

Allegheny County Health Department

Allegheny Energy Center Invenergy Air Permit Public Information Presentation

Elizabeth Township May 4, 2021

> JoAnn Truchan, PE Section Chief, Engineering





- Overview of the Proposed Installation
- Description of the Air Permit and Parts
- Overview of Permit Requirements
- How You Can Find Information and Make Comments
- ► Q&A



Project Location





Terminology

- ► NO_x = Nitrogen Oxides
- ► SO_x = Sulfur Oxides
- VOC = Volatile Organic Compounds
- CO = Carbon Monoxide
- ► NH₃ = Ammonia
- HAP = Hazardous Air Pollutants
- MW = Megawatt

- tpy = Tons per year
- Ib/hr = Pounds per hour
- MMBtu = Millions of British Thermal Units
- CFR = Code of Federal Regulations
- PSD = Prevention of Significant Deterioration
- NSR = New Source Review
- PJM = Pennsylvania, Jersey, Maryland Power Pool



Combined Cycle Power Turbine

- Natural gas-fired combined cycle power plant
- 1x1 configuration: 1 gas turbine x 1 steam turbine, 639 MW:
 - Heat recovery steam generator (HRSG) with supplementary natural gas-fired duct burners (DBs)
- Control technology:
 - Selective Catalytic Reduction (SCR) for NO_X control
 - Low-NO_X burners
 - Oxidation catalyst for CO and VOC control
- PJM Electrical Grid Interconnection
- Project will use Air Cooled Condensers (ACC) for cooling system
- Gas supply via existing interstate pipeline.



What is a Combined-Cycle Power Plant? Allegheny County Health Department

1. Gas turbine burns fuel:

- The gas turbine compresses air and mixes it with fuel that is heated to a very high temperature. The hot air-fuel mixture moves through the gas turbine blades, making them spin.
- The fast-spinning turbine drives a generator that converts a portion of the spinning energy into electricity.

2. Heat recovery system captures exhaust:

- A heat recovery steam generator (HRSG) captures exhaust heat from the gas turbine that would otherwise escape through the exhaust stack.
- The HRSG creates steam from the gas turbine exhaust heat and delivers it to the steam turbine.

3. Steam turbine delivers additional electricity:

The steam turbine sends its energy to the generator drive shaft, where it is converted into additional electricity.



What is a Combined-Cycle Power Plant? Allegheny County Health Department





- NO_x (nitrogen oxides) formed under high heat when oxygen reacts with nitrogen in the air. Combines with VOC to make ozone (smog)
- SO_x (sulfur oxides) formed when sulfur in the fuel reacts with oxygen
- CO (carbon monoxide) formed when carbon in the fuel does not completely react with oxygen.
- VOC (volatile organic compounds) fuel that is not completely burned
- CO₂ (carbon dioxide) a by-product of combustion



- NH₃ (ammonia) used in the NO_x control process; some can be emitted.
- H₂SO₄ (sulfuric acid mist) formed when SO_X reacts with NH₃ at low temperatures.
- HAP (hazardous air pollutants) found in fuels such as natural gas that are not easily destroyed by combustion.
 - Formaldehyde
 - Benzene
 - Ethylbenzene

- Toluene
- Xylene



How Are Emissions Controlled?

Allegheny County Health Department

Low NO_x burners

Control air and fuel mixing to lower flame temperature.

Oxidation Catalyst

Takes hydrocarbon emissions (VOC) and CO and oxidizes them into H₂O and CO₂.

Selective Catalytic Reduction (SCR)

▶ Reacts NO_X with ammonia (NH_3) to make N_2 and H_2O .



How Are Emissions Controlled?

Allegheny County Health Department

SCR SYSTEM





- Duct Burners increase the heat energy of the turbine exhaust to increase the output of the heat-recovery steam generator (these are permitted with the combustion turbine).
- Emergency Generator 2,000 kW, uses ultra-low sulfur diesel, and is limited to 100 hours/year of operation.
- Fire Water Pump 1.9 MMBtu/hr, uses ultra-low sulfur diesel, and is limited to 500 hours/year of operation.
- Auxiliary Boiler 88.7 MMBtu/hr, ultra-low-NO_x burners, flue gas recirculation.
- **Dew Point Heater –** 3.0 MMBtu/hr, keeps condensation from building up in the lines.
- **Tanks** for ammonia (for the SCR), lubricating oil, diesel fuel.



Applicable Regulations

The following Federal, State, and County air quality standards have been incorporated into the permit:

- Best Available Control Technology (BACT)
- Lowest Achievable Emission Rate (LAER)
- 40 CFR Part 60 Subpart KKKK Standards of Performance for Stationary Combustion Turbines.
- 40 CFR Part 60, Subpart TTTT Standards of Performance for Greenhouse Gas Emissions for Electric Generating Units
- 40 CFR Part 60, Subpart IIII Standards of Performance for Stationary Compression Ignition Internal Combustion Engines.
- Part 63, Subpart YYYY National Emission Standards for Hazardous Air Pollutants for Stationary Combustion Turbines.



Summary of Emissions

INVENERGY	
POLLUTANT	ANNUAL EMISSION LIMIT (tons/year)
Particulate Matter	89
Nitrogen Oxides (NO _x)	146
Sulfur Oxides (SO _x)	24
Carbon Monoxide (CO)	170
Volatile Organic Compounds (VOC)	93
Sulfuric Acid Mist	17
Ammonia	98
Total Hazardous Air Pollutants (HAP)	11
Greenhouse Gases (CO ₂ e)	1,948,493



Summary of Emissions Comparison with Other Facilities

	ANNUAL EMISSION LIMITS (tons/year)		
POLLUTANT	Allegheny Energy (Invenergy) 639 MW	Springdale Energy 372 MW	Cheswick 637 MW
Particulate Matter	89	166	1,027
Nitrogen Oxides (NO _x)	146	210	5,629
Sulfur Oxides (SO _x)	24	53	13,923
Carbon Monoxide (CO)	170	550	581
Volatile Organic Compounds (VOC)	93	48	82.1
Sulfuric Acid Mist	17	6	187.9
Ammonia	98	245	49.5



Summary of Emissions Comparison with Neighbor

	ANNUAL EMISSION LIMIT (tons/year)	
POLLUTANT	Allegheny Energy (Invenergy)	US Steel Clairton
Particulate Matter	89	1,365
Nitrogen Oxides (NO _x)	146	5,295
Sulfur Oxides (SO _x)	24	4,150
Carbon Monoxide (CO)	170	1,106
Volatile Organic Compounds (VOC)	93	370
Sulfuric Acid Mist	17	
Ammonia	98	168



Parts of the Permit

For public comment, there are 3 documents for review:

- Draft Installation Permit
- Draft Technical Support Document (TSD)
- Calculation spreadsheet
- For issuance, there is also a Comment/Response Document, which addresses all comments received, and whether a change was made to the permit due to the comment.



Parts of the Permit (Cont'd.)

- I. Contact Information
- II. Facility/Installation Description
- **III. General Conditions**
- **IV. Site Level Conditions**

- **v.** Emission Unit Level Conditions
- **VI.** Miscellaneous
- VII. Alternative Operating Scenarios
- **VIII. Emissions Limitations Summary**



Parts of the Permit (Cont'd.)

V.	EMISSION UNIT LEVEL TERMS AND CONDITIONS		
	А.	639 MEGAWATT COMBINED CYCLE POWER BLOCK (P001):	19
	B.	EMERGENCY GENERATOR (EG01):	29
	C.	AUXILIARY BOILER (B001):	32
	D.	DEW POINT HEATER (H001):	35
	E.	Aqueous Ammonia Storage Tank (T001):	37
	F.	LUBRICATING OIL STORAGE TANK (T002):	38
VI.	MI	SCELLANEOUS	39
	A.	FIRE WATER PUMP (WP01)	39
	B.	DIESEL STORAGE TANKS T003 AND T004	41
	C.	Sources of Minor Significance/Other Miscellaneous Sources	42



Subsections of the Permit

- Within each subsection of the Emission Unit Level Terms and Conditions Section, there are the following:
 - 1. Restrictions
 - 2. Testing Requirements
 - 3. Monitoring Requirements
 - 4. Recordkeeping Requirements
 - 5. Reporting Requirements
 - 6. Work Practice Standards



Restrictions

- Restrictions for the Combustion Turbine include:
 - Emissions limits
 - Requirement to use only pipeline quality natural gas
- Restrictions for the Emergency Generator and Fire Pump include:
 - Limits on fuel use and hours of operation
 - Limits on sulfur content in the fuel
- Restrictions for the Auxiliary Boiler and Dew Point Heater:
 - Emissions limits
 - Limits on allowable fuel use
- Restrictions on materials allowed to be stored in tanks



Testing Requirements

Allegheny County Health Department

Annual testing of the Combustion Turbine for NO_x

Testing for PM, PM₁₀, PM_{2.5}, SO₂, CO, NH₃, VOC, formaldehyde, and sulfuric acid mist at least once every 2 years

Testing of the Auxiliary Boiler for NO_x every 5 years



Monitoring Requirements

- Continuous emissions monitors for NO_x, CO, and O₂ on the Combustion Turbine
- Continuous monitoring of SCR operational parameters
- Meters to record the amount of fuel used in the Combustion Turbine, Auxiliary Boiler, Dew Point Heater
- Monitoring of sulfur content of the fuel used in the Combustion Turbine
- Non-resettable hour meters on the Emergency Generator and Fire Pump



For the Combustion Turbine, recordkeeping includes the following:

- Records of operation, maintenance, inspections, fuel usage, steam load, and startups/shutdowns
- Records of all air pollution control system performance evaluations and all records of calibration checks, adjustments, and maintenance performed
- **For the Emergency Generator and Fire Pump:**
 - Records of hours of operation and fuel shipments
 - Records of diesel fuel certifications from fuel suppliers



Recordkeeping Requirements (cont'd.)

Allegheny County Health Department

For the Auxiliary Boiler and Dew Point Heater:

Records of the amount of natural gas combusted, cold starts, total operating hours, and records of operation, maintenance, inspection, and calibration of equipment

For the Tanks:

Records of throughput and inspections

Additional:

- Amount of sulfur hexafluoride (SF₆) dielectric added to each circuit breaker unit on a monthly basis
- Records if a circuit breaker is activated



Reporting Requirements

- The facility will be required to submit reports every 6 months, including:
 - Results from the continuous emissions monitors
 - Total operating hours of the Emergency Generator and Fire Pump
 - ► Fuel use
 - Throughput in the tanks
 - Maintenance records



Where Can I Find the Permit Draft?

Allegheny County Health Department

Copies of the permit draft may be found on the ACHD website: <u>https://www.alleghenycounty.us/Health-Department/Programs/Air-Quality/Public-Comment-Notices.aspx</u>

Call (412) 578-8115 to request a copy



How Can I Comment on the Permit?

Allegheny County Health Department

1. Submit your comments in writing to the ACHD at

Air Quality Program 301 39th Street Building #7 Pittsburgh, PA 15201

- 1. Submit comments via email to <u>AQPermits@alleghenycounty.us</u>
- 2. Register for the virtual hearing on June 8 and give them orally



Questions?

