUAL PM10/PM2.5 EMISSIONS (2017-2020)

				1		Average Actual Emissions (tons/yr)						
		20	17	20	18	2019		2020		(2017 - 2020)		
Emission Unit	Emissions Unit ID	PM10	PM2.5	PM10	PM2.5	PM10	PM2.5	PM10	PM2.5	PM10	PM2.5	
Barge Unloading	P002	0.59	0.59	0.94	0.94	1.01	1.01	0.61	0.61	0.79	0.79	
Barge Loading	P003	3.05	3.05	4.32	4.32	2.47	2.47	1.73	1.73	2.89	2.89	
Railcar Unloading	P004	0.046	0.046	0.00	0.00	0.15	0.15	0.02	0.02	0.05	0.05	
Railcar Loading	P005	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	
Storage Piles & Handling	F001	0.36	0.05	0.46	0.07	0.31	0.05	0.20	0.03	0.33	0.05	
Roadways	F002	0.16	0.04	0.22	0.05	0.17	0.04	0.13	0.03	0.17	0.04	
TOTAL		4.21	3.78	5.93	5.38	4.12	3.72	2.68	2.42	4.23	3.82	

TABLE 3 RIVERLIFT INDUSTRIES, INC. West Elizabeth, Pennsylvania

SUMMARY OF POTENTIAL PM10/PM2.5 EMISSIONS REDUCTIONS FROM AVERAGE HOURLY BASELINE EMISSIONS

		Average Hourly Emissions (lbs/hr)			Post Mi		% Reduction f	rom Baseline	Average Hourly Rec	uction (lbs/hr)
Emission Unit	Emissions Unit ID	(2017 PM10	- 2020) PM2.5	Mitigation Plan Control Measure / Control Efficiency	Average Hourly I PM10	Emissions (lbs/hr) PM2.5	PM10	PM2.5	PM10	PM2.5
Barge Unloading	P002	0.60	0.60	Wet suppression (as required) / 50%	0.30	0.30	50.0%	50.0%	0.30	0.30
Barge Loading	P003	2.23	2.23	Wet suppression (Spar Barge Loadout) / 80%	1.74	1.74	22.0%	22.0%	0.49	0.49
Railcar Unloading	P004	0.11	0.11	NA	0.11	0.11	-	-	-	-
Railcar Loading	P005	0.00	0.00	NA	0.00	0.00	-	-	-	-
Storage Piles & Handling	F001	0.08	0.012	Wet suppression / Dust Suppressant / 90%	0.021	0.003	72.8%	72.8%	0.06	0.01
Roadways	F002	0.13	0.03	Dust Suppressant / 90%	0.065	0.016	50.0%	50.0%	0.06	0.016
TOTAL		3.14	2.98		2.23	2.17			0.91	0.82

Notes:

1. Baseline and post-mitigation emissions are summed as if the emission units are concurrent, continuous operations, which is a conservative representation.

2. Basis for post mitigation average hourly emissions are as follows:

a. Barge Unloading (as required): 50% control efficiency from water addition via clamshell bucket

b. Barge Loading: 80% control efficiency from direct wet suppression at hopper to belt conveyor transfer point and similar effectiveness at downstream belt conveyor to barge transfer point

c. Storage Piles & Handling: 90% control efficiency at coal piles via water spray or Chemical Dust Control DC-661 (38% concentration)

d. Roadways: enhanced control efficiency to 90% for application of Chemical Dust Control DC-661 (38% concentration) solution on roadways

Appendix A-1 RiverLift Industries, Inc. West Elizabeth, PA Supporting Documentation for 2017 Emissions of Particulates

					Mean		PM 2.5	PM 10	PM			
			2017		Wind Speed	Moisture	Emission	Emission	Emission	PM 2.5	PM 10	PM
Process	Process / Segment		Throughput		U	Content	Factor	Factor	Factor	Emissions	Emissions	Emissior
ID	Description	Drop Point Description	(units/yr)	Units	(mph)	(%)	(lbs/unit)	(lbs/unit)	(lbs/unit)	(TPY)	(TPY)	(TPY)
P002	Barge Unloading		202,500	tons	NA	NA	0.0058	0.0058	0.0088	0.5873	0.5873	0.8910
	C. D'L #4.D ''		_		10	-	0.00010	0.00076	0.001.00	0.0000	0.0000	
	Storage Pile #1 Bauxite		0	tons	10	5	0.00012	0.00076	0.00162	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000
	Stg. Pile #2 Bark Mulch		0	tons	10	8	0.00006	0.00040	0.00084	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000
	Stg. Pile #3 Manganese Ore		0	tons	10	5	0.00012	0.00076	0.00162	0.0000	0.0000	0.000
	Stg. Pile #4 Hwy Salt #1		19,700	tons	10	5	0.00012	0.00076	0.00162	0.0011	0.0075	0.015
	Stg. Pile #5 Hwy Salt #2		25,500	tons	10	5	0.00012	0.00076	0.00162	0.0015	0.0097	0.020
	Stg. Pile #6 Manf. Sand		0	tons	10	6	0.00009	0.00059	0.00125	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000
	Stg. Pile #7 Steel Scrap		0	tons	10	5	0.00012	0.00076	0.00162	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000
	Stg. Pile #8 Shot Gravel		0	tons	10	5	0.00012	0.00076	0.00162	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000
	Stg. Pile #9 #8 Limestone		0	tons	10	6	0.00009	0.00059	0.00125	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000
	Stg. Pile #10 #57 Limestone		0	tons	10	6	0.00009	0.00059	0.00125	0.0000	0.0000	0.000
	Stg. Pile #11 River Sand		0	tons	10	6	0.00009	0.00059	0.00125	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000
	Stg. Pile #12 #3 Limestone		0	tons	10	5	0.00012	0.00076	0.00162	0.0000	0.0000	0.000
	Coal Storage Piles		903,000	tons	10	5	0.00012	0.00076	0.00162	0.0523	0.3452	0.729
	Stg. Pile #13 2A Limestone		0	tons	10	6	0.00009	0.00059	0.00125	0.0000	0.0000	0.000
		Subtotal Storage Piles	750				0.40	0.50	0.54	0.0549	0.3625	0.766
	Paved Roads	Front-End Loaders	750	miles traveled	NA	NA	0.12	0.50	2.51	0.0092	0.0376	0.1879
		Articulated Rock Trucks	2,070	miles traveled	NA	NA	0.15	0.60	2.99	0.0304	0.1239	0.619
		Subtotal Paved Roads								0.0396	0.1615	0.807
P003	Barge Loading	Front End Loader to Hopper	763,500	tons	NA	NA	0.0058	0.0058	0.0088	2.2142	2.2142	3.359
		Hopper to Belt Conveyor	763,500	tons	NA	NA	0.0011	0.0011	0.0030	0.4199	0.4199	1.145
		Conveyor Transfer to Barge	763,500	tons	NA	NA	0.0011	0.0011	0.0030	0.4199	0.4199	1.145
		Subtotal Barge Loading								3.0540	3.0540	5.649
P004	Railcar Unloading	Railcar Dump to Hopper	10,000	tons	NA	NA	0.0058	0.0058	0.0088	0.0290	0.0290	0.0440
	_	Hopper Transfer to Belt Conveyor	10,000	tons	NA	NA	0.0011	0.0011	0.0030	0.0055	0.0055	0.015
		Belt Conveyor to Stacker	10,000	tons	NA	NA	0.0011	0.0011	0.0030	0.0055	0.0055	0.015
		Stacker Transfer to Trucks	10,000	tons	NA	NA	0.0011	0.0011	0.0030	0.0055	0.0055	0.015
		Subtotal Railcar Unloading								0.0455	0.0455	0.089
P005	Railcar Loading	Front end loader dump to hopper	0	tons	NA	NA	0.0058	0.0058	0.0088	0.0000	0.0000	0.000
		Hopper transfer to belt conveyor	0	tons	NA	NA	0.0011	0.0011	0.0030	0.0000	0.0000	0.000
		Conveyor belt transfer to railcar	0	tons	NA	NA	0.0011	0.0011	0.0030	0.0000	0.0000	0.000
		Subtotal Railcar Loading								0.0000	0.0000	0.000
									Total	3.78	4.21	8.20

Appendix A-1 Notes:

1. TSP and PM10 emission factors for Crane Unloading are based on AP-42, Chapter 11.19.2 (Crushed Stone Processing), Table 11.19.2-2. The PM2.5 emission factor is assumed to be equivalent to PM10.

2. Emission factors for Storage Piles are based upon AP-42, Section 13.2.4 (November 2006), with application of the appropriate size multiplier,

and assuming a wind speed of 10 mph and a variable pile-specific moisture content, as follows:

 $E = k (0.0032) (U/5)^{1.3} / (M/2)^{1.4}$

where, k = particle size multiplier (TSP - 0.74, PM10 - 0.35, PM2.5 - 0.053)

- U = mean wind speed (mph) = 10 mph
- M = moisture content (%)
- E = emission factor (lbs/ton)

3. Particulate emission factors for Paved Roads are based on AP-42, Chapter 13.2.1 (Paved Roads), Equation 2 (January 2011), as follows:

$E = [k (sL)^{0.91} x (W)^{1.02}] (1 - P/4N)$

where, E = particulate emission factor (lbs/VMT)

- k = particle size multiplier for particle size range (PM 0.011, PM10 0.0022, PM2.5 0.00054)
- sL = road surface silt loading (g/m2) = 9.7 (AP-42, Table 13.2.1-3 for Iron and Steel Production)
- W = average weight of vehicles travelling road (tons) = 30
- P = number of "wet" days with at least 0.01 in. of precipitation during the averaging period = 150
- N = number of days in the averaging period = 365

Vehicle miles traveled based on 750 miles for dedicated front-end loaders + 3 miles traveled per barge (i.e., 1,500 tons) associated with barge unloading or barge loading (i.e., 1,035,000 tons/yr x 3 miles / 1,500 tons = 2,070 miles/yr) Control efficiency based on maximum of watering and sweeping activities from OEPA RACM document (75% for sweeping/vacuum, 80% for watering)

- 4. TSP and PM10 emission factors for Barge Loading are based on AP-42, Chapter 11.19.2 (Crushed Stone Processing), Table 11.19.2-2 for conveyor transfer and AP-42, Chapter 12.5 (Iron and Steel Production), Table 12.5-4 for front-end loader batch drops, with no application of a 80% control efficiency for dust suppression via water sprays (occurs as needed). The PM2.5 emission factor is assumed to be equivalent to PM10.
- 5. TSP and PM10 emission factors for Railcar Unloading are based on AP-42, Chapter 11.19.2 (Crushed Stone Processing), Table 11.19.2-2 for conveyor transfer and AP-42, Chapter 12.5 (Iron and Steel Production), Table 12.5-4 for batch drops. The PM2.5 emission factor is assumed to be equivalent to PM10.
- 6. TSP and PM10 emission factors for Railcar Loading are based on AP-42, Chapter 11.19.2 (Crushed Stone Processing), Table 11.19.2-2 for conveyor transfer and AP-42, Chapter 12.5 (Iron and Steel Production), Table 12.5-4 for batch drops. The PM2.5 emission factor is assumed to be equivalent to PM10.
- 7. NA = not applicable

Appendix A-2 RiverLift Industries, Inc. West Elizabeth, PA Supporting Documentation for 2018 Emissions of Particulates

					Mean		PM 2.5	PM 10	PM			
			2018		Wind Speed	Moisture	Emission	Emission	Emission	PM 2.5	PM 10	PM
Process	Process / Segment		Throughput		U	Content	Factor	Factor	Factor	Emissions	Emissions	Emissions
ID	Description	Drop Point Description	(units/yr)	Units	(mph)	(%)	(lbs/unit)	(lbs/unit)	(lbs/unit)	(TPY)	(TPY)	(TPY)
P002	Barge Unloading	· · · · ·	322,500	tons	NA	NA	0.0058	0.0058	0.0088	0.9353	0.9353	1.4190
	Storage Pile #1 Bauxite		0	tons	10	5	0.00012	0.00076	0.00162	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000
	Stg. Pile #2 Bark Mulch		0	tons	10	8	0.00006	0.00040	0.00084	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000
	Stg. Pile #3 Manganese Ore		0	tons	10	5	0.00012	0.00076	0.00162	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000
	Stg. Pile #4 Hwy Salt #1		118,500	tons	10	5	0.00012	0.00076	0.00162	0.0069	0.0453	0.0958
	Stg. Pile #5 Hwy Salt #2		58,500	tons	10	5	0.00012	0.00076	0.00162	0.0034	0.0224	0.0473
	Stg. Pile #6 Manf. Sand		0	tons	10	6	0.00009	0.00059	0.00125	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000
	Stg. Pile #7 Steel Scrap		0	tons	10	5	0.00012	0.00076	0.00162	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000
	Stg. Pile #8 Shot Gravel		0	tons	10	5	0.00012	0.00076	0.00162	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000
	Stg. Pile #9 #8 Limestone		0	tons	10	6	0.00009	0.00059	0.00125	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000
	Stg. Pile #10 #57 Limestone		0	tons	10	6	0.00009	0.00059	0.00125	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000
	Stg. Pile #11 River Sand		0	tons	10	6	0.00009	0.00059	0.00125	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000
	Stg. Pile #12 #3 Limestone		0	tons	10	5	0.00012	0.00076	0.00162	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000
	Coal Storage Piles		1,013,500	tons	10	5	0.00012	0.00076	0.00162	0.0587	0.3875	0.8192
	Stg. Pile #13 2A Limestone		0	tons	10	6	0.00009	0.00059	0.00125	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000
		Subtotal Storage Piles								0.0689	0.4551	0.9623
	Paved Roads	Front-End Loaders	750	miles traveled	NA	NA	0.12	0.50	2.51	0.0092	0.0376	0.1879
		Articulated Rock Trucks	2,999	miles traveled	NA	NA	0.15	0.60	2.99	0.0441	0.1795	0.8974
		Subtotal Paved Roads								0.0533	0.2171	1.0853
P003	Barge Loading	Front End Loader to Hopper	1,079,500	tons	NA	NA	0.0058	0.0058	0.0088	3.1306	3.1306	4.7498
		Hopper to Belt Conveyor	1,079,500	tons	NA	NA	0.0011	0.0011	0.0030	0.5937	0.5937	1.6193
		Conveyor Transfer to Barge	1,079,500	tons	NA	NA	0.0011	0.0011	0.0030	0.5937	0.5937	1.6193
		Subtotal Barge Loading								4.3180	4.3180	7.9883
P004	Railcar Unloading	Railcar Dump to Hopper	0	tons	NA	NA	0.0058	0.0058	0.0088	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000
		Hopper Transfer to Belt Conveyor	0	tons	NA	NA	0.0011	0.0011	0.0030	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000
		Belt Conveyor to Stacker	0	tons	NA	NA	0.0011	0.0011	0.0030	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000
		Stacker Transfer to Trucks	0	tons	NA	NA	0.0011	0.0011	0.0030	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000
		Subtotal Railcar Unloading								0.0000	0.0000	0.0000
P005	Railcar Loading	Front end loader dump to hopper	0	tons	NA	NA	0.0058	0.0058	0.0088	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000
1		Hopper transfer to belt conveyor	0	tons	NA	NA	0.0011	0.0011	0.0030	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000
1		Conveyor belt transfer to railcar	0	tons	NA	NA	0.0011	0.0011	0.0030	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000
1		Subtotal Railcar Loading								0.0000	0.0000	0.0000
												5.

Appendix A-2 Notes:

Total 5.38 5.93 11.45

1. TSP and PM10 emission factors for Crane Unloading are based on AP-42, Chapter 11.19.2 (Crushed Stone Processing), Table 11.19.2-2. The PM2.5 emission factor is assumed to be equivalent to PM10.

2. Emission factors for Storage Piles are based upon AP-42, Section 13.2.4 (November 2006), with application of the appropriate size multiplier,

and assuming a wind speed of 10 mph and a variable pile-specific moisture content, as follows:

 $E = k (0.0032) (U/5)^{1.3} / (M/2)^{1.4}$

- where, k = particle size multiplier (TSP 0.74, PM10 0.35, PM2.5 0.053)
 - U = mean wind speed (mph) = 10 mph
 - M = moisture content (%) E = emission factor (lbs/ton)

3. Particulate emission factors for Paved Roads are based on AP-42, Chapter 13.2.1 (Paved Roads), Equation 2 (January 2011), as follows:

 $E = [k (sL)^{0.91} x (W)^{1.02}] (1 - P/4N)$

where, E = particulate emission factor (lbs/VMT)

- k = particle size multiplier for particle size range (PM 0.011, PM10 0.0022, PM2.5 0.00054)
- sL = road surface silt loading (g/m2) = 9.7 (AP-42, Table 13.2.1-3 for Iron and Steel Production)
- W = average weight of vehicles travelling road (tons) = 30
- P = number of "wet" days with at least 0.01 in. of precipitation during the averaging period = 150
- N = number of days in the averaging period = 365

Vehicle miles traveled based on 750 miles for dedicated front-end loaders + 3 miles traveled per barge (i.e., 1,500 tons) associated with barge unloading or barge loading (i.e., 1,499,500 tons/yr x 3 miles / 1,500 tons = 2,999 miles/yr) Control efficiency based on maximum of watering and sweeping activities from OEPA RACM document (75% for sweeping/vacuum, 80% for watering)

4. TSP and PM10 emission factors for Barge Loading are based on AP-42, Chapter 11.19.2 (Crushed Stone Processing), Table 11.19.2-2 for conveyor transfer and AP-42, Chapter 12.5 (Iron and Steel Production), Table 12.5-4 for front-end loader batch drops, with no application of a 80% control efficiency for dust suppression via water sprays (occurs as needed). The PM2.5 emission factor is assumed to be equivalent to PM10.

5. TSP and PM10 emission factors for Raikar Unloading are based on AP-42, Chapter 11.19.2 (Crushed Stone Processing), Table 11.19.2-2 for conveyor transfer and AP-42, Chapter 12.5 (Iron and Steel Production), Table 12.5-4 for batch drops.

The PM2.5 emission factor is assumed to be equivalent to PM10.

6. TSP and PM10 emission factors for Raitcar Loading are based on AP-42, Chapter 11.192 (Crushed Stone Processing), Table 11.19.2-2 for conveyor transfer and AP-42, Chapter 12.5 (Iron and Steel Production), Table 12.5-4 for batch drops. The PM2.5 emission factor is assumed to be equivalent to PM10.

7. NA = not applicable

Appendix A-3 RiverLift Industries, Inc. West Elizabeth, PA Supporting Documentation for 2019 Emissions of Particulates

Process ID	Process / Segment Description	Drop Point Description	2019 Throughput (units/yr)	Units	Mean Wind Speed U (mph)	Moisture Content (%)	PM 2.5 Emission Factor (lbs/unit)	PM 10 Emission Factor (lbs/unit)	PM Emission Factor (lbs/unit)	PM 2.5 Emissions (TPY)	PM 10 Emissions (TPY)	PM Emissio (TPY)
P002	Barge Unloading		349,200	tons	NA	NA	0.0058	0.0058	0.0088	1.0127	1.0127	1.5365
	5 5											
	Storage Pile #1 Bauxite		0	tons	10	5	0.00012	0.00076	0.00162	0.0000	0.0000	0.000
	Stg. Pile #2 Bark Mulch		0	tons	10	8	0.00006	0.00040	0.00084	0.0000	0.0000	0.000
	Stg. Pile #3 Manganese Ore		0	tons	10	5	0.00012	0.00076	0.00162	0.0000	0.0000	0.000
	Stg. Pile #4 Hwy Salt #1		190,100	tons	10	5	0.00012	0.00076	0.00162	0.0110	0.0727	0.153
	Stg. Pile #5 Hwy Salt #2		88,500	tons	10	5	0.00012	0.00076	0.00162	0.0051	0.0338	0.07
	Stg. Pile #6 Manf. Sand		0	tons	10	6	0.00009	0.00059	0.00125	0.0000	0.0000	0.000
	Stg. Pile #7 Steel Scrap		0	tons	10	5	0.00012	0.00076	0.00162	0.0000	0.0000	0.00
	Stg. Pile #8 Shot Gravel		0	tons	10	5	0.00012	0.00076	0.00162	0.0000	0.0000	0.00
	Stg. Pile #9 #8 Limestone		0	tons	10	6	0.00009	0.00059	0.00125	0.0000	0.0000	0.00
	Stg. Pile #10 #57 Limestone		0	tons	10	6	0.00009	0.00059	0.00125	0.0000	0.0000	0.00
	Stg. Pile #11 River Sand		0	tons	10	6	0.00009	0.00059	0.00125	0.0000	0.0000	0.00
	Stg. Pile #12 #3 Limestone		0	tons	10	5	0.00012	0.00076	0.00162	0.0000	0.0000	0.00
	Coal Storage Piles		540,700	tons	10	5	0.00012	0.00076	0.00162	0.0313	0.2067	0.43
	Stg. Pile #13 2A Limestone		0	tons	10	6	0.00009	0.00059	0.00125	0.0000	0.0000	0.00
	-	Subtotal Storage Piles								0.0474	0.3132	0.66
	Paved Roads	Front-End Loaders	750	miles traveled	NA	NA	0.12	0.50	2.51	0.0092	0.0376	0.18
		Articulated Rock Trucks	2,152	miles traveled	NA	NA	0.15	0.60	2.99	0.0316	0.1288	0.64
		Subtotal Paved Roads								0.0408	0.1664	0.83
P003	Barge Loading	Front End Loader to Hopper	617,500	tons	NA	NA	0.0058	0.0058	0.0088	1.7908	1.7908	2.71
F003	barge Loading	Hopper to Belt Conveyor	617,500	tons	NA	NA	0.0038	0.0038	0.0030	0.3396	0.3396	0.92
		Conveyor Transfer to Barge	617,500		NA	NA	0.0011	0.0011	0.0030	0.3396	0.3396	0.92
		Subtotal Barge Loading	617,500	tons	INA	INA	0.0011	0.0011	0.0050	0.5596 2.4700	0.5596 2.4700	4.56
P004	Railcar Unloading	Railcar Dump to Hopper	33,700	tons	NA	NA	0.0058	0.0058	0.0088	0.0977	0.0977	4.50
P004	Railcar Unioading	Hopper Transfer to Belt Conveyor	33,700		NA	NA	0.0038	0.0038	0.0088	0.0977	0.0977	0.12
		Belt Conveyor to Stacker	33,700	tons	NA	NA	0.0011	0.0011	0.0030	0.0185	0.0185	0.05
		Stacker Transfer to Trucks	33,700	tons	NA	NA	0.0011	0.0011	0.0030	0.0185	0.0185	0.05
		Subtotal Railcar Unloading	55,700	tons	INA	INA	0.0011	0.0011	0.0050	0.0185 0.1533	0.0185 0.1533	0.03
DOOL	Dellara Landia a	5		4			0.0050	0.0050	0.0000			
P005	Railcar Loading	Front end loader dump to hopper	0	tons	NA	NA	0.0058	0.0058	0.0088	0.0000	0.0000	0.00
		Hopper transfer to belt conveyor	0	tons	NA	NA	0.0011	0.0011	0.0030	0.0000	0.0000	0.00
		Conveyor belt transfer to railcar	0	tons	NA	NA	0.0011	0.0011	0.0030	0.0000	0.0000	0.00
		Subtotal Railcar Loading								0.0000	0.0000	0.00
	1		1	1			1					
									Total	3.72	4.12	7.

Appendix A-3 Notes:

1. TSP and PM10 emission factors for Crane Unloading are based on AP-42, Chapter 11.19.2 (Crushed Stone Processing), Table 11.19.2-2. The PM2.5 emission factor is assumed to be equivalent to PM10.

2. Emission factors for Storage Piles are based upon AP-42, Section 13.2.4 (November 2006), with application of the appropriate size multiplier,

and assuming a wind speed of 10 mph and a variable pile-specific moisture content, as follows:

 $E = k (0.0032) (U/5)^{1.3} / (M/2)^{1.4}$

where, k = particle size multiplier (TSP - 0.74, PM10 - 0.35, PM2.5 - 0.053)

- U = mean wind speed (mph) = 10 mph
- M = moisture content (%)
- E = emission factor (lbs/ton)

3. Particulate emission factors for Paved Roads are based on AP-42, Chapter 13.2.1 (Paved Roads), Equation 2 (January 2011), as follows:

$E = [k (sL)^{0.91} x (W)^{1.02}] (1 - P/4N)$

where, E = particulate emission factor (lbs/VMT)

- k = particle size multiplier for particle size range (PM 0.011, PM10 0.0022, PM2.5 0.00054)
- sL = road surface silt loading (g/m2) = 9.7 (AP-42, Table 13.2.1-3 for Iron and Steel Production)
- W = average weight of vehicles travelling road (tons) = 30
- P = number of "wet" days with at least 0.01 in. of precipitation during the averaging period = 150
- N = number of days in the averaging period = 365

Vehicle miles traveled based on 750 miles for dedicated front-end loaders + 3 miles traveled per barge (i.e., 1,500 tons) associated with barge unloading or barge loading (i.e., 1,076,200 tons/yr x 3 miles / 1,500 tons = 2,152.4 miles/yr) Control efficiency based on maximum of watering and sweeping activities from OEPA RACM document (75% for sweeping/vacuum, 80% for watering)

4. TSP and PM10 emission factors for Barge Loading are based on AP-42, Chapter 11.19.2 (Crushed Stone Processing), Table 11.19.2-2 for conveyor transfer and AP-42, Chapter 12.5 (Iron and Steel Production), Table 12.5-4 for front-end loader batch drops, with no application of a 80% control efficiency for dust suppression via water sprays (occurs as needed). The PM2.5 emission factor is assumed to be equivalent to PM10.

5. TSP and PM10 emission factors for Railcar Unloading are based on AP-42, Chapter 11.19.2 (Crushed Stone Processing), Table 11.19.2-2 for conveyor transfer and AP-42, Chapter 12.5 (Iron and Steel Production), Table 12.5-4 for batch drops. The PM2.5 emission factor is assumed to be equivalent to PM10.

- 6. TSP and PM10 emission factors for Railcar Loading are based on AP-42, Chapter 11.19.2 (Crushed Stone Processing), Table 11.19.2-2 for conveyor transfer and AP-42, Chapter 12.5 (Iron and Steel Production), Table 12.5-4 for batch drops. The PM2.5 emission factor is assumed to be equivalent to PM10.
- 7. NA = not applicable

Appendix A-4 RiverLift Industries, Inc. West Elizabeth, PA Supporting Documentation for 2020 Emissions of Particulates

					Mean		PM 2.5	PM 10	PM			
			2020		Wind Speed	Moisture	Emission	Emission	Emission	PM 2.5	PM 10	РМ
Process	Process / Seament		Throughput		U	Content	Factor	Factor	Factor	Emissions	Emissions	Emissions
ID	Description	Drop Point Description	(units/yr)	Units	(mph)	(%)	(lbs/unit)	(lbs/unit)	(lbs/unit)	(TPY)	(TPY)	(TPY)
P002	Barge Unloading		210,000	tons	NA	NA	0.0058	0.0058	0.0088	0.6090	0.6090	0.9240
1002	burge ernedanig		210,000				0.0050	0.0050	0.0000	0.0050	0.0050	0.52.10
	Storage Pile #1 Bauxite		0	tons	10	5	0.00012	0.00076	0.00162	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000
	Stg. Pile #2 Bark Mulch		0	tons	10	8	0.00006	0.00040	0.00084	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000
	Stg. Pile #3 Manganese Ore		0	tons	10	5	0.00012	0.00076	0.00162	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000
	Stg. Pile #4 Hwy Salt #1		155,600	tons	10	5	0.00012	0.00076	0.00162	0.0090	0.0595	0.1258
	Stg. Pile #5 Hwy Salt #2		7,500	tons	10	5	0.00012	0.00076	0.00162	0.0004	0.0029	0.0061
	Stg. Pile #6 Manf. Sand		0	tons	10	6	0.00009	0.00059	0.00125	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000
	Stg. Pile #7 Steel Scrap		0	tons	10	5	0.00012	0.00076	0.00162	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000
	Stg. Pile #8 Shot Gravel		0	tons	10	5	0.00012	0.00076	0.00162	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000
	Stg. Pile #9 #8 Limestone		0	tons	10	6	0.00009	0.00059	0.00125	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000
	Stg. Pile #10 #57 Limestone		0	tons	10	6	0.00009	0.00059	0.00125	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000
	Stg. Pile #11 River Sand		0	tons	10	6	0.00009	0.00059	0.00125	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000
	Stg. Pile #12 #3 Limestone		0	tons	10	5	0.00012	0.00076	0.00162	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000
	Coal Storage Piles		360,000	tons	10	5	0.00012	0.00076	0.00162	0.0208	0.1376	0.2910
	Stg. Pile #13 2A Limestone		0	tons	10	6	0.00009	0.00059	0.00125	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000
		Subtotal Storage Piles								0.0303	0.2000	0.4228
	Paved Roads	Front-End Loaders	750	miles traveled	NA	NA	0.12	0.50	2.51	0.0092	0.0376	0.1879
		Articulated Rock Trucks	1,497	miles traveled	NA	NA	0.15	0.60	2.99	0.0220	0.0896	0.4479
		Subtotal Paved Roads								0.0312	0.1272	0.6359
P003	Barge Loading	Front End Loader to Hopper	432,000	tons	NA	NA	0.0058	0.0058	0.0088	1.2528	1.2528	1.9008
		Hopper to Belt Conveyor	432,000	tons	NA	NA	0.0011	0.0011	0.0030	0.2376	0.2376	0.6480
		Conveyor Transfer to Barge	432,000	tons	NA	NA	0.0011	0.0011	0.0030	0.2376	0.2376	0.6480
		Subtotal Barge Loading								1.7280	1.7280	3.1968
P004	Railcar Unloading	Railcar Dump to Hopper	4,100	tons	NA	NA	0.0058	0.0058	0.0088	0.0119	0.0119	0.0180
		Hopper Transfer to Belt Conveyor	4,100	tons	NA	NA	0.0011	0.0011	0.0030	0.0023	0.0023	0.0062
		Belt Conveyor to Stacker	4,100	tons	NA	NA	0.0011	0.0011	0.0030	0.0023	0.0023	0.0062
		Stacker Transfer to Trucks	4,100	tons	NA	NA	0.0011	0.0011	0.0030	0.0023	0.0023	0.0062
5005		Subtotal Railcar Unloading					0.0055	0.0050	0.0000	0.0187	0.0187	0.0365
P005	Railcar Loading	Front end loader dump to hopper	0	tons	NA	NA	0.0058	0.0058	0.0088	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000
		Hopper transfer to belt conveyor	0	tons	NA	NA	0.0011	0.0011	0.0030	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000
		Conveyor belt transfer to railcar	0	tons	NA	NA	0.0011	0.0011	0.0030	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000
		Subtotal Railcar Loading								0.0000	0.0000	0.0000

Appendix A-4 Notes:

Total 2.42 2.68 5.22

1. TSP and PM10 emission factors for Crane Unloading are based on AP-42, Chapter 11.19.2 (Crushed Stone Processing), Table 11.19.2-2. The PM2.5 emission factor is assumed to be equivalent to PM10. Emission factors for Storage Piles are based upon AP-42, Section 13.2.4 (November 2006), with application of the appropriate size multiplier, and assuming a wind speed of 10 mph and a variable pile-specific moisture content, as follows:

 $E = k (0.0032) (U/5)^{1.3} / (M/2)^{1.4}$

where, k = particle size multiplier (TSP - 0.74, PM10 - 0.35, PM2.5 - 0.053)

- U = mean wind speed (mph) = 10 mph M = moisture content (%)
- E = emission factor (lbs/ton)

3. Particulate emission factors for Paved Roads are based on AP-42, Chapter 13.2.1 (Paved Roads), Equation 2 (January 2011), as follows:

 $E = [k (sL)^{0.91} x (W)^{1.02}] (1 - P/4N)$

where, E = particulate emission factor (lbs/VMT)

- k = particle size multiplier for particle size range (PM 0.011, PM10 0.0022, PM2.5 0.00054) sL = road surface silt loading (g/m2) = 9.7 (AP-42, Table 13.2.1-3 for Iron and Steel Production)
- We average weight of vehicles travelling road (tons) = 30P = number of "wet" days with at least 0.01 in. of precipitation during the averaging period = 150N = number of days in the averaging period = 365
- Vehicle miles traveled based on 750 miles for dedicated front-end loaders + 3 miles traveled per barge (i.e., 1,500 tons) associated with barge unloading or barge loading (i.e., 748,500 tons/yr x 3 miles / 1,500 tons = 1,497 miles/yr) Control efficiency based on maximum of watering and sweeping activities from OEPA RACM document (75% for sweeping/vacuum, 80% for watering)

TSP and PM10 emission factors for Barge Loading are based on AP-42, Chapter 11.19.2 (Crushed Stone Processing), Table 11.19.2-2 for conveyor transfer and AP-42, Chapter 12.5 (Iron and Steel Production), Table 12.5-4 for front-end loader batch drops, with no application of a 80% control efficiency for dust suppression via water sprays (occurs as needed). The PM2.5 emission factor is assumed to be equivalent to PM10.
 TSP and PM10 emission factors for Railcar Unloading are based on AP-42, Chapter 11.19.2 (Crushed Stone Processing), Table 11.19.2-2 for conveyor transfer and AP-42, Chapter 12.5 (Iron and Steel Production), Table 12.5-4 for batch drops. The PM2.5 emission factor is assumed to be equivalent to PM10.

6. TSP and PM10 emission factors for Railcar Loading are based on AP-42, Chapter 11.192 (Crushed Stone Processing), Table 11.192-2 for conveyor transfer and AP-42, Chapter 12.5 (Iron and Steel Production), Table 12.5-4 for batch drops. The PM2.5 emission factor is assumed to be equivalent to PM10.

Appendix B RiverLift Industries, Inc. Jan-Dec 2017- RL Air Inventory Report

Jan-Dec 2017- RL Air Inventory Report																Outside
Barge Handling- Unloading	Jan	Feb	March	April	Мау	June	July	Aug	Sept	Oct	Nov	Dec	totals	Mode	Storage	avg stck pl sz
Distiller Dried Grain	-												-	barge unloading		
Aggregate - Gravel Sand-Barge													-	barge unloading	none - direct transferred from barge to truck	
Steel Wire													-	barge unloading		-
Steel Pipe													-	barge unloading		-
Concrete Sand													-	barge unloading		-
Coal-barge	15,000	12,000	22,500	13,500	12,000	-	15,000	9,000	9,000	10,500	10,500	10,500	139,500	barge unloading		8,000
Cotton Seed Hulls Salt 1 - Barge Unloading	1,500										7,500	9,000	- 18,000	barge unloading barge unloading		150,000
Lime	1,000										7,000	3,000	-		none - direct transferred from barge to truck	100,000
Salt 2 - Barge Unloading	1,500	15,000	9,000										25,500	barge unloading	outside	35,000
Salt 3 - Barge Unloading													-		none - direct transferred from barge to truck	
Salt 4- Barge unloading													-	barge unloading barge unloading	none - direct transferred from barge to truck	
Feed Salt - Barge unloading Stainless Steel Scrap													-		none - direct transferred from barge to truck	
Manufactured Sand - Barge													-	barge unloading		-
Magnetite													-	barge unloading	inside storage	
Fertilizer1 Potash from Barge													-	barge unloading		
2A limestone	1,500						4.500	6,000			1,500		-	barge unloading		-
Chrome Ore B Scrape	1,500						4,500	6,000			3,000	3,000	13,500 6,000	barge unloading	none - direct transferred from barge to truck	-
Bricketts											5,000	5,000	-		none - direct transferred from truck to barge	
HBI		-			-								-		none - direct transferred from barge to truck	
total barge unloading	19,500	27,000	31,500	13,500	12,000	-	19,500	15,000	9,000	10,500	22,500	22,500	202,500			
Barge Handling- Loading													_			
Steel Coils	4,500	4,500	6,000	9,000	7,500	4,500	4,500	7,500	1,500	6,000	4,500	4,500	64,500	barge loading	none - direct transferred from truck to barge	
Shredder-Scrap Iron									1,500	1,500	1,500		4,500	barge loading	none - direct transferred from truck to barge	
Magnesite													-	barge loading	truck delivery - out-loaded to barge	
Coke Coal-1	18,000 63,000	4,500 54,000	7,500 49,500	4,500 51,000	4,500 58,500	4,500 58,500	3,000	16,500 63,000	22,500 39,000	7,500 58,500	4,500 55,500	15,000 52,500	112,500 651,000	barge loading	none - direct transferred from truck to barge outside truck delivery - out-loaded to barge	8,000
Coal-1	63,000	54,000	49,500	51,000	56,500	56,500	48,000	03,000	39,000	56,500	55,500	52,500	001,000 -	barge loading barge loading	outside truck delivery - out-loaded to barge	2,500
	85,500	63,000	63,000	64,500	70,500	67,500	55,500	87,000	64,500	73,500	66,000	72,000	832,500	saige ieaaiig		2,000
Rail Handling	No activity															
Fertilizer2 Potash from Rail													-	rail unloading	inside	
Bauxite										300			300	rail unloading	none - direct transferred from rail to truck	
Salt 5 Rail Unloading Salt 1 - Rail Car Unloading	1,000	600	100										- 1,700	rail unloading rail unloading	none - direct transferred from rail to truck outside	incled in S1 above
Coke Rail Unloading	1,000	000	100										-	rail unloading	none - direct transferred from rail to truck	
Sand-Rail Unloading													-	rail unloading	inside	
Scrap - Shredder					200	300	100	400	1,300	2,000	3,500	200	8,000	rail unloading	none - direct transferred from rail to truck	
Total Rail Handling	1,000	600	100	-	200	300	100	400	1,300	2,300	3,500	200	10,000			
Outside Stock Piles	Add	Takes														
Steel Wire	-															
Steel Pipe	-	-														
Steel Plate																
HW Salt - 1	19,700	19,700														
HW Salt - 2 Coal-1	25,500 651,000	25,500 651,000														
Coal-1 Coal-2	- 051,000	- 051,000														
Manganese Ore	-	-														
Vehicle Emissions- mobile equipment, fro	ont-end loader	s & cranes														
Diesel Fuel Purchased	7,840	7,532	8,004	5,582	4,971	5,213	4,595	5,648	4,413	5,967	7,259	7,316	74,340			
	,							,			,					
Roadway Sweeping	90	76	88	79	85	64	80	20	95	68	80	67	892			
Roadway Water	67	57	66	59	64	48	80	20	96	68	80	55	760			

Appendix B RiverLift Industries, Inc. Jan-Dec 2018- RL Air Inventory Report

Jan-Dec 2018- RL Air Inventory Report																Outside
Barge Handling- Unloading	Jan	Feb	March	April	Мау	June	July	Aug	Sept	Oct	Nov	Dec	totals	Mode	Storage	avg stck pl sz
Distiller Dried Grain								-						barge unloading		
Aggregate - Gravel															none - direct transferred from barge to truck	
Sand-Barge Steel Wire														barge unloading barge unloading		
Steel Pipe													-	barge unloading		-
Concrete Sand													-	barge unloading		-
Coal-barge	3,000	4,500	9,000	4,500	6,000	10,500	6,000	13,500	12,000	16,500	10,500	16,500		barge unloading		8,000
Cotton Seed Hulls														barge unloading		
Salt 1 - Barge Unloading	6,000	7,500	18,000	7,500	22,500	16,500	3,000		1,500	4,500	24,000	7,500		barge unloading		150,000
Lime Salt 2 - Barge Unloading	4,500	4,500	16,500	6,000	1,500				7,500	3,000	3,000	12,000		barge unloading	none - direct transferred from barge to truck	35,000
Salt 3 - Barge Unloading	4,000	4,000	10,000	0,000	1,000				7,000	0,000	5,000	12,000			none - direct transferred from barge to truck	55,000
Salt 4- Barge unloading													-	barge unloading	none - direct transferred from barge to truck	
Treated Salt - Barge unloading											1,500	3,000		barge unloading		
Stainless Steel Scrap															none - direct transferred from barge to truck	
Manufactured Sand - Barge Magnetite			1,500					3,000	3,000	1,500		1,500		barge unloading barge unloading		-
Fertilizer1 Potash from Barge			1,000					3,000	3,000	1,500		1,500		barge unloading	5	
2A limestone														barge unloading		-
Chrome Ore	1,500					3,000							4,500	barge unloading	inside storage	-
B Scrape															none - direct transferred from barge to truck	
Bricketts HBI	3,000		1,500	1,500 1,500	1,500	3,000					1,500				none - direct transferred from truck to barge none - direct transferred from barge to truck	
total barge unloading	/	16,500	46,500	21,000	- 31,500	33,000	9,000	16,500	24,000	25,500	40,500	40,500	322,500	barge unioading	none - direct transferred from barge to truck	
		,	,	,		,	-,	,	_ ,,	,	,	,	,			
Barge Handling- Loading													-			
Steel Coils Shredder-Scrap Iron	6,000	4,500	7,500	4,500	10,500	12,000	9,000	10,500	10,500	12,000	6,000	4,500	97,500	barge loading	none - direct transferred from truck to barge none - direct transferred from truck to barge	
Magnesite													-	barge loading barge loading	truck delivery - out-loaded to barge	
Magnesite		3,000	3,000	6,000	12,000	4,500	24,000	22,500	19,500	19,500	28,500	33,000	178,500	barge loading	none - direct transferred from truck to barge	
Coke	3,000	3,000												Darge Dauling		
Coal-1	3,000 49,500	53,500	57,500	52,500	48,000	40,500	39,000	50,500	369,000	43,500	43,500	42,000	889,000	barge loading	outside truck delivery - out-loaded to barge	8,000
	49,500 3,000	53,500 1,500	57,500 3,000	52,500 1,500	48,000 1,500	40,500 1,500	39,000	50,500	369,000	43,500	43,500	42,000	889,000 12,000		0	8,000 2,500
Coal-1	49,500	53,500	57,500	52,500	48,000	40,500							889,000	barge loading	outside truck delivery - out-loaded to barge	
Coal-1 Coal-2	49,500 3,000 61,500	53,500 1,500	57,500 3,000	52,500 1,500	48,000 1,500	40,500 1,500	39,000	50,500	369,000	43,500	43,500	42,000	889,000 12,000	barge loading	outside truck delivery - out-loaded to barge	
Coal-1 Coal-2 Rail Handling	49,500 3,000	53,500 1,500	57,500 3,000	52,500 1,500	48,000 1,500	40,500 1,500	39,000	50,500	369,000	43,500	43,500	42,000	889,000 12,000	barge loading barge loading	outside truck delivery - out-loaded to barge outside truck delivery - out-loaded to barge	
Coal-1 Coal-2 Rail Handling Fertilizer2 Potash from Rail	49,500 3,000 61,500	53,500 1,500	57,500 3,000	52,500 1,500	48,000 1,500	40,500 1,500	39,000	50,500	369,000	43,500	43,500	42,000	889,000 12,000	barge loading barge loading rail unloading	outside truck delivery - out-loaded to barge outside truck delivery - out-loaded to barge inside	
Coal-1 Coal-2 Rail Handling Fertilizer2 Potash from Rail Bauxite	49,500 3,000 61,500	53,500 1,500	57,500 3,000	52,500 1,500	48,000 1,500	40,500 1,500	39,000	50,500	369,000	43,500	43,500	42,000	889,000 12,000	barge loading barge loading rail unloading rail unloading	outside truck delivery - out-loaded to barge outside truck delivery - out-loaded to barge inside none - direct transferred from rail to truck	
Coal-1 Coal-2 Rail Handling Fertilizer2 Potash from Rail	49,500 3,000 61,500	53,500 1,500	57,500 3,000	52,500 1,500	48,000 1,500	40,500 1,500	39,000	50,500	369,000	43,500	43,500	42,000	889,000 12,000	barge loading barge loading rail unloading	outside truck delivery - out-loaded to barge outside truck delivery - out-loaded to barge inside	
Coal-1 Coal-2 Rail Handling Fertilizer2 Potash from Rail Bauxite Salt 5 Rail Unloading Salt 1 - Rail Car Unloading Coke Rail Unloading	49,500 3,000 61,500	53,500 1,500	57,500 3,000	52,500 1,500	48,000 1,500	40,500 1,500	39,000	50,500	369,000	43,500	43,500	42,000	889,000 12,000	rail unloading rail unloading rail unloading rail unloading rail unloading rail unloading rail unloading	outside truck delivery - out-loaded to barge outside truck delivery - out-loaded to barge inside none - direct transferred from rail to truck none - direct transferred from rail to truck outside none - direct transferred from rail to truck	2,500
Coal-1 Coal-2 Rail Handling Fertilizer2 Potash from Rail Bauxite Salt 5 Rail Unloading Salt 1 - Rail Car Unloading Coke Rail Unloading Sand-Rail Unloading	49,500 3,000 61,500	53,500 1,500	57,500 3,000	52,500 1,500	48,000 1,500	40,500 1,500	39,000	50,500	369,000	43,500	43,500	42,000	889,000 12,000 1,177,000 - -	rail unloading rail unloading rail unloading rail unloading rail unloading rail unloading rail unloading rail unloading	outside truck delivery - out-loaded to barge outside truck delivery - out-loaded to barge inside none - direct transferred from rail to truck none - direct transferred from rail to truck outside none - direct transferred from rail to truck inside	2,500
Coal-1 Coal-2 Rail Handling Fertilizer2 Potash from Rail Bauxite Salt 5 Rail Unloading Salt 1 - Rail Car Unloading Coke Rail Unloading Sand-Rail Unloading Scrap - Shredder	49,500 3,000 61,500 No activity	53,500 1,500	57,500 3,000	52,500 1,500	48,000 1,500	40,500 1,500	39,000	50,500	369,000	43,500	43,500	42,000	889,000 12,000	rail unloading rail unloading rail unloading rail unloading rail unloading rail unloading rail unloading	outside truck delivery - out-loaded to barge outside truck delivery - out-loaded to barge inside none - direct transferred from rail to truck none - direct transferred from rail to truck outside none - direct transferred from rail to truck	2,500
Coal-1 Coal-2 Rail Handling Fertilizer2 Potash from Rail Bauxite Salt 5 Rail Unloading Salt 1 - Rail Car Unloading Coke Rail Unloading Sand-Rail Unloading	49,500 3,000 61,500 No activity	53,500 1,500	57,500 3,000	52,500 1,500	48,000 1,500	40,500 1,500	39,000	50,500	369,000	43,500	43,500	42,000	889,000 12,000 1,177,000 - - - - -	rail unloading rail unloading rail unloading rail unloading rail unloading rail unloading rail unloading rail unloading	outside truck delivery - out-loaded to barge outside truck delivery - out-loaded to barge inside none - direct transferred from rail to truck none - direct transferred from rail to truck outside none - direct transferred from rail to truck inside	2,500
Coal-1 Coal-2 Rail Handling Fertilizer2 Potash from Rail Bauxite Salt 5 Rail Unloading Salt 1 - Rail Car Unloading Coke Rail Unloading Sand-Rail Unloading Scrap - Shredder	49,500 3,000 61,500 No activity	53,500 1,500	57,500 3,000	52,500 1,500	48,000 1,500	40,500 1,500	39,000	50,500	369,000	43,500	43,500	42,000	889,000 12,000 1,177,000 - - - - -	rail unloading rail unloading rail unloading rail unloading rail unloading rail unloading rail unloading rail unloading	outside truck delivery - out-loaded to barge outside truck delivery - out-loaded to barge inside none - direct transferred from rail to truck none - direct transferred from rail to truck outside none - direct transferred from rail to truck inside	2,500
Coal-1 Coal-2 Rail Handling Fertilizer2 Potash from Rail Bauxite Salt 5 Rail Unloading Salt 1 - Rail Car Unloading Coke Rail Unloading Sand-Rail Unloading Scrap - Shredder	49,500 3,000 61,500 No activity	53,500 1,500	57,500 3,000	52,500 1,500	48,000 1,500	40,500 1,500	39,000	50,500	369,000	43,500	43,500	42,000	889,000 12,000 1,177,000 - - - - -	rail unloading rail unloading rail unloading rail unloading rail unloading rail unloading rail unloading rail unloading	outside truck delivery - out-loaded to barge outside truck delivery - out-loaded to barge inside none - direct transferred from rail to truck none - direct transferred from rail to truck outside none - direct transferred from rail to truck inside	2,500
Coal-1 Coal-2 Rail Handling Fertilizer2 Potash from Rail Bauxite Salt 5 Rail Unloading Salt 1 - Rail Car Unloading Coke Rail Unloading Sand-Rail Unloading Scrap - Shredder Total Rail Handling	49,500 3,000 61,500 No activity	53,500 1,500	57,500 3,000	52,500 1,500	48,000 1,500	40,500 1,500	39,000	50,500	369,000	43,500	43,500	42,000	889,000 12,000 1,177,000 - - - - -	rail unloading rail unloading rail unloading rail unloading rail unloading rail unloading rail unloading rail unloading	outside truck delivery - out-loaded to barge outside truck delivery - out-loaded to barge inside none - direct transferred from rail to truck none - direct transferred from rail to truck outside none - direct transferred from rail to truck inside	2,500
Coal-1 Coal-2 Rail Handling Fertilizer2 Potash from Rail Bauxite Salt 5 Rail Unloading Salt 1 - Rail Car Unloading Coke Rail Unloading Sand-Rail Unloading Scrap - Shredder Total Rail Handling Outside Stock Piles Steel Wire	49,500 3,000 61,500 No activity	53,500 1,500 62,500 - Takes	57,500 3,000	52,500 1,500	48,000 1,500	40,500 1,500	39,000	50,500	369,000	43,500	43,500	42,000	889,000 12,000 1,177,000 - - - - -	rail unloading rail unloading rail unloading rail unloading rail unloading rail unloading rail unloading rail unloading	outside truck delivery - out-loaded to barge outside truck delivery - out-loaded to barge inside none - direct transferred from rail to truck none - direct transferred from rail to truck outside none - direct transferred from rail to truck inside	2,500
Coal-1 Coal-2 Rail Handling Fertilizer2 Potash from Rail Bauxite Salt 5 Rail Unloading Salt 1 - Rail Car Unloading Coke Rail Unloading Sand-Rail Unloading Scrap - Shredder Total Rail Handling Outside Stock Piles Steel Wire Steel Wire Steel Pipe	49,500 3,000 61,500 No activity	53,500 1,500 62,500	57,500 3,000	52,500 1,500	48,000 1,500	40,500 1,500	39,000	50,500	369,000	43,500	43,500	42,000	889,000 12,000 1,177,000 - - - - -	rail unloading rail unloading rail unloading rail unloading rail unloading rail unloading rail unloading rail unloading	outside truck delivery - out-loaded to barge outside truck delivery - out-loaded to barge inside none - direct transferred from rail to truck none - direct transferred from rail to truck outside none - direct transferred from rail to truck inside	2,500
Coal-1 Coal-2 Rail Handling Fertilizer2 Potash from Rail Bauxite Salt 5 Rail Unloading Salt 1 - Rail Car Unloading Coke Rail Unloading Sand-Rail Unloading Scrap - Shredder Total Rail Handling Steel Wire Steel Wire Steel Pipe Steel Pipe Steel Plate	49,500 3,000 61,500 No activity - Add -	53,500 1,500 62,500 - Takes <u>-</u>	57,500 3,000	52,500 1,500	48,000 1,500	40,500 1,500	39,000	50,500	369,000	43,500	43,500	42,000	889,000 12,000 1,177,000 - - - - -	rail unloading rail unloading rail unloading rail unloading rail unloading rail unloading rail unloading rail unloading	outside truck delivery - out-loaded to barge outside truck delivery - out-loaded to barge inside none - direct transferred from rail to truck none - direct transferred from rail to truck outside none - direct transferred from rail to truck inside	2,500
Coal-1 Coal-2 Rail Handling Fertilizer2 Potash from Rail Bauxite Salt 5 Rail Unloading Salt 1 - Rail Car Unloading Coke Rail Unloading Sand-Rail Unloading Scrap - Shredder Total Rail Handling Outside Stock Piles Steel Wire Steel Wire Steel Pipe	49,500 3,000 61,500 No activity	53,500 1,500 62,500 - Takes	57,500 3,000	52,500 1,500	48,000 1,500	40,500 1,500	39,000	50,500	369,000	43,500	43,500	42,000	889,000 12,000 1,177,000 - - - - -	rail unloading rail unloading rail unloading rail unloading rail unloading rail unloading rail unloading rail unloading	outside truck delivery - out-loaded to barge outside truck delivery - out-loaded to barge inside none - direct transferred from rail to truck none - direct transferred from rail to truck outside none - direct transferred from rail to truck inside	2,500
Coal-1 Coal-2 Rail Handling Fertilizer2 Potash from Rail Bauxite Salt 5 Rail Unloading Salt 1 - Rail Car Unloading Coke Rail Unloading Sand-Rail Unloading Scrap - Shredder Total Rail Handling Steel Pipe Steel Wire Steel Pipe Steel Pipe Steel Pipe Steel Plate HW Salt - 1 HW Salt - 2 Coal-1	49,500 3,000 61,500 No activity - Add - - 118,500	53,500 1,500 62,500 - Takes - - 118,500	57,500 3,000	52,500 1,500	48,000 1,500	40,500 1,500	39,000	50,500	369,000	43,500	43,500	42,000	889,000 12,000 1,177,000 - - - - -	rail unloading rail unloading rail unloading rail unloading rail unloading rail unloading rail unloading rail unloading	outside truck delivery - out-loaded to barge outside truck delivery - out-loaded to barge inside none - direct transferred from rail to truck none - direct transferred from rail to truck outside none - direct transferred from rail to truck inside	2,500
Coal-1 Coal-2 Rail Handling Fertilizer2 Potash from Rail Bauxite Salt 5 Rail Unloading Salt 1 - Rail Car Unloading Coke Rail Unloading Sand-Rail Unloading Scrap - Shredder Total Rail Handling Steel Plote Steel Wire Steel Pipe Steel Pipe Steel Plate HW Salt - 1 HW Salt - 2 Coal-1 Coal-2	49,500 3,000 61,500 No activity - Add - - - - -	53,500 1,500 62,500 - Takes - 118,500 58,500 889,000 12,000	57,500 3,000	52,500 1,500	48,000 1,500	40,500 1,500	39,000	50,500	369,000	43,500	43,500	42,000	889,000 12,000 1,177,000 - - - - -	rail unloading rail unloading rail unloading rail unloading rail unloading rail unloading rail unloading rail unloading	outside truck delivery - out-loaded to barge outside truck delivery - out-loaded to barge inside none - direct transferred from rail to truck none - direct transferred from rail to truck outside none - direct transferred from rail to truck inside	2,500
Coal-1 Coal-2 Rail Handling Fertilizer2 Potash from Rail Bauxite Salt 5 Rail Unloading Salt 1 - Rail Car Unloading Coke Rail Unloading Sand-Rail Unloading Scrap - Shredder Total Rail Handling Steel Pipe Steel Wire Steel Pipe Steel Pipe Steel Pipe Steel Pipe Steel Pipe Steel Pipate HW Salt - 1 HW Salt - 2 Coal-1	49,500 3,000 61,500 No activity - Add - - - - - - - - - - - - - -	53,500 1,500 62,500 - Takes - 118,500 58,500 889,000	57,500 3,000	52,500 1,500	48,000 1,500	40,500 1,500	39,000	50,500	369,000	43,500	43,500	42,000	889,000 12,000 1,177,000 - - - - -	rail unloading rail unloading rail unloading rail unloading rail unloading rail unloading rail unloading rail unloading	outside truck delivery - out-loaded to barge outside truck delivery - out-loaded to barge inside none - direct transferred from rail to truck none - direct transferred from rail to truck outside none - direct transferred from rail to truck inside	2,500
Coal-1 Coal-2 Rail Handling Fertilizer2 Potash from Rail Bauxite Salt 5 Rail Unloading Salt 1 - Rail Car Unloading Coke Rail Unloading Sand-Rail Unloading Scrap - Shredder Total Rail Handling Steel Pipe Steel Wire Steel Pipe Steel Pipe	49,500 3,000 61,500 No activity - Add - - 118,500 58,500 889,000 12,000	53,500 1,500 62,500 - Takes - 118,500 58,500 889,000 12,000	57,500 3,000	52,500 1,500	48,000 1,500	40,500 1,500	39,000	50,500	369,000	43,500	43,500	42,000	889,000 12,000 1,177,000 - - - - -	rail unloading rail unloading rail unloading rail unloading rail unloading rail unloading rail unloading rail unloading	outside truck delivery - out-loaded to barge outside truck delivery - out-loaded to barge inside none - direct transferred from rail to truck none - direct transferred from rail to truck outside none - direct transferred from rail to truck inside	2,500
Coal-1 Coal-2 Rail Handling Fertilizer2 Potash from Rail Bauxite Salt 5 Rail Unloading Salt 1 - Rail Car Unloading Coke Rail Unloading Sand-Rail Unloading Sarap - Shredder Total Rail Handling Scrap - Shredder Motiside Stock Piles Steel Wire Steel Pipe Steel Pipe Steel Pipe Steel Pipe Steel Pipe Steel Pipe Steel Pipe Steel Pipe Steel Piate HW Salt - 1 HW Salt - 2 Coal-1 Coal-2 Manganese Ore	49,500 3,000 61,500 No activity Add - - 118,500 58,500 889,000 12,000 -	53,500 1,500 62,500 - Takes - - 118,500 58,500 889,000 12,000 - rs & cranes	57,500 3,000 71,000	52,500 1,500 64,500	48,000 1,500 72,000	40,500 1,500 58,500	39,000 72,000	50,500 83,500	369,000 399,000	43,500 75,000	43,500 78,000	42,000	889,000 12,000 1,177,000 - - - - - -	rail unloading rail unloading rail unloading rail unloading rail unloading rail unloading rail unloading rail unloading	outside truck delivery - out-loaded to barge outside truck delivery - out-loaded to barge inside none - direct transferred from rail to truck none - direct transferred from rail to truck outside none - direct transferred from rail to truck inside	2,500
Coal-1 Coal-2 Rail Handling Fertilizer2 Potash from Rail Bauxite Salt 5 Rail Unloading Salt 1 - Rail Car Unloading Coke Rail Unloading Sard-Rail Unloading Sard-Rail Unloading Sard-Rail Unloading Scrap - Shredder Total Rail Handling Steel Pipe Steel	49,500 3,000 61,500 No activity Add - - 118,500 58,500 889,000 12,000 -	53,500 1,500 62,500 - Takes - - 118,500 58,500 889,000 12,000 -	57,500 3,000	52,500 1,500	48,000 1,500	40,500 1,500	39,000	50,500	369,000	43,500	43,500	42,000	889,000 12,000 1,177,000 - - - - -	rail unloading rail unloading rail unloading rail unloading rail unloading rail unloading rail unloading rail unloading	outside truck delivery - out-loaded to barge outside truck delivery - out-loaded to barge inside none - direct transferred from rail to truck none - direct transferred from rail to truck outside none - direct transferred from rail to truck inside	2,500
Coal-1 Coal-2 Rail Handling Fertilizer2 Potash from Rail Bauxite Salt 5 Rail Unloading Salt 1 - Rail Car Unloading Coke Rail Unloading Sand-Rail Unloading Sarap - Shredder Total Rail Handling Scrap - Shredder Motiside Stock Piles Steel Wire Steel Pipe Steel Pipe Steel Pipe Steel Pipe Steel Pipe Steel Pipe Steel Pipe Steel Pipe Steel Piate HW Salt - 1 HW Salt - 2 Coal-1 Coal-2 Manganese Ore	49,500 3,000 61,500 No activity Add - - 118,500 58,500 889,000 12,000 -	53,500 1,500 62,500 - Takes - - 118,500 58,500 889,000 12,000 - rs & cranes	57,500 3,000 71,000	52,500 1,500 64,500	48,000 1,500 72,000	40,500 1,500 58,500	39,000 72,000	50,500 83,500	369,000 399,000	43,500 75,000	43,500 78,000	42,000	889,000 12,000 1,177,000 - - - - - -	rail unloading rail unloading rail unloading rail unloading rail unloading rail unloading rail unloading rail unloading	outside truck delivery - out-loaded to barge outside truck delivery - out-loaded to barge inside none - direct transferred from rail to truck none - direct transferred from rail to truck outside none - direct transferred from rail to truck inside	2,500
Coal-1 Coal-2 Rail Handling Fertilizer2 Potash from Rail Bauxite Salt 5 Rail Unloading Salt 1 - Rail Car Unloading Coke Rail Unloading Sand-Rail Unloading Sand-Rail Unloading Scrap - Shredder Total Rail Handling Steel Pate HW Salt - 1 HW Salt - 1 HW Salt - 2 Coal-1 Coal-2 Manganese Ore Vehicle Emissions- mobile equipment , F	49,500 3,000 61,500 No activity Add - - 118,500 58,500 889,000 12,000 - front-end loade 10,805	53,500 1,500 62,500 - Takes - - 118,500 58,500 889,000 12,000 - rs & cranes 7,262	57,500 3,000 71,000 -	52,500 1,500 64,500 - - 5,882	48,000 1,500 72,000	40,500 1,500 58,500	39,000 72,000 - - 5,823	50,500 83,500 - 6,489	369,000 399,000 - -	43,500 75,000 - - 8,620	43,500 78,000 - - 8,970	42,000 79,500 -	889,000 12,000 1,177,000 - - - - - - - 89,135	rail unloading rail unloading rail unloading rail unloading rail unloading rail unloading rail unloading rail unloading	outside truck delivery - out-loaded to barge outside truck delivery - out-loaded to barge inside none - direct transferred from rail to truck none - direct transferred from rail to truck outside none - direct transferred from rail to truck inside	2,500

Appendix B RiverLift Industries, Inc. Jan-Dec 2019- RL Air Inventory Report

Jan-Dec 2019- RL Air Inventory Report																Outside
Barge Handling- Unloading	Jan	Feb	March	April	Мау	June	July	Aug	Sept	Oct	Nov	Dec	totals	Mode	Storage	avg stck pl sz
Distiller Dried Grain													-	barge unloading		
Aggregate - Gravel Sand-Barge													-	barge unloading barge unloading	none - direct transferred from barge to truck	
Steel Wire													-	barge unloading		-
Steel Pipe													-	barge unloading		-
Concrete Sand													-	barge unloading	outside	-
Coal-barge	1,200	7,500	9,000	10,500	4,500	12,000	7,500	12,000	4,500	7,500	6,000	1,500	83,700	barge unloading		8,000
Cotton Seed Hulls	27.000	21.000	10 500	25 500	10 500	20 500	15 000				10.000	10,000	-	barge unloading		150,000
Salt 1 - Barge Unloading Lime	27,000	21,000	10,500	25,500	10,500	28,500	15,000				12,000	12,000	162,000	barge unloading	none - direct transferred from barge to truck	150,000
Salt 2 - Barge Unloading	9,000	15,000	22,500	6,000	1,500	3,000	16,500	9,000			1,500	4,500	88.500	barge unloading	•	35,000
Salt 3 - Barge Unloading	-,	-,	,	-,	,	- ,	-,	- ,			,	,	-		none - direct transferred from barge to truck	,
Salt 4- Barge unloading													-		none - direct transferred from barge to truck	
Feed Salt - Barge unloading													-	barge unloading		
Stainless Steel Scrap Manufactured Sand - Barge													-	barge unloading barge unloading	none - direct transferred from barge to truck	
Magnetite													-	barge unloading		-
Fertilizer1 Potash from Barge													-	barge unloading		
2A limestone													-	barge unloading		-
Chrome Ore							1,500					1,500	3,000	barge unloading		-
B Scrape													-		none - direct transferred from barge to truck	
Bricketts					4 500	0.000	7 500						-		none - direct transferred from truck to barge	
HBI total barge unloading	37,200	43,500	42,000	42,000	1,500 18,000	3,000 46,500	7,500 48,000	21,000	4,500	7,500	19,500	19,500	12,000 349,200	barge unloading	none - direct transferred from barge to truck	
	01,200	-10,000	-12,000	-12,000	10,000	-10,000	40,000	1,000	1,000	1,000	10,000	10,000	010,200			
Barge Handling- Loading													-			
Steel Coils	9,000	10,500	10,500	12,000	12,000	10,500	9,000	9,000	6,000	7,500	7,500	6,000	109,500	barge loading	none - direct transferred from truck to barge	
Shredder-Scrap Iron Magnesite													-	barge loading barge loading	none - direct transferred from truck to barge truck delivery - out-loaded to barge	
Coke	19,500	15,000	16,500	18,000	10,500	18,000	18,000	15,000	19,500	4,500	1,500	4,500	160,500	barge loading	none - direct transferred from truck to barge	
Coal-1	39,000	31,500	33,000	40,500	37,500	33,000	34,500	31,500	36,000	34,000	37,500	39,000	427,000	barge loading	outside truck delivery - out-loaded to barge	8,000
Coal-2	1,500	3,000	1,500	3,000	1,500	-	4,500	1,500	1,500	1,500	1,500	9,000	30,000	barge loading	outside truck delivery - out-loaded to barge	2,500
	69,000	60,000	61,500	73,500	61,500	61,500	66,000	57,000	63,000	47,500	48,000	58,500	727,000			
Rail Handling	No activity															
Fertilizer2 Potash from Rail																
Bauxite													-	rail unloading	inside	
													-	rail unloading	none - direct transferred from rail to truck	
Salt 5 Rail Unloading		7.400	8.000					6.300	3.900	2,500			- 28.100	rail unloading rail unloading	none - direct transferred from rail to truck none - direct transferred from rail to truck	incled in S1 above
		7,400	8,000					6,300	3,900	2,500		_	- 28,100 -	rail unloading	none - direct transferred from rail to truck	incled in S1 above
Salt 5 Rail Unloading Salt 1 - Rail Car Unloading Coke Rail Unloading Sand-Rail Unloading		7,400	8,000					6,300	3,900	2,500		_	-	rail unloading rail unloading rail unloading rail unloading rail unloading	none - direct transferred from rail to truck none - direct transferred from rail to truck outside none - direct transferred from rail to truck inside	incled in S1 above
Salt 5 Rail Unloading Salt 1 - Rail Car Unloading Coke Rail Unloading Sand-Rail Unloading Scrap - Shredder				2,100	1,500	2,000				-		_	5,600	rail unloading rail unloading rail unloading rail unloading	none - direct transferred from rail to truck none - direct transferred from rail to truck outside none - direct transferred from rail to truck	incled in S1 above
Salt 5 Rail Unloading Salt 1 - Rail Car Unloading Coke Rail Unloading Sand-Rail Unloading		7,400 7,400	8,000 8,000	2,100 2,100	1,500 1,500	2,000 2,000	<u> </u>	6,300 6,300	3,900 3,900	2,500 2,500	<u> </u>	-	-	rail unloading rail unloading rail unloading rail unloading rail unloading	none - direct transferred from rail to truck none - direct transferred from rail to truck outside none - direct transferred from rail to truck inside	incled in S1 above
Salt 5 Rail Unloading Salt 1 - Rail Car Unloading Coke Rail Unloading Sand-Rail Unloading Scrap - Shredder	<u>-</u>			,						-		-	5,600	rail unloading rail unloading rail unloading rail unloading rail unloading	none - direct transferred from rail to truck none - direct transferred from rail to truck outside none - direct transferred from rail to truck inside	incled in S1 above
Salt 5 Rail Unloading Salt 1 - Rail Car Unloading Coke Rail Unloading Sand-Rail Unloading Scrap - Shredder				,			-			-	-	-	5,600	rail unloading rail unloading rail unloading rail unloading rail unloading	none - direct transferred from rail to truck none - direct transferred from rail to truck outside none - direct transferred from rail to truck inside	incled in S1 above
Salt 5 Rail Unloading Salt 1 - Rail Car Unloading Coke Rail Unloading Sand-Rail Unloading Scrap - Shredder Total Rail Handling Outside Stock Piles	Add			,			-			-	-	-	5,600	rail unloading rail unloading rail unloading rail unloading rail unloading	none - direct transferred from rail to truck none - direct transferred from rail to truck outside none - direct transferred from rail to truck inside	incled in S1 above
Salt 5 Rail Unloading Salt 1 - Rail Car Unloading Coke Rail Unloading Sand-Rail Unloading Scrap - Shredder Total Rail Handling Outside Stock Piles Steel Wire	Add	7,400		,			-			-	-	-	5,600	rail unloading rail unloading rail unloading rail unloading rail unloading	none - direct transferred from rail to truck none - direct transferred from rail to truck outside none - direct transferred from rail to truck inside	incled in S1 above
Salt 5 Rail Unloading Salt 1 - Rail Car Unloading Coke Rail Unloading Sand-Rail Unloading Scrap - Shredder Total Rail Handling Outside Stock Piles Steel Wire Steel Pipe		7,400		,			-			-	-	- -	5,600	rail unloading rail unloading rail unloading rail unloading rail unloading	none - direct transferred from rail to truck none - direct transferred from rail to truck outside none - direct transferred from rail to truck inside	incled in S1 above
Salt 5 Rail Unloading Salt 1 - Rail Car Unloading Coke Rail Unloading Sand-Rail Unloading Scrap - Shredder Total Rail Handling Outside Stock Piles Steel Wire Steel Pipe Steel Plate	-	7,400 Takes - -		,			-			-		-	5,600	rail unloading rail unloading rail unloading rail unloading rail unloading	none - direct transferred from rail to truck none - direct transferred from rail to truck outside none - direct transferred from rail to truck inside	incled in S1 above
Salt 5 Rail Unloading Salt 1 - Rail Car Unloading Coke Rail Unloading Sand-Rail Unloading Scrap - Shredder Total Rail Handling Outside Stock Piles Steel Wire Steel Pipe Steel Pipe Steel Plate HW Salt - 1	- - 190,100	7,400 Takes - - 190,100		,			<u> </u>			-	-	-	5,600	rail unloading rail unloading rail unloading rail unloading rail unloading	none - direct transferred from rail to truck none - direct transferred from rail to truck outside none - direct transferred from rail to truck inside	incled in S1 above
Salt 5 Rail Unloading Salt 1 - Rail Car Unloading Coke Rail Unloading Sand-Rail Unloading Scrap - Shredder Total Rail Handling Outside Stock Piles Steel Wire Steel Pipe Steel Pipe Steel Plate HW Salt - 1 HW Salt - 2	- - 190,100 88,500	7,400 Takes - 190,100 88,500		,						-	-		5,600	rail unloading rail unloading rail unloading rail unloading rail unloading	none - direct transferred from rail to truck none - direct transferred from rail to truck outside none - direct transferred from rail to truck inside	incled in S1 above
Salt 5 Rail Unloading Salt 1 - Rail Car Unloading Coke Rail Unloading Sand-Rail Unloading Scrap - Shredder Total Rail Handling Outside Stock Piles Steel Wire Steel Pipe Steel Pipe Steel Plate HW Salt - 1	- - 190,100	7,400 Takes - - 190,100		,						-	-		5,600	rail unloading rail unloading rail unloading rail unloading rail unloading	none - direct transferred from rail to truck none - direct transferred from rail to truck outside none - direct transferred from rail to truck inside	incled in S1 above
Salt 5 Rail Unloading Salt 1 - Rail Car Unloading Coke Rail Unloading Sand-Rail Unloading Scrap - Shredder Total Rail Handling Outside Stock Piles Steel Wire Steel Pipe Steel Pipe Steel Plate HW Salt - 1 HW Salt - 2 Coal-1	- - 190,100 88,500 427,000	7,400 Takes - 190,100 88,500 427,000		,						-	-	-	5,600	rail unloading rail unloading rail unloading rail unloading rail unloading	none - direct transferred from rail to truck none - direct transferred from rail to truck outside none - direct transferred from rail to truck inside	incled in S1 above
Salt 5 Rail Unloading Salt 1 - Rail Car Unloading Coke Rail Unloading Sand-Rail Unloading Scrap - Shredder Total Rail Handling Outside Stock Piles Steel Wire Steel Pipe Steel Pipe Steel Plate HW Salt - 1 HW Salt - 2 Coal-1 Coal-2	- - 190,100 88,500 427,000 30,000	7,400 Takes - 190,100 88,500 427,000 30,000		,						-	-	-	5,600	rail unloading rail unloading rail unloading rail unloading rail unloading	none - direct transferred from rail to truck none - direct transferred from rail to truck outside none - direct transferred from rail to truck inside	incled in S1 above
Salt 5 Rail Unloading Salt 1 - Rail Car Unloading Coke Rail Unloading Sand-Rail Unloading Scrap - Shredder Total Rail Handling Outside Stock Piles Steel Wire Steel Pipe Steel Pipe Steel Plate HW Salt - 1 HW Salt - 2 Coal-1 Coal-2 Manganese Ore Vehicle Emissions- mobile equipment, f	- 190,100 88,500 427,000 30,000 -	7,400 Takes - 190,100 88,500 427,000 30,000 - s & cranes	8,000	2,100	1,500	2,000		6,300	3,900	2,500	-		<u>5,600</u> 33,700	rail unloading rail unloading rail unloading rail unloading rail unloading	none - direct transferred from rail to truck none - direct transferred from rail to truck outside none - direct transferred from rail to truck inside	incled in S1 above
Salt 5 Rail Unloading Salt 1 - Rail Car Unloading Coke Rail Unloading Sand-Rail Unloading Scrap - Shredder Total Rail Handling Outside Stock Piles Steel Wire Steel Pipe Steel Pipe Steel Plate HW Salt - 1 HW Salt - 2 Coal-1 Coal-2 Manganese Ore	- 190,100 88,500 427,000 30,000 -	7,400 Takes - 190,100 88,500 427,000 30,000 -		,			9,122			-	-	- 6,654	5,600	rail unloading rail unloading rail unloading rail unloading rail unloading	none - direct transferred from rail to truck none - direct transferred from rail to truck outside none - direct transferred from rail to truck inside	incled in S1 above
Salt 5 Rail Unloading Salt 1 - Rail Car Unloading Coke Rail Unloading Sand-Rail Unloading Scrap - Shredder Total Rail Handling Outside Stock Piles Steel Wire Steel Pipe Steel Plate HW Salt - 1 HW Salt - 2 Coal-1 Coal-2 Manganese Ore Vehicle Emissions- mobile equipment, fr Diesel Fuel Purchased	- - 190,100 88,500 427,000 30,000 - ront-end loader 4,868	7,400 Takes - 190,100 88,500 427,000 30,000 - rs & cranes 9,676	8,000 8,498	2,100	1,500 5,562	2,000	9,122	6,300 6,608	3,900 4,695	2,500 3,753			5,600 33,700 76,783	rail unloading rail unloading rail unloading rail unloading rail unloading	none - direct transferred from rail to truck none - direct transferred from rail to truck outside none - direct transferred from rail to truck inside	incled in S1 above
Salt 5 Rail Unloading Salt 1 - Rail Car Unloading Coke Rail Unloading Sand-Rail Unloading Scrap - Shredder Total Rail Handling Outside Stock Piles Steel Wire Steel Pipe Steel Pipe Steel Plate HW Salt - 1 HW Salt - 2 Coal-1 Coal-2 Manganese Ore Vehicle Emissions- mobile equipment, f	- - 190,100 88,500 427,000 30,000 - ront-end loader	7,400 Takes - 190,100 88,500 427,000 30,000 - s & cranes	8,000	2,100	1,500	2,000		6,300	3,900	2,500	- 5,469 69 59	- - 6,654 70 69	<u>5,600</u> 33,700	rail unloading rail unloading rail unloading rail unloading rail unloading	none - direct transferred from rail to truck none - direct transferred from rail to truck outside none - direct transferred from rail to truck inside	incled in S1 above

Appendix B-4 RiverLift Industries, Inc. West Elizabeth, PA Supporting Documentation for 2020 Emissions

Appendix B RiverLift Industries, Inc.

Jan-Dec 2020- RL Air Inventory Report

July-December 2020- RL Air Inventory R												_			-	Outside
arge Handling- Unloading	Jan	Feb	March	April	Мау	June	July	Aug	Sept	Oct	Nov	Dec	totals	Mode	Storage	avg stck pl sz
stiller Dried Grain													-	barge unloading	inside	
gregate - Gravel													-	barge unloading	none - direct transferred from barge to truck	
and-Barge													-	barge unloading	inside	
teel Wire													-	barge unloading	outside	
teel Pipe													-	barge unloading	outside	
concrete Sand													-	barge unloading	outside	
Coal-barge	6,000	4.500	3,000	3,000	3,000	4,500	3,000	6,000	1,500	4,500	4,500	3,000	46,500	barge unloading	outside	8,0
U U	0,000	4,500	3,000	3,000	3,000	4,500	3,000	0,000	1,500	4,000	4,500	3,000	40,000	• •		0,0
Cotton Seed Hulls													-	barge unloading	inside	
Salt 1 - Barge Unloading	30,000	12,000	15,000	12,000	7,500	10,500	4,500	10,500	22,500	18,000	3,000	6,000	151,500	barge unloading	outside	150,0
ime													-	barge unloading	none - direct transferred from barge to truck	
Salt 2 - Barge Unloading	3,000	4,500											7,500	barge unloading	outside	35,0
alt 3 - Barge Unloading													-	barge unloading	none - direct transferred from barge to truck	
alt 4- Barge unloading													-	barge unloading	none - direct transferred from barge to truck	
eed Salt - Barge unloading													_	barge unloading	inside	
Stainless Steel Scrap													_	barge unloading	none - direct transferred from barge to truck	
													-		C C	
lanufactured Sand - Barge													-	barge unloading	outside	
lagnetite													-	barge unloading	inside storage	
ertilizer1 Potash from Barge													-	barge unloading	inside	
A limestone													-	barge unloading	outside	
Chrome Ore			1,500					1,500				1,500	4,500	barge unloading	inside storage	
3 Scrape			,					,				,	,	barge unloading	none - direct transferred from barge to truck	
Bricketts														· ·	none - direct transferred from truck to barge	
													-	barge unloading	6	
IBI													-	barge unloading	none - direct transferred from barge to truck	
total barge unloading	39,000	21,000	19,500	15,000	10,500	15,000	7,500	18,000	24,000	22,500	7,500	10,500	210,000			
arge Handling- Loading																
Steel Coils	12,000	7,500	7,500	12,000	10,500	7,500	6,000	7,500	9,000	9,000	9,000	7,500	105,000	barge loading	none - direct transferred from truck to barge	
	12,000		7,500	12,000	10,500	7,500	0,000	7,500	3,000	3,000	3,000	7,500	1,500		c c	
hredder-Scrap Iron		1,500											•	barge loading	none - direct transferred from truck to barge	
lagnesite													-	barge loading	truck delivery - out-loaded to barge	
Coke	15,000	16,500	19,500	4,500	3,000	3,000	1,500	1,500	1,500	3,000	13,500	36,000	118,500	barge loading	none - direct transferred from truck to barge	
Coal-1	19,500	15,000	15,000	13,500	12,000	12,000	10,500	1,500	15,000	12,000	12,000	10,500	148,500	barge loading	outside truck delivery - out-loaded to barge	8,0
Coal-2	21,000	28,500	24,000	16,500	16,500	9,000	6,000	7,500	10,500	7,500	12,000	6,000	165,000	barge loading	outside truck delivery - out-loaded to barge	2,5
	67,500	69,000	66,000	46,500	42,000	31,500	24,000	18,000	36,000	31,500	46,500	60,000	538,500			
															360,00	0
Rail Handling	No activity	0.36			0.29			0.14			0.21					
Fertilizer2 Potash from Rail	NO activity	0.30			0.29		no optivity	0.14			0.21			rail unloading	inside	
							no activity						-	rail unloading		
auxite														rail unloading	none - direct transferred from rail to truck	
alt 5 Rail Unloading														rail unloading	none - direct transferred from rail to truck	
Salt 1 - Rail Car Unloading						4,100							4,100	rail unloading	outside	included in S1 ab
oke Rail Unloading													-	rail unloading	none - direct transferred from rail to truck	
and-Rail Unloading													-	rail unloading	inside	
0				2,100	1,500	2,000							5,600	rail unloading	none - direct transferred from rail to truck	
cran - Shredder				2,100		,		0	-	-	0	-	9,700	rail anioading		
•		0	-	2.100	1.500	6.100							-,			
crap - Shredder Total Rail Handling	-	0	-	2,100	1,500	6,100	-	Ũ								
	· .	0	-	2,100		6,100	-	-								
Scrap - Shredder Total Rail Handling	-	0	-	2,100	1,500 0.37	6,100	-	0.63								
•	- Add	0 Takes	-	2,100		6,100	-	-								
Total Rail Handling	- Add		-	2,100		6,100	-	-								
Total Rail Handling Putside Stock Piles	Add -		-	2,100		6,100		-								
Total Rail Handling utside Stock Piles teel Wire teel Pipe teel Plate	-	Гаkes - -	·	2,100		6,100	-	-								
Total Rail Handling utside Stock Piles steel Wire teel Pipe teel Piate W Salt - 1	- - 155,600	Гакез - - 155,600	-	2,100		6,100	-	-								
Total Rail Handling utside Stock Piles Steel Wire teel Pipe teel Plate W Salt - 1 W Salt - 2	- - 155,600 7,500	Takes - - 155,600 7,500		2,100		6,100		-								
Total Rail Handling utside Stock Piles iteel Wire iteel Pipe iteel Plate W Salt - 1 W Salt - 2 oal-1	- - 155,600 7,500 148,500	Takes - - 155,600 7,500 148,500		2,100		6,100		-								
Total Rail Handling utside Stock Piles teel Wire teel Pipe teel Plate W Salt - 1 W Salt - 2 oal-1 oal-2	- - 155,600 7,500 148,500 165,000	Takes - - 155,600 7,500 148,500 165,000	-	2,100		6,100	-	-								
Total Rail Handling utside Stock Piles teel Wire eel Pipe eel Plate N Salt - 1 W Salt - 2 val-1 pal-2	- - 155,600 7,500 148,500	Takes - - 155,600 7,500 148,500	-	2,100		6,100	-	-								
Total Rail Handling utside Stock Piles teel Wire eel Pipe eel Plate W Salt - 1 W Salt - 2 bal-1 bal-2 anganese Ore	- - 7,500 148,500 165,000 -	Takes - 155,600 7,500 148,500 165,000 -	-	2,100		6,100	-	-								
Total Rail Handling utside Stock Piles Steel Wire teel Pipe teel Plate W Salt - 1 IW Salt - 2 oal-1 oal-2 langanese Ore ehicle Emissions- mobile equipment, fr	- - 155,600 7,500 148,500 165,000 - ront-end loader	Takes - 155,600 7,500 148,500 165,000 - s & cranes	-		0.37		-	0.63								
Total Rail Handling utside Stock Piles teel Wire teel Pipe teel Pipe W Salt - 1 W Salt - 2 pal-1 pal-2 anganese Ore ehicle Emissions- mobile equipment, fr	- - 7,500 148,500 165,000 -	Takes - 155,600 7,500 148,500 165,000 -	-	2,100		6,100	3,405	-	4,849	7,133	3,174	4,058	68,615			
Total Rail Handling utside Stock Piles steel Wire teel Pipe teel Plate W Salt - 1 W Salt - 2 oal-1 oal-2 anganese Ore ehicle Emissions- mobile equipment, fr iesel Fuel Purchased	- - 155,600 7,500 148,500 165,000 - ront-end loader 7,633	Takes - 155,600 7,500 148,500 165,000 - s & cranes 8,074		5,213	0.37	4,502		0.63					·			
Total Rail Handling utside Stock Piles steel Wire teel Pipe teel Plate W Salt - 1 IW Salt - 2 oal-1 oal-2 anganese Ore ehicle Emissions- mobile equipment, fr	- - 155,600 7,500 148,500 165,000 - ront-end loader	Takes - 155,600 7,500 148,500 165,000 - s & cranes	- 5,512 54 55		0.37		- 3,405 74 70	0.63	4,849 13 12	7,133 51 48	3,174 58 57	4,058 67 64	68,615 704 677			

RiverLift Industries, Inc.

2020 Emissions Inventory

TABLE 1 RIVERLIFT INDUSTRIES, INC. West Elizabeth, Pennsylvania

SUMMARY OF AVERAGE ACTUAL ANNUAL, HOURLY, AND DAILY PM10/PM2.5 EMISSIONS (2017-2020)

				Average Annual	Average Hourly Er (2017	nissions (lbs/hr) - 2020)	Average Daily	Average Daily Emis (2017	sions (lbs/day) - 2020)
Emission Unit	Emissions Unit ID	PM10	PM2.5	Operating Hours (hrs/yr)	PM10	PM2.5	Operating Hours (hrs/day)	PM10	PM2.5
Barge Unloading	P002	0.79	0.79	2,600	0.60	0.60	10	6.0	6.0
Barge Loading	P003	3.28	3.28	2,600	2.52	2.52	10	25.2	25.2
Railcar Unloading	P004	0.05	0.05	1,000	0.11	0.11	10	1.1	1.1
Railcar Loading	P005	0.00	0.00	0	0.00	0.00	0	0.00	0.00
Storage Piles & Handling	F001	0.33	0.05	8,760	0.08	0.01	24	1.8	0.28
Roadways	F002	0.17	0.04	2,600	0.13	0.03	10	1.3	0.32
TOTAL		4.62	4.21		3.44	3.28		35.4	32.9

TABLE 2 RIVERLIFT INDUSTRIES, INC. West Elizabeth, Pennsylvania

SUMMARY OF ACTUAL ANNUAL PM10/PM2.5 EMISSIONS (2017-2020)

					Actual Emissi	ons (tons/yı	r)			Average Actual Emi	ssions (tons/yr)
		20	17	20	18	20)19	20	20	(2017	- 2020)
Emission Unit	Emissions Unit ID	PM10	PM2.5	PM10	PM2.5	PM10	PM2.5	PM10	PM2.5	PM10	PM2.5
Barge Unloading	P002	0.59	0.59	0.94	0.94	1.01	1.01	0.61	0.61	0.79	0.79
Barge Loading	P003	3.33	3.33	4.71	4.71	2.91	2.91	2.15	2.15	3.28	3.28
Railcar Unloading	P004	0.046	0.046	0.00	0.00	0.15	0.15	0.02	0.02	0.05	0.05
Railcar Loading	P005	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
Storage Piles & Handling	F001	0.36	0.05	0.46	0.07	0.31	0.05	0.20	0.03	0.33	0.05
Roadways	F002	0.16	0.04	0.22	0.05	0.17	0.04	0.13	0.03	0.17	0.04
TOTAL		4.49	4.06	6.32	5.77	4.55	4.16	3.11	2.84	4.62	4.21

TABLE 3 RIVERLIFT INDUSTRIES, INC. West Elizabeth, Pennsylvania

SUMMARY OF POTENTIAL PM10/PM2.5 EMISSIONS REDUCTIONS FROM AVERAGE HOURLY BASELINE EMISSIONS

		Average Hourly E (2017	missions (lbs/hr) - 2020)			Average Hourly Rec	luction (lbs/hr)
Emission Unit	Emissions Unit ID	PM10	PM2.5	Mitigation Plan Control Measure / Control Efficiency	% Reduction from Baseline	PM10	PM2.5
Barge Unloading	P002	0.60	0.60	Wet suppression (as required) / 50%	50	0.30	0.30
Barge Loading	P003	2.52	2.52	Wet suppression (Spar Barge Loadout) / 80%	11.1	0.28	0.28
Railcar Unloading	P004	0.11	0.11	NA	-	-	-
Railcar Loading	P005	0.00	0.00	NA	-	-	-
Storage Piles & Handling	F001	0.08	0.01	Wet suppression / Dust Suppressant / 90%	90	0.07	0.01
Roadways	F002	0.13	0.03	Dust Suppressant / 90%	12.5	0.02	0.004
TOTAL		3.44	3.28			0.67	0.60

Notes:

1. Baseline and post-mitigation emissions are summed as if the emission units are concurrent, continuous operations, which is a conservative representation.

Appendix A-1 RiverLift Industries, Inc. West Elizabeth, PA Supporting Documentation for 2017 Emissions of Particulates

					Mean		PM 2.5	PM 10	PM			
			2017		Wind Speed	Moisture	Emission	Emission	Emission	PM 2.5	PM 10	PM
Process	Process / Segment		Throughput		U	Content	Factor	Factor	Factor	Emissions	Emissions	Emissions
ID	Description	Drop Point Description	(units/yr)	Units	(mph)	(%)	(lbs/unit)	(lbs/unit)	(lbs/unit)	(TPY)	(TPY)	(TPY)
P002	Barge Unloading		202,500	tons	NA	NA	0.0058	0.0058	0.0088	0.5873	0.5873	0.8910
	Storage Pile #1 Bauxite		0	tons	10	5	0.00012	0.00076	0.00162	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000
	Stg. Pile #2 Bark Mulch		0	tons	10	8	0.00006	0.00040	0.00084	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000
	Stg. Pile #3 Manganese Ore		0	tons	10	5	0.00012	0.00076	0.00162	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000
	Stg. Pile #4 Hwy Salt #1		19,700	tons	10	5	0.00012	0.00076	0.00162	0.0011	0.0075	0.0159
	Stg. Pile #5 Hwy Salt #2		25,500	tons	10	5	0.00012	0.00076	0.00162	0.0015	0.0097	0.0206
	Stg. Pile #6 Manf. Sand		0	tons	10	6	0.00009	0.00059	0.00125	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000
	Stg. Pile #7 Steel Scrap		0	tons	10	5	0.00012	0.00076	0.00162	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000
	Stg. Pile #8 Shot Gravel		0	tons	10	5	0.00012	0.00076	0.00162	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000
	Stg. Pile #9 #8 Limestone		0	tons	10	6	0.00009	0.00059	0.00125	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000
	Stg. Pile #10 #57 Limestone		0	tons	10	6	0.00009	0.00059	0.00125	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000
	Stg. Pile #11 River Sand		0	tons	10	6	0.00009	0.00059	0.00125	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000
	Stg. Pile #12 #3 Limestone		0	tons	10	5	0.00012	0.00076	0.00162	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000
	Coal Storage Piles		903,000	tons	10	5	0.00012	0.00076	0.00162	0.0523	0.3452	0.7299
	Stg. Pile #13 2A Limestone		0	tons	10	6	0.00009	0.00059	0.00125	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000
		Subtotal Storage Piles								0.0549	0.3625	0.7664
	Paved Roads	Front-End Loaders	750	miles traveled	NA	NA	0.12	0.50	2.51	0.0092	0.0376	0.1879
		Articulated Rock Trucks	2,070	miles traveled	NA	NA	0.15	0.60	2.99	0.0304	0.1239	0.6194
		Subtotal Paved Roads								0.0396	0.1615	0.8073
P003	Barge Loading	Front End Loader to Hopper	832,500	tons	NA	NA	0.0058	0.0058	0.0088	2.4143	2.4143	3.6630
		Hopper to Belt Conveyor	832,500	tons	NA	NA	0.0011	0.0011	0.0030	0.4579	0.4579	1.2488
		Conveyor Transfer to Barge	832,500	tons	NA	NA	0.0011	0.0011	0.0030	0.4579	0.4579	1.2488
		Subtotal Barge Loading								3.3300	3.3300	6.1605
P004	Railcar Unloading	Railcar Dump to Hopper	10,000	tons	NA	NA	0.0058	0.0058	0.0088	0.0290	0.0290	0.0440
		Hopper Transfer to Belt Conveyor	10,000	tons	NA	NA	0.0011	0.0011	0.0030	0.0055	0.0055	0.0150
		Belt Conveyor to Stacker	10,000	tons	NA	NA	0.0011	0.0011	0.0030	0.0055	0.0055	0.0150
		Stacker Transfer to Trucks	10,000	tons	NA	NA	0.0011	0.0011	0.0030	0.0055	0.0055	0.0150
		Subtotal Railcar Unloading								0.0455	0.0455	0.0890
P005	Railcar Loading	Front end loader dump to hopper	0	tons	NA	NA	0.0058	0.0058	0.0088	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000
		Hopper transfer to belt conveyor	0	tons	NA	NA	0.0011	0.0011	0.0030	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000
		Conveyor belt transfer to railcar	0	tons	NA	NA	0.0011	0.0011	0.0030	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000
		Subtotal Railcar Loading								0.0000	0.0000	0.0000

Appendix A-1 Notes:

Total 4.06 4.49 8.71

1. TSP and PM10 emission factors for Crane Unloading are based on AP-42, Chapter 11.19.2 (Crushed Stone Processing), Table 11.19.2-2. The PM2.5 emission factor is assumed to be equivalent to PM10.

2. Emission factors for Storage Piles are based upon AP-42, Section 13.2.4 (November 2006), with application of the appropriate size multiplier,

and assuming a wind speed of 10 mph and a variable pile-specific moisture content, as follows:

 $E = k (0.0032) (U/5)^{1.3} / (M/2)^{1.4}$

- where, k = particle size multiplier (TSP 0.74, PM10 0.35, PM2.5 0.053)
 - U = mean wind speed (mph) = 10 mph
 - M = moisture content (%) E = emission factor (lbs/ton)

3. Particulate emission factors for Paved Roads are based on AP-42, Chapter 13.2.1 (Paved Roads), Equation 2 (January 2011), as follows:

$E = [k (sL)^{0.91} x (W)^{1.02}] (1 - P/4N)$

where, E = particulate emission factor (lbs/VMT)

- k = particle size multiplier for particle size range (PM 0.011, PM10 0.0022, PM2.5 0.00054)
- sL = road surface silt loading (g/m2) = 9.7 (AP-42, Table 13.2.1-3 for Iron and Steel Production)
- W = average weight of vehicles travelling road (tons) = 30
- P = number of "wet" days with at least 0.01 in. of precipitation during the averaging period = 150
- N = number of days in the averaging period = 365

Vehicle miles traveled based on 750 miles for dedicated front-end loaders + 3 miles traveled per barge (i.e., 1,500 tons) associated with barge unloading or barge loading (i.e., 1,035,000 tons/yr x 3 miles / 1,500 tons = 2,070 miles/yr) Control efficiency based on maximum of watering and sweeping activities from OEPA RACM document (75% for sweeping/vacuum, 80% for watering)

4. TSP and PM10 emission factors for Barge Loading are based on AP-42, Chapter 11.19.2 (Crushed Stone Processing), Table 11.19.2-2 for conveyor transfer and AP-42, Chapter 12.5 (Iron and Steel Production), Table 12.5-4 for front-end loader batch drops,

with no application of a 70% control efficiency for dust suppression via water sprays (occurs as needed). The PM2.5 emission factor is assumed to be equivalent to PM10.

5. TSP and PM10 emission factors for Railcar Unloading are based on AP-42, Chapter 11.19.2 (Crushed Stone Processing), Table 11.19.2 for conveyor transfer and AP-42, Chapter 12.5 (Iron and Steel Production), Table 12.5-4 for batch drops. The PM2.5 emission factor is assumed to be equivalent to PM10.

6. TSP and PM10 emission factors for Raikar Loading are based on AP-42, Chapter 11.19.2 (Crushed Stone Processing), Table 11.19.2-2 for conveyor transfer and AP-42, Chapter 12.5 (Iron and Steel Production), Table 12.5-4 for batch drops. The PM2.5 emission factor is assumed to be equivalent to PM10.

7. NA = not applicable

Appendix A-2 RiverLift Industries, Inc. West Elizabeth, PA Supporting Documentation for 2018 Emissions of Particulates

ID P002 St Stg. Stg. Sty Sty St	Process / Segment Description Barge Unloading orage Pile #1 Bauxite g. Pile #2 Bark Mulch Pile #2 Manganese Ore g. Pile #4 Hwy Salt #1 g. Pile #5 Hwy Salt #2 g. Pile #6 Manf. Sand g. Pile #5 New Start & g. Pile #5 Shot Gravel	Drop Point Description	2018 Throughput (units/yr) 322,500 0 0 118,500 58,500 0	Units tons tons tons tons tons tons	Mean Wind Speed U (mph) NA 10 10 10	Moisture Content (%) NA 5 8 5	PM 2.5 Emission Factor (lbs/unit) 0.0058 0.00012 0.00006 0.00012	PM 10 Emission Factor (Ibs/unit) 0.0058 0.00076 0.00040	PM Emission Factor (Ibs/unit) 0.0088 0.00162 0.00084	PM 2.5 Emissions (TPY) 0.9353 0.0000 0.0000	PM 10 Emissions (TPY) 0.9353 0.0000 0.0000	PM Emissions (TPY) 1.4190 0.0000 0.0000
ID P002 St Stg. Stg. Sty Sty St	Description Barge Unloading orage Pile #1 Bauxite g. Pile #2 Bark Mulch Pile #3 Manganese Ore g. Pile #4 Hwy Salt #1 g. Pile #5 Hwy Salt #2 g. Pile #5 Hwy Salt #2 g. Pile #6 Manf. Sand g. Pile #7 Steel Scrap g. Pile #3 Kott Gravel	Drop Point Description	(units/yr) 322,500 0 0 118,500 58,500	Units tons tons tons tons tons	U (mph) NA 10 10 10	Content (%) NA 5 8	Factor (lbs/unit) 0.0058 0.00012 0.00006	Factor (lbs/unit) 0.0058 0.00076 0.00040	Factor (lbs/unit) 0.0088 0.00162 0.00084	Emissions (TPY) 0.9353 0.0000	Emissions (TPY) 0.9353 0.0000	Emissions (TPY) 1.4190 0.0000
ID P002 St Stg. Stg. Sty Sty St	Description Barge Unloading orage Pile #1 Bauxite g. Pile #2 Bark Mulch Pile #3 Manganese Ore g. Pile #4 Hwy Salt #1 g. Pile #5 Hwy Salt #2 g. Pile #5 Hwy Salt #2 g. Pile #6 Manf. Sand g. Pile #7 Steel Scrap g. Pile #3 Kott Gravel	Drop Point Description	(units/yr) 322,500 0 0 118,500 58,500	Units tons tons tons tons tons	NA 10 10 10	NA 5 8	0.0058 0.00012 0.00006	0.0058 0.00076 0.00040	0.0088 0.00162 0.00084	0.9353	0.9353	1.4190 0.0000
St Stg. Stg. Sty Sty Sty Sty	orage Pile #1 Bauxite g. Pile #2 Bark Mulch Pile #3 Manganese Ore g. Pile #4 Hwy Salt #1 g. Pile #5 Hwy Salt #2 g. Pile #5 Hwy Salt #2 g. Pile #6 Manf. Sand g. Pile #7 Steel Scrap g. Pile #7 Steel Scrap	<u> </u>	0 0 0 118,500 58,500	tons tons tons tons	10 10 10	5 8	0.00012 0.00006	0.00076 0.00040	0.00162 0.00084	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000
Stg. Stg. Stg. Stg. Stg. Stg.	g. Pile #2 Bark Mulch Pile #3 Manganese Ore g. Pile #4 Hwy Salt #1 g. Pile #5 Hwy Salt #2 g. Pile #5 Manf. Sand g. Pile #7 Steel Scrap g. Pile #8 Shot Gravel		0 0 118,500 58,500	tons tons tons	10 10	8	0.00006	0.00040	0.00084			
Stg. Stg. Stg. Stg. Stg. Stg.	g. Pile #2 Bark Mulch Pile #3 Manganese Ore g. Pile #4 Hwy Salt #1 g. Pile #5 Hwy Salt #2 g. Pile #5 Manf. Sand g. Pile #7 Steel Scrap g. Pile #8 Shot Gravel		0 0 118,500 58,500	tons tons tons	10 10	8	0.00006	0.00040	0.00084			
Stg. Stg Stg Stg	Pile #3 Manganese Ore g. Pile #4 Hwy Salt #1 g. Pile #5 Hwy Salt #2 g. Pile #6 Manf. Sand g. Pile #7 Steel Scrap g. Pile #8 Shot Gravel		0 118,500 58,500	tons tons	10					0.0000	0.0000	0.0000
Ste Ste	g. Pile #4 Hwy Salt #1 g. Pile #5 Hwy Salt #2 g. Pile #6 Manf. Sand g. Pile #7 Steel Scrap g. Pile #8 Shot Gravel		118,500 58,500	tons		5	0.00010	0.00076				
Sto	g. Pile #5 Hwy Salt #2 g. Pile #6 Manf. Sand g. Pile #7 Steel Scrap g. Pile #8 Shot Gravel		58,500				0.00012	0.00076	0.00162	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000
St	g. Pile #6 Manf. Sand g. Pile #7 Steel Scrap g. Pile #8 Shot Gravel			tons	10	5	0.00012	0.00076	0.00162	0.0069	0.0453	0.0958
	g. Pile #7 Steel Scrap g. Pile #8 Shot Gravel		0		10	5	0.00012	0.00076	0.00162	0.0034	0.0224	0.0473
C+	g. Pile #8 Shot Gravel			tons	10	6	0.00009	0.00059	0.00125	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000
30			0	tons	10	5	0.00012	0.00076	0.00162	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000
St			0	tons	10	5	0.00012	0.00076	0.00162	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000
Stg	. Pile #9 #8 Limestone		0	tons	10	6	0.00009	0.00059	0.00125	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000
Stg.	Pile #10 #57 Limestone		0	tons	10	6	0.00009	0.00059	0.00125	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000
Ste	g. Pile #11 River Sand		0	tons	10	6	0.00009	0.00059	0.00125	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000
Stg.	Pile #12 #3 Limestone		0	tons	10	5	0.00012	0.00076	0.00162	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000
	Coal Storage Piles		1,013,500	tons	10	5	0.00012	0.00076	0.00162	0.0587	0.3875	0.8192
Stg.	Pile #13 2A Limestone		0	tons	10	6	0.00009	0.00059	0.00125	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000
		Subtotal Storage Piles								0.0689	0.4551	0.9623
	Paved Roads	Front-End Loaders	750	miles traveled	NA	NA	0.12	0.50	2.51	0.0092	0.0376	0.1879
		Articulated Rock Trucks	2,999	miles traveled	NA	NA	0.15	0.60	2.99	0.0441	0.1795	0.8974
		Subtotal Paved Roads								0.0533	0.2171	1.0853
P003	Barge Loading	Front End Loader to Hopper	1,177,000	tons	NA	NA	0.0058	0.0058	0.0088	3.4133	3.4133	5.1788
		Hopper to Belt Conveyor	1,177,000	tons	NA	NA	0.0011	0.0011	0.0030	0.6474	0.6474	1.7655
		Conveyor Transfer to Barge	1,177,000	tons	NA	NA	0.0011	0.0011	0.0030	0.6474	0.6474	1.7655
		Subtotal Barge Loading								4.7080	4.7080	8.7098
P004	Railcar Unloading	Railcar Dump to Hopper	0	tons	NA	NA	0.0058	0.0058	0.0088	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000
		Hopper Transfer to Belt Conveyor	0	tons	NA	NA	0.0011	0.0011	0.0030	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000
		Belt Conveyor to Stacker	0	tons	NA	NA	0.0011	0.0011	0.0030	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000
		Stacker Transfer to Trucks	0	tons	NA	NA	0.0011	0.0011	0.0030	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000
		Subtotal Railcar Unloading								0.0000	0.0000	0.0000
P005	Railcar Loading	Front end loader dump to hopper	0	tons	NA	NA	0.0058	0.0058	0.0088	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000
		Hopper transfer to belt conveyor	0	tons	NA	NA	0.0011	0.0011	0.0030	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000
		Conveyor belt transfer to railcar	0	tons	NA	NA	0.0011	0.0011	0.0030	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000
		Subtotal Railcar Loading								0.0000	0.0000	0.0000

Appendix A-2 Notes:

Total 5.77 6.32 12.18

1. TSP and PM10 emission factors for Crane Unloading are based on AP-42, Chapter 11.19.2 (Crushed Stone Processing), Table 11.19.2-2. The PM2.5 emission factor is assumed to be equivalent to PM10.

2. Emission factors for Storage Piles are based upon AP-42, Section 13.2.4 (November 2006), with application of the appropriate size multiplier,

and assuming a wind speed of 10 mph and a variable pile-specific moisture content, as follows:

 $E = k (0.0032) (U/5)^{1.3} / (M/2)^{1.4}$

- where, k = particle size multiplier (TSP 0.74, PM10 0.35, PM2.5 0.053)
 - U = mean wind speed (mph) = 10 mph
 - M = moisture content (%)
 - E = emission factor (lbs/ton)

3. Particulate emission factors for Paved Roads are based on AP-42, Chapter 13.2.1 (Paved Roads), Equation 2 (January 2011), as follows:

$E = [k (sL)^{0.91} x (W)^{1.02}] (1 - P/4N)$

where, E = particulate emission factor (lbs/VMT)

- k = particle size multiplier for particle size range (PM 0.011, PM10 0.0022, PM2.5 0.00054)
- sL = road surface silt loading (g/m2) = 9.7 (AP-42, Table 13.2.1-3 for Iron and Steel Production)
- W = average weight of vehicles travelling road (tons) = 30
- P = number of "wet" days with at least 0.01 in. of precipitation during the averaging period = 150
- N = number of days in the averaging period = 365

Vehicle miles traveled based on 750 miles for dedicated front-end loaders + 3 miles traveled per barge (i.e., 1,500 tons) associated with barge unloading or barge loading (i.e., 1,499,500 tons/yr x 3 miles / 1,500 tons = 2,999 miles/yr) Control efficiency based on maximum of watering and sweeping activities from OEPA RACM document (75% for sweeping/vacuum, 80% for watering)

4. TSP and PM10 emission factors for Barge Loading are based on AP-42, Chapter 11.19.2 (Crushed Stone Processing), Table 11.19.2-2 for conveyor transfer and AP-42, Chapter 12.5 (Iron and Steel Production), Table 12.5-4 for front-end loader batch drops,

with no application of a 70% control efficiency for dust suppression via water sprays (occurs as needed). The PM2.5 emission factor is assumed to be equivalent to PM10.

5. TSP and PM10 emission factors for Railcar Unloading are based on AP-42, Chapter 11.19.2 (Crushed Stone Processing), Table 11.19.2 for conveyor transfer and AP-42, Chapter 12.5 (Iron and Steel Production), Table 12.5-4 for batch drops. The PM2.5 emission factor is assumed to be equivalent to PM10.

6. TSP and PM10 emission factors for Raikar Loading are based on AP-42, Chapter 11.19.2 (Crushed Stone Processing), Table 11.19.2-2 for conveyor transfer and AP-42, Chapter 12.5 (Iron and Steel Production), Table 12.5-4 for batch drops. The PM2.5 emission factor is assumed to be equivalent to PM10.

7. NA = not applicable

Appendix A-3 RiverLift Industries, Inc. West Elizabeth, PA Supporting Documentation for 2019 Emissions of Particulates

					Mean		PM 2.5	PM 10	PM			
			2019		Wind Speed	Moisture	Emission	Emission	Emission	PM 2.5	PM 10	РМ
Process	Process / Segment		Throughput		U	Content	Factor	Factor	Factor	Emissions	Emissions	Emissions
ID	Description	Drop Point Description	(units/yr)	Units	(mph)	(%)	(lbs/unit)	(lbs/unit)	(lbs/unit)	(TPY)	(TPY)	(TPY)
P002	Barge Unloading		349,200	tons	NA	NA	0.0058	0.0058	0.0088	1.0127	1.0127	1.5365
	Storage Pile #1 Bauxite		0	tons	10	5	0.00012	0.00076	0.00162	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000
	Stg. Pile #2 Bark Mulch		0	tons	10	8	0.00006	0.00040	0.00084	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000
	Stg. Pile #3 Manganese Ore		0	tons	10	5	0.00012	0.00076	0.00162	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000
	Stg. Pile #4 Hwy Salt #1		190,100	tons	10	5	0.00012	0.00076	0.00162	0.0110	0.0727	0.1537
	Stg. Pile #5 Hwy Salt #2		88,500	tons	10	5	0.00012	0.00076	0.00162	0.0051	0.0338	0.0715
	Stg. Pile #6 Manf. Sand		0	tons	10	6	0.00009	0.00059	0.00125	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000
	Stg. Pile #7 Steel Scrap		0	tons	10	5	0.00012	0.00076	0.00162	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000
	Stg. Pile #8 Shot Gravel		0	tons	10	5	0.00012	0.00076	0.00162	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000
	Stg. Pile #9 #8 Limestone		0	tons	10	6	0.00009	0.00059	0.00125	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000
	Stg. Pile #10 #57 Limestone		0	tons	10	6	0.00009	0.00059	0.00125	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000
	Stg. Pile #11 River Sand		0	tons	10	6	0.00009	0.00059	0.00125	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000
	Stg. Pile #12 #3 Limestone		0	tons	10	5	0.00012	0.00076	0.00162	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000
	Coal Storage Piles		540,700	tons	10	5	0.00012	0.00076	0.00162	0.0313	0.2067	0.4370
	Stg. Pile #13 2A Limestone		0	tons	10	6	0.00009	0.00059	0.00125	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000
		Subtotal Storage Piles								0.0474	0.3132	0.6622
	Paved Roads	Front-End Loaders	750	miles traveled	NA	NA	0.12	0.50	2.51	0.0092	0.0376	0.1879
		Articulated Rock Trucks	2,152	miles traveled	NA	NA	0.15	0.60	2.99	0.0316	0.1288	0.6440
		Subtotal Paved Roads								0.0408	0.1664	0.8320
P003	Barge Loading	Front End Loader to Hopper	727,000	tons	NA	NA	0.0058	0.0058	0.0088	2.1083	2.1083	3.1988
		Hopper to Belt Conveyor	727,000	tons	NA	NA	0.0011	0.0011	0.0030	0.3999	0.3999	1.0905
		Conveyor Transfer to Barge	727,000	tons	NA	NA	0.0011	0.0011	0.0030	0.3999	0.3999	1.0905
		Subtotal Barge Loading								2.9080	2.9080	5.3798
P004	Railcar Unloading	Railcar Dump to Hopper	33,700	tons	NA	NA	0.0058	0.0058	0.0088	0.0977	0.0977	0.1483
		Hopper Transfer to Belt Conveyor	33,700	tons	NA	NA	0.0011	0.0011	0.0030	0.0185	0.0185	0.0506
		Belt Conveyor to Stacker	33,700	tons	NA	NA	0.0011	0.0011	0.0030	0.0185	0.0185	0.0506
		Stacker Transfer to Trucks	33,700	tons	NA	NA	0.0011	0.0011	0.0030	0.0185	0.0185	0.0506
		Subtotal Railcar Unloading								0.1533	0.1533	0.2999
P005	Railcar Loading	Front end loader dump to hopper	0	tons	NA	NA	0.0058	0.0058	0.0088	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000
1		Hopper transfer to belt conveyor	0	tons	NA	NA	0.0011	0.0011	0.0030	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000
1		Conveyor belt transfer to railcar	0	tons	NA	NA	0.0011	0.0011	0.0030	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000
1		Subtotal Railcar Loading								0.0000	0.0000	0.0000
I	1											

Appendix A-3 Notes:

Total 4.16 4.55 8.71

1. TSP and PM10 emission factors for Crane Unloading are based on AP-42, Chapter 11.19.2 (Crushed Stone Processing), Table 11.19.2-2. The PM2.5 emission factor is assumed to be equivalent to PM10.

2. Emission factors for Storage Piles are based upon AP-42, Section 13.2.4 (November 2006), with application of the appropriate size multiplier,

and assuming a wind speed of 10 mph and a variable pile-specific moisture content, as follows:

 $E = k (0.0032) (U/5)^{1.3} / (M/2)^{1.4}$

- where, k = particle size multiplier (TSP 0.74, PM10 0.35, PM2.5 0.053)
 - U = mean wind speed (mph) = 10 mph
 - M = moisture content (%) E = emission factor (lbs/ton)

3. Particulate emission factors for Paved Roads are based on AP-42, Chapter 13.2.1 (Paved Roads), Equation 2 (January 2011), as follows:

$E = [k (sL)^{0.91} x (W)^{1.02}] (1 - P/4N)$

where, E = particulate emission factor (lbs/VMT)

- k = particle size multiplier for particle size range (PM 0.011, PM10 0.0022, PM2.5 0.00054)
- sL = road surface silt loading (g/m2) = 9.7 (AP-42, Table 13.2.1-3 for Iron and Steel Production)
- W = average weight of vehicles travelling road (tons) = 30
- P = number of "wet" days with at least 0.01 in. of precipitation during the averaging period = 150
- N = number of days in the averaging period = 365

Vehicle miles traveled based on 750 miles for dedicated front-end loaders + 3 miles traveled per barge (i.e., 1,500 tons) associated with barge unloading or barge loading (i.e., 1,076,200 tons/yr x 3 miles / 1,500 tons = 2,152.4 miles/yr) Control efficiency based on maximum of watering and sweeping activities from OEPA RACM document (75% for sweeping/vacuum, 80% for watering)

4. TSP and PM10 emission factors for Barge Loading are based on AP-42, Chapter 11.19.2 (Crushed Stone Processing), Table 11.19.2-2 for conveyor transfer and AP-42, Chapter 12.5 (Iron and Steel Production), Table 12.5-4 for front-end loader batch drops,

with no application of a 70% control efficiency for dust suppression via water sprays (occurs as needed). The PM2.5 emission factor is assumed to be equivalent to PM10.

5. TSP and PM10 emission factors for Railcar Unloading are based on AP-42, Chapter 11.19.2 (Crushed Stone Processing), Table 11.19.2 for conveyor transfer and AP-42, Chapter 12.5 (Iron and Steel Production), Table 12.5-4 for batch drops. The PM2.5 emission factor is assumed to be equivalent to PM10.

6. TSP and PM10 emission factors for Raikar Loading are based on AP-42, Chapter 11.19.2 (Crushed Stone Processing), Table 11.19.2-2 for conveyor transfer and AP-42, Chapter 12.5 (Iron and Steel Production), Table 12.5-4 for batch drops. The PM2.5 emission factor is assumed to be equivalent to PM10.

7. NA = not applicable

Appendix A-4 RiverLift Industries, Inc. West Elizabeth, PA Supporting Documentation for 2020 Emissions of Particulates

					Mean		PM 2.5	PM 10	PM			
			2020		Wind Speed	Moisture	Emission	Emission	Emission	PM 2.5	PM 10	PM
Process	Process / Segment		Throughput		U	Content	Factor	Factor	Factor	Emissions	Emissions	Emissions
ID	Description	Drop Point Description	(units/yr)	Units	(mph)	(%)	(lbs/unit)	(lbs/unit)	(lbs/unit)	(TPY)	(TPY)	(TPY)
P002	Barge Unloading	· · · ·	210,000	tons	NA	NA	0.0058	0.0058	0.0088	0.6090	0.6090	0.9240
	Storage Pile #1 Bauxite		0	tons	10	5	0.00012	0.00076	0.00162	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000
	Stg. Pile #2 Bark Mulch		0	tons	10	8	0.00006	0.00040	0.00084	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000
	Stg. Pile #3 Manganese Ore		0	tons	10	5	0.00012	0.00076	0.00162	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000
	Stg. Pile #4 Hwy Salt #1		155,600	tons	10	5	0.00012	0.00076	0.00162	0.0090	0.0595	0.1258
	Stg. Pile #5 Hwy Salt #2		7,500	tons	10	5	0.00012	0.00076	0.00162	0.0004	0.0029	0.0061
	Stg. Pile #6 Manf. Sand		0	tons	10	6	0.00009	0.00059	0.00125	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000
	Stg. Pile #7 Steel Scrap		0	tons	10	5	0.00012	0.00076	0.00162	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000
	Stg. Pile #8 Shot Gravel		0	tons	10	5	0.00012	0.00076	0.00162	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000
	Stg. Pile #9 #8 Limestone		0	tons	10	6	0.00009	0.00059	0.00125	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000
	Stg. Pile #10 #57 Limestone		0	tons	10	6	0.00009	0.00059	0.00125	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000
	Stg. Pile #11 River Sand		0	tons	10	6	0.00009	0.00059	0.00125	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000
	Stg. Pile #12 #3 Limestone		0	tons	10	5	0.00012	0.00076	0.00162	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000
	Coal Storage Piles		360,000	tons	10	5	0.00012	0.00076	0.00162	0.0208	0.1376	0.2910
	Stg. Pile #13 2A Limestone		0	tons	10	6	0.00009	0.00059	0.00125	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000
		Subtotal Storage Piles								0.0303	0.2000	0.4228
	Paved Roads	Front-End Loaders	750	miles traveled	NA	NA	0.12	0.50	2.51	0.0092	0.0376	0.1879
		Articulated Rock Trucks	1,497	miles traveled	NA	NA	0.15	0.60	2.99	0.0220	0.0896	0.4479
		Subtotal Paved Roads								0.0312	0.1272	0.6359
P003	Barge Loading	Front End Loader to Hopper	538,500	tons	NA	NA	0.0058	0.0058	0.0088	1.5617	1.5617	2.3694
		Hopper to Belt Conveyor	538,500	tons	NA	NA	0.0011	0.0011	0.0030	0.2962	0.2962	0.8078
		Conveyor Transfer to Barge	538,500	tons	NA	NA	0.0011	0.0011	0.0030	0.2962	0.2962	0.8078
		Subtotal Barge Loading								2.1540	2.1540	3.9849
P004	Railcar Unloading	Railcar Dump to Hopper	4,100	tons	NA	NA	0.0058	0.0058	0.0088	0.0119	0.0119	0.0180
		Hopper Transfer to Belt Conveyor	4,100	tons	NA	NA	0.0011	0.0011	0.0030	0.0023	0.0023	0.0062
		Belt Conveyor to Stacker	4,100	tons	NA	NA	0.0011	0.0011	0.0030	0.0023	0.0023	0.0062
		Stacker Transfer to Trucks	4,100	tons	NA	NA	0.0011	0.0011	0.0030	0.0023	0.0023	0.0062
		Subtotal Railcar Unloading								0.0187	0.0187	0.0365
P005	Railcar Loading	Front end loader dump to hopper	0	tons	NA	NA	0.0058	0.0058	0.0088	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000
		Hopper transfer to belt conveyor	0	tons	NA	NA	0.0011	0.0011	0.0030	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000
		Conveyor belt transfer to railcar	0	tons	NA	NA	0.0011	0.0011	0.0030	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000
		Subtotal Railcar Loading								0.0000	0.0000	0.0000

Total 2.84 3.11

6.00

Appendix A-4 Notes:

1. TSP and PM10 emission factors for Crane Unloading are based on AP-42, Chapter 11.19.2 (Crushed Stone Processing), Table 11.19.2-2. The PM2.5 emission factor is assumed to be equivalent to PM10. 2. Emission factors for Storage Piles are based upon AP-42, Section 13.2.4 (November 2006), with application of the appropriate size multiplier,

and assuming a wind speed of 10 mph and a variable pile-specific moisture content, as follows:

E = k (0.0032) (U/5)^{1.3} / (M/2)^{1.4}

where, k = particle size multiplier (TSP - 0.74, PM10 - 0.35, PM2.5 - 0.053) U = mean wind speed (mph) = 10 mph M = moisture content (%) E = emission factor (lbs/ton)

3. Particulate emission factors for Paved Roads are based on AP-42, Chapter 13.2.1 (Paved Roads), Equation 2 (January 2011), as follows:

 $E = [k (sL)^{0.91} x (W)^{1.02}] (1 - P/4N)$

where, E = particulate emission factor (lbs/VMT)

- e, e = partuculate emission factor (IDS/VMT) k = particle size multiplier for particle size range (PM 0.011, PM10 0.0022, PM2.5 0.00054) sL = raad surface silt loading (g/m2) = 9.7 (AP-42, Table 13.2.1-3 for Iron and Steel Production) W = average weight of vehicles travelling road (tons) = 30
- P = number of 'wet' days with at least 0.01 in. of precipitation during the averaging period = 150 N = number of days in the averaging period = 365

Vehicle miles traveled based on 750 miles for dedicated front-end loaders + 3 miles traveled per barge (i.e., 1500 tons) associated with barge unloading or barge loading (i.e., 748,500 tons/yr x 3 miles / 1,500 tons = 1,497 miles/yr) Control efficiency based on maximum of watering and sweeping activities from OEPA RACM document (75% for sweeping/vacuum, 80% for watering)

- 4. TSP and PM10 emission factors for Barge Loading are based on AP-42, Chapter 11.19.2 (Crushed Stone Processing), Table 11.19.2-2 for conveyor transfer and AP-42, Chapter 12.5 (Iron and Steel Production), Table 12.5-4 for front-end loader batch drops, with no application of a 70% control efficiency for dust suppression via water signaps (occurs as needed). The PM25 emission factor is assumed to be equivalent to PM10.
- a. n= mor wnu emission factors for inatiar unceaning are based on AP-42, Chapter 11.192. (Crushed Stone Processing), Table 11.192-2 for conveyor transfer and AP-42, Chapter 12.5 (Iron and Steel Production), Table 12.5-4. for batch drops
 The PM25 emission factors is sumed to be equivalent to PM10.
 TSP and PM10 emission factors is sumed to be equivalent to PM10.
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Appendix B RiverLift Industries, Inc. Jan-Dec 2017- RL Air Inventory Report

Jan-Dec 2017- RL Air Inventory Report																Outside
Barge Handling- Unloading	Jan	Feb	March	April	Мау	June	July	Aug	Sept	Oct	Nov	Dec	totals	Mode	Storage	avg stck pl sz
Distiller Dried Grain	-												-	barge unloading		
Aggregate - Gravel Sand-Barge													-	barge unloading	none - direct transferred from barge to truck	
Steel Wire													-	barge unloading		-
Steel Pipe													-	barge unloading		-
Concrete Sand													-	barge unloading		-
Coal-barge	15,000	12,000	22,500	13,500	12,000	-	15,000	9,000	9,000	10,500	10,500	10,500	139,500	barge unloading		8,000
Cotton Seed Hulls Salt 1 - Barge Unloading	1,500										7,500	9,000	- 18,000	barge unloading barge unloading		150,000
Lime	1,000										7,000	3,000	-		none - direct transferred from barge to truck	100,000
Salt 2 - Barge Unloading	1,500	15,000	9,000										25,500	barge unloading	outside	35,000
Salt 3 - Barge Unloading													-		none - direct transferred from barge to truck	
Salt 4- Barge unloading													-	barge unloading barge unloading	none - direct transferred from barge to truck	
Feed Salt - Barge unloading Stainless Steel Scrap													-		none - direct transferred from barge to truck	
Manufactured Sand - Barge													-	barge unloading		-
Magnetite													-	barge unloading	inside storage	
Fertilizer1 Potash from Barge													-	barge unloading		
2A limestone	1,500						4.500	6,000			1,500		-	barge unloading		-
Chrome Ore B Scrape	1,500						4,500	6,000			3,000	3,000	13,500 6,000	barge unloading	none - direct transferred from barge to truck	-
Bricketts											0,000	0,000	-		none - direct transferred from truck to barge	
HBI		-			-								-		none - direct transferred from barge to truck	
total barge unloading	19,500	27,000	31,500	13,500	12,000	-	19,500	15,000	9,000	10,500	22,500	22,500	202,500			
Barge Handling- Loading													-			
Steel Coils	4,500	4,500	6,000	9,000	7,500	4,500	4,500	7,500	1,500	6,000	4,500	4,500	64,500	barge loading	none - direct transferred from truck to barge	
Shredder-Scrap Iron									1,500	1,500	1,500		4,500	barge loading	none - direct transferred from truck to barge	
Magnesite	10,000	4 500	7 500	4 500	4 500	4 500	2 000	10 500	22 500	7 500	4 500	15 000	-	barge loading	truck delivery - out-loaded to barge	
Coke Coal-1	18,000 63,000	4,500 54,000	7,500 49,500	4,500 51,000	4,500 58,500	4,500 58,500	3,000 48,000	16,500 63,000	22,500 39,000	7,500 58,500	4,500 55,500	15,000 52,500	112,500 651,000	barge loading barge loading	none - direct transferred from truck to barge outside truck delivery - out-loaded to barge	8,000
Coal-2	00,000	04,000	40,000	01,000	00,000	00,000	40,000	00,000	00,000	00,000	00,000	02,000	-	barge loading	outside truck delivery - out-loaded to barge	2,500
	85,500	63,000	63,000	64,500	70,500	67,500	55,500	87,000	64,500	73,500	66,000	72,000	832,500			
Rail Handling	No activity															
Fertilizer2 Potash from Rail Bauxite										300			-	rail unloading	inside none - direct transferred from rail to truck	
Salt 5 Rail Unloading										300			300	rail unloading rail unloading	none - direct transferred from rail to truck	
Salt 1 - Rail Car Unloading	1,000	600	100										1,700	rail unloading	outside	incled in S1 above
Coke Rail Unloading													-	rail unloading	none - direct transferred from rail to truck	
Sand-Rail Unloading													-	rail unloading	inside	
Scrap - Shredder	4 000	COO	400		200 200	300 300	100	400	1,300	2,000	3,500	200 200	8,000	rail unloading	none - direct transferred from rail to truck	
Total Rail Handling	1,000	600	100	-	200	300	100	400	1,300	2,300	3,500	200	10,000			
Outside Stock Piles	Add	Takes														
Steel Wire	-	-														
Steel Pipe	-	-														
Steel Plate	40 700	40 700														
HW Salt - 1 HW Salt - 2	19,700 25,500	19,700 25,500														
Coal-1	25,500 651,000	25,500 651,000														
Coal-2	-	-														
Manganese Ore	-	-														
Vehicle Emissions- mobile equipment, fro	ont-end loader	s & cranes														
Diesel Fuel Purchased	7,840	7,532	8,004	5,582	4,971	5,213	4,595	5,648	4,413	5,967	7,259	7,316	74,340			
Boodway Sweeping	00	70	0.0	70	05	64	00	00	OF	60	00	67	000			
Roadway Sweeping Roadway Water	90 67	76 57	88 66	79 59	85 64	64 48	80 80	20 20	95 96	68 68	80 80	67 55	892 760			
Noumay mater	07	57	00	55	04	40	00	20	30	00	00	55	700			