

Proposed Article IX Revision

Houses and Community Environment

Legend

Deletions are shown with ~~strikethroughs~~.

Additions are shown in **bolded and underlined** text.

A plain-language summary of all proposed changes is available as a separate document.

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901. PURPOSE AND EXCLUSIONS

A. PURPOSE.

This Article establishes minimum standards for the regulation **of aquatic or bathing facilities including but not limited to** ~~of~~ bathing places, hot tubs, **cold tubs**, and spas essential to prevent public health hazards in Allegheny County, setting forth minimum standards governing the condition and maintenance of bathing places, hot tubs and spas; fixing certain responsibilities and duties of owners, managers, operators, and others in control of bathing places, hot tubs and spas; issuing annual operational permits; requiring the certification of bathing place, hot tub and spa managers and operators; establishing the criteria for the qualifications of a lifeguard and establishing the requirement of the presence of lifeguards at bathing places; establishing requirements and criteria for the reporting of accidents and communicable diseases associated with bathing places; authorizing the inspection of all equipment and facilities; and providing for notices, hearings, and penalties .

B. EXCLUSIONS.

None of the provisions of this Article shall apply to therapeutic **swimming pools**, whirlpools, sensory deprivation tanks, single-family residential bathing places **except for short term rentals, or** bathing beaches, ~~or therapeutic swimming pools~~ unless specifically stated otherwise.

902. STATEMENT OF POLICY.

It is hereby declared that the inadequate provision for the management of bathing places, **bathing beaches**, hot tubs and spas endangers the public health by causing or contributing to exposure to bacteriological contaminants and pathogens, zoonotic pathogens, injuries, and drowning, and provides a breeding place for insects and animal pests, and that the establishment and maintenance of proper management standards to control these problems are essential to the public health, safety and welfare .

903. DEFINITIONS.

The following words and terms, when used in this Article, shall have the following meanings, unless the context indicates otherwise .

“Air Gap” - The unobstructed vertical distance through the free atmosphere between the lowest opening from any pipe or faucet supplying water to a tank, plumbing fixture or other device and the flood level rim of the receptacle .

“ANSI” – The American National Standards Institute .

“ANSI/APSP/ICC-1 2014” – The American National Institute., The Association of Pool & Spa Professionals, and International Code Council American National Standard for Public Swimming Pools .

“Apartment” - Rental arrangements that include three or more families or social units .

“ANSI/NSPI – 2 1999” – The American National Standards Institute and National Spa and Pool Institute, Standards for Public Spas .

“APSP” - The Association of Pool & Spa Professionals

“Automated Controller” - a system of at least one chemical probe, a controller, and auxiliary or integrated component that senses the level of one or more water parameters and provides a signal to other equipment to maintain the parameters within a user-established range .

“Automated External Defibrillator (AED)” - a portable electronic device capable of applying electrical shock through defibrillation in order to reestablish an effective heart rhythm. AED’s must be the type that guides the user through the process so that training is not needed to use the machine effectively .

“Backflow” - The flow of water or other liquids, mixtures or substances into the distributing pipes of a potable water supply from any source or sources other than the approved source .

“Bathers” – Patrons of a bathing place, bathing beach, hot tub or spa engaged in activities in the water including, but not limited to, swimming and bathing .

“Bathing Beach” - The designated area of a natural or artificially constructed pond, lake, stream, river, bay or other body of water which is used for swimming or bathing purposes together with building, equipment, and appurtenances, if any, and the land areas used in connection therewith .

“Bathing Place” - Any controlled natural or artificial place for the purpose of admitting persons for amateur, professional, or recreational swimming or bathing, whether or not a fee is charged for admission or for the use of said place, or any part thereof . A bathing place includes, but is not limited to, swimming pools, wading pools, wave pools, **cold tubs**, recirculating spray pads, exercise swimming pools, lap swimming pools, and water slides . A bathing place shall include a swimming pool owned and operated by (1) the residents of a condominium or cooperative, (2) any public or private educational institution, (3) any public or private orphanage, (4) any communal group, ~~or~~ (5) any correctional institution. .

“Commonwealth” - The Commonwealth of Pennsylvania .

“Condominium” - A building or complex on a single parcel of real property in which dwelling units, such as apartments or townhouses, are individually owned by persons, each vested with an ownership interest in common or shared parts of the parcel, such as the grounds, common walls, and building structure .

“Cross-connection” - Any physical connection or arrangement between two otherwise separate piping systems, one of which contains potable water and the other steam, gas, a chemical or water of unknown or questionable safety, whereby there may be a flow from one system to the other, the direction depending on the pressure differential between the two systems .

“Day Use” - The allowance for use of a specific bathing place by an operator to anyone from the general public for a set period of time not to exceed a 24 hour period.

“Department” - The Allegheny County Health Department .

~~“Director” - The Director of the Allegheny County Health Department or authorized representative.~~

“EEBA” - Emergency escape breathing apparatus .

“Educational Institution” – Any school, public or private, licensed by the State Department of Education to teach kindergarten through 12th grade .

“Emergency Action Plan” - A plan that details the levels of response to specific aquatic emergencies. It should identify the responder, their tasks, and equipment that is part of their task/response .

“Facility” - All land, structures, and other appurtenances or improvements where swimming or bathing is permitted or takes place .

“Facility Safety Plan” - A written document that has procedures, requirements, and/or standards for pre- and in-service employee safety training, emergency communications, emergency closure guidelines, and an Emergency Action Plan .

“Hazard”- a substantial threat or danger to health that is considered to exist when there is evidence sufficient to show that a product, practice, circumstance, or event creates a situation that requires immediate correction or cessation of operation to prevent injury based on the number of potential injuries and the nature, severity, and duration of the anticipated injury or illness.

“High Risk Bathing Place” – A bathing place, which due to its intrinsic characteristics and intended users, has a greater likelihood of affecting the health of the bathers of that venue by being at increased risk for microbial contamination (e.g., by children less than 5 years old). Examples of high risk bathing places include recirculating spray pads, wading pools and other aquatic venues designed for children less than five years old.

“Homeowner’s Association or Community Association” - An organization of all owners of units in a common interest development, and is given authority to enforce covenants, conditions, and restrictions and managing the common amenities of the development .

“Hot Tub or Spa” - A structure, designed to contain water, having a maximum depth of 48 inches used in conjunction with water recirculation systems or air injection, and utilizing, hot, cold, or ambient temperature water which is not emptied after each individual use . The term does not include therapeutic whirlpools .

“ICC” - International Code Council .

“Include” - Including, but not limited to .

“In-Kind Replacement” - An item that meets the design specifications of the item it is replacing.

~~“Homeowner’s Association or Community Association” – An organization of all owners of units in a common interest development, and is given authority to enforce covenants, conditions, and restrictions and managing the common amenities of the development .~~ **“Let” - To lease or grant the use and possession of real property whether or not for compensation.**

“Major Reconstruction” – The alteration, modification, or renovation of a bathing place which may include, but is not limited to pool deck reconstruction; gutter replacements; design changes to pumps, filters, chlorinator/brominator; change in size, shape of pool or bottom of the pool; piping size changes; changes requiring a building permit from the municipality; separating pool from wading pool system; or other items after review by the Department that are deemed to be a significant change in the structure or operation of the pool . All major reconstruction and new construction require the submission of form(s) for plan review and approval by the Department prior to the start of work . In-kind replacements of equipment including, but not limited to, pumps, filters, and chlorinator/brominators will not be considered major reconstruction.

~~“Model Aquatic Health Code” – Resource developed by the U.S Centers of Disease Control and Prevention (CDC) to help make swimming and other water related activities safer and healthier.~~

“Municipality” - A city, incorporated town, township, borough, county, any political subdivision, or any authority created by any of the foregoing .

“Notice of Violation” - A written advisory stating that a person has, through an act of omission or commission caused, allowed to be caused, or allowed to exist, a condition contrary to statutes, laws or rules and regulations . A notice of violation may include a request for an action or the development of a corrective action plan to prevent a reoccurrence of the violation .

“NFPA” - National Fire Protection Association .

“NFPA 70- NEC 2017 “ - 2017 edition of the National Electric Code, standards for electrical safety from the National Fire Protection Association .

“NSF/ANSI 50 Standard” - NSF International and American National Standards Institute Standard for Equipment for Swimming Pools, Spas, Hot Tubs and Other Recreational Water Facilities .

“Occupant” - Any individual living or sleeping in a building or having possession of a space within a building.

“Operator” - A person who operates a bathing place, bathing beach, hot tub, spa, or therapeutic swimming pool .

“Owner” - The person or municipality who is the owner of record of a facility or part of a facility . “Permit” - A permit, or any modification or amendment thereof, issued to construct or operate a swimming pool, spa or hot tub .

“Person” - A natural person, individual, corporation, municipality, county, political subdivision, partnership, association, institution, cooperative enterprise, municipal authority, Federal Government or agency, State institution, authority, agency, or any other legal entity whatsoever which is recognized by law as the subject of rights and duties. In any provisions of this Article pertaining to a fine or penalty, or any combination of the foregoing, the term “person” shall include the officers and directors of any corporation or other legal entity having officers and directors.

“Public Water Supply” - A potable water supply which meets the definition of a public water supply as that term is defined in the Pennsylvania Safe Drinking Water Act, the Act of May 1, 1984, P.L. 206, No. 43, 35 P.S. §§721 .1 et seq ., as amended .

“Recirculating Spray Pad” - A structure for use by children which is designed to collect and channel water sprayed in the air to a recirculation system without accumulating to any depth .

“Safety Data Sheet (SDS)” - A written or printed summary document concerning a hazardous chemical, compliant with the Globally Harmonized System, that provides information about the hazards of a product and advice about safety precautions .

“Secondary Disinfection System” - Those disinfection processes or systems installed in addition to the standard systems required on all bathing places, which are required to be used for high risk bathing places like wading pools and recirculating spray pads. Examples include Ultraviolet light and Ozone.

“Shallow Water” - Any area of a bathing place where the water is depth is less than 5 feet .

~~“Recirculating Spray Pad” - A structure for use by children which is designed to collect and channel water sprayed in the air to a recirculation system without accumulating to any depth.~~

“Short-term rental” - Pools, hot tubs or spas located on private property, under the control of the occupant, that is let for monetary compensation to a non-occupant for the use of said pool, hot tub, or spa.

“Standard Methods” - The Standard Methods for the Examination of Water and Wastewater 20th Edition published jointly by the American Public Health Association, American Water Works Association and Water Environment Federation, or equivalent methodology acceptable to the Department .

“Swimming Pool” - A structure which is designed to contain water and is located either indoors or outdoors and used for bathing or swimming together with buildings, appurtenances, and equipment used in connection therewith .

~~“Too Numerous To Count” - the number of microorganisms (like bacteria) is so high on a test plate that individual colonies cannot be distinguished and counted.~~

“Therapeutic Swimming Pool” - A swimming pool used exclusively for therapeutic purposes under the waterside supervision of a person licensed by the Commonwealth as a Physical Therapist and a swimming pool used exclusively for adaptive aquatics instruction/recreation under the waterside supervision of a person certified as an Adaptive Aquatics Instructor. If the pool is used for any other purpose at any time, the pool is considered to be a public bathing place . The term includes whirlpools .

“Turnover Period” - The number of minutes or hours required to completely replenish the water in a swimming pool, hot tub, or spa or recirculate a quantity of water equal to the capacity of the swimming pool, hot tub, or spa .

“Wading Pool” - A structure for use by children which is designed to contain water and is not deeper than two (2) feet .

“Waters of the Commonwealth” - Rivers, streams, creeks, rivulets, lakes, dammed water, ponds, springs and all other bodies of surface water and underground water, or parts thereof, whether natural or artificial, within or on the boundaries of the Commonwealth.

“Water Slide” - A flume designed to convey a recreational bather, with or without the aid of a device on which the bather may ride, from an elevated starting point to a pool of water or level deceleration area .

“Water Supply” - A source or sources of water, as well as any and all water treatment, storage, transmission and distribution facilities .

“Water Surface Area” - The total surface area of water accessible to the bathers, including any wading pools .

“Wave Pool” - A structure, designed to contain water, used for bathing or swimming in conjunction with a wave-making mechanical or hydraulic ram mechanism, together with buildings, appurtenances and equipment used in connection therewith .

“Whirlpool” - A structure which is designed to contain water for the submersion of parts or all of the body; is used solely for therapeutic purposes; lacks filtration and recirculation; is designed primarily for the use of one person at a time; and is completely drained at least once every twenty-four (24) hours .

904. ENTRY AND INSPECTION.

A. In order to carry out the purpose and provisions of this Article, the ~~Director~~ **Department**, upon showing proper identification of office, may enter and inspect any property, records, and equipment at all reasonable times and, in an emergency at any time . The owner, manager, operator, employee, or any person having custody or control of such property, records, or equipment shall give the ~~Director~~ **Department** free access for the purpose of such inspections .

B . Any time that the ~~Director~~ **Department** is denied access for the purpose of inspection at any facility, any permit issued under the Department’s rules and regulations ~~shall~~ **may** be immediately suspended and such suspension shall continue until such time as an inspection is made by the Department .

905. VIOLATIONS.

A . Whenever the ~~Director~~ **Department** determines that there has been a violation of any provision of this Article or any applicable laws and regulations of Allegheny County, the Commonwealth, or the United States, the ~~Director~~ **Department** may suspend the permit or may give notice of the violation to such persons and municipalities as the ~~Director~~ **Department** deems necessary to aid in the enforcement of the provisions of the regulations of Allegheny County, the Commonwealth, or the United States .

B . The notice of violations shall:

1. Be written or verbal followed by written confirmation;
- 2 . list the sections of the laws and regulations violated; and
3. ~~notify the person responsible for compliance of the right to an administrative hearing~~

C . The notice of violation may require an action or the development of a corrective action plan to prevent the recurrence of the violation .

D . A notice of violation or a notice of permit suspension shall be served upon the person responsible;

- 1 . By handing a copy to the person or employee, including lifeguards, responsible or by handing a copy to the persons designated by law to receive such notices of violation; or
2. by sending a copy to the person's last known address through U.S. Mail; and/or
- 3 . by posting a copy in a conspicuous place in or about the facility .

E . Placarding

1. When a bathing place fails to meet the requirements of this Article, and upon inspection has significant violations remaining or recurring, the ~~Director~~ **Department** is authorized to post the "Consumer Alert" placard on the bathing place .

2. If the ~~Director~~ **Department** finds at any time that conditions warrant or there is an imminent danger to the public health, they ~~shall~~ **may** suspend the health permit and post the bathing place with a placard with reads "Closed by Order of the Allegheny County Health Department" .

3 . Placards shall be posted on all patron entrance doors and gates to the bathing place so as to be clearly conspicuous to persons entering the facility . Placards shall not be concealed or removed .

4 . Placards may only be removed after all critical violations have been corrected to the satisfaction of the Department . Owner/operators of a placarded bathing place may only remove the placard at the direction of the Department .

906. HEARINGS.

Any person aggrieved by any action of the Department may request and shall be granted a hearing in accordance with the Allegheny County Health Department Rules and Regulations, Article XI, "Hearings and Appeals" .

907. EMERGENCY ORDERS.

A. Whenever the ~~Director~~ **Department** determines that an emergency exists which necessitates immediate action to protect the public health, safety, or welfare, the ~~Director~~ **Department** shall

without prior notice, cite the existence of the emergency and require corrective action necessary to abate the emergency . Notwithstanding the provisions of Sections 905 and 906 of this Article, this order shall be effective upon service and shall be complied with immediately .

B. Whether or not a property is permitted by the Department, the Department may respond to complaints, at its discretion, regarding an allegation of any hazard posed by a pool or bathing place at a private residence admitting the public for the purposes of bathing or swimming. The Department may issue citations to any aquatic or bathing structure found to be posing a public health hazard, issue orders for corrective action necessary to abate the emergency, and levy penalties for failure to comply with orders.

908. NON-COMPLIANCE WITH ORDERS OTICES OF VIOLATION: NON-COMPLIANCE.

A . Either concurrently with or following the issuance of a notice of violation, the ~~Director~~ **Department** may impose civil penalties; institute appropriate actions or proceedings in law or in equity to restrain, correct, or abate the violations; or take any other action available to cause the violation to be abated .

B. The County may recover the amount of the expense of any action taken to abate or cause abatement of any violation in accordance with the Local Health Administration Law, Act of August 24, 1951, P .L . 1304, as amended and any other applicable rules, regulations, or laws of Allegheny County, the Commonwealth, or the United States, or any amendment or reenactment thereof .

909. PERMITS.

A . It shall be unlawful for any person to construct, alter, modify, operate, or continue to operate any bathing place, bathing beach, hot tub, spa, or any structure intended to be used as a bathing place, bathing beach, hot tub, or spa without having first obtained all necessary permits required by the Commonwealth and/or the local jurisdiction.

~~This section does not apply to single-family residential bathing places that are rented for public use.~~

B . It shall be unlawful for any person to operate or continue to operate any bathing place, bathing beach, hot tub, spa or any structure intended to be used as a bathing place, bathing beach, hot tub or spa without having a valid operation permit issued by the ~~Director~~ **Department**.

1. The requirements of Section 909 do not apply to short term rentals.

C . Application for an annual operation permit shall be made to the Department on the application form provided by the Department. A separate application must be filed whenever there is a need to amend or modify an operation permit .

D . The application form for an operation permit to operate a bathing place, bathing beach, hot tub, or spa shall include such information as the Department shall deem necessary .

E. Annual operation permits issued under this Article shall expire one year from issue date. Annual operation permits shall be renewable annually, if the applicant has met all the requirements of this Article .

~~F. The Department will make every effort to notify applicants in writing within fifteen (15) business days when it receives an incomplete application .~~

F. The ~~Director~~ **Department** may refuse to issue any permit under this Article if:

1 . The applicant has outstanding, unresolved violations, or is responsible for outstanding, unresolved violations of Commonwealth, Federal, or County environmental regulations; or

2 . The applicant, through past action, has demonstrated an inability or refusal to comply with Commonwealth, Federal, or County environmental regulations; or

3 . The ~~director~~ **Department** determines that the facility poses an unreasonable health risk to the residents of Allegheny County .

G. Upon approval of the application, the ~~Director~~ **Department** shall issue an annual operation permit to the applicant provided the ~~director~~ **Department** finds that the bathing place, bathing beach, hot tub, or spa complies with the standards contained in this Article, and all other applicable rules, regulations, and laws of Allegheny county, the United States, and the Commonwealth .

~~I. The Department will make every effort to take action on complete applications within thirty (30) days of receipt .~~ H All annual operation permits issued under this Article are non-transferable .

I. At least ten (10) days prior to the sale or transfer of any facility permitted under this Article, the Department shall be notified, in writing, of such contemplated sale or transfer.

J. Annual operation permits may be suspended by the Department at such times when provisions of these rules and regulations are not adhered to .

K. The ~~Director~~ **Department** may authorize a temporary permit if the provisions of Section 909 of this Article are met .

L. The operation permit, or a facsimile thereof, issued by this Department or a notice of its availability as well as the State Department of Health permit, or a facsimile thereof, or a notice of its availability must be posted within the physical confines of the facility so as to be readily visible.

M. Review of Plans and Fees for Bathing Places .

1 . All major reconstruction, and new construction of public bathing places require the submission of form(s) for plan review and approval by the Department prior to the start of work . The plans must be reviewed in order to determine whether the work will fall under the definition of major reconstruction and thus requires plan review and approval .

(a) If an applicant is uncertain whether a planned reconstruction is major, thus requiring an application for plan review and approval, the owner/operator of the bathing place may submit a request for clarification from the Department . The Department may request additional information to make this determination

2 . The plan review fee will be determined by the ~~Director~~ **Department**.

3 . Design plans for public swimming pools shall comply **with the most current versions of** Title 34, Labor and Industry Part XIV, Uniform Construction Code Chapter 401, Uniform Construction Code Training and certification of Code Administrators and the “American National Standards for Public Swimming Pools” issued by ANSI (~~ANSI/APSP/ICC-1 2014~~) and Public Bathing Law (35 P .S . §§ 672-680d)

4 . Design plans for public hot tubs and spas shall comply with **the most current versions of** Title 34, Labor and Industry Part XIV, Uniform Construction Code Chapter 401, Uniform Construction Code Training and Certification of Code Administrators and the “American National Standard for Public Spas” issued by ANSI and NSPI (~~ANSI/NSPI-2 1999~~) .

910. FEE SCHEDULE ~~INSPECTION FEES.~~

The owner or operator of each facility in Allegheny County required to be inspected by the Department under this regulation shall annually pay an Inspection Fee . All fees required by this Section shall be set forth in a schedule as determined by the ~~Director~~ **Department** and the Board of Health every three years .

911. PUBLIC NOTICES.

The owner or operator of a bathing place, bathing beach, hot tub, or spa shall post in a conspicuous location the following information for the public .

A . A notice that the following information is available for the information of the public upon request: 1 . A copy of the most recent electrical inspection;

2 . A copy of the most recent bacteriological monitoring results;

A copy of the lifeguard certification, first aid certification, and cardiopulmonary resuscitation certification for each lifeguard employed at the facility;

4 . A copy of all applicable Safety Data Sheets (SDS);

A copy of the Bathing Place Manager or operator certification;

6 . A copy of this Article .

B . Hot tubs and spas shall be posted with the following:

1 . Signage indicating:

- a. Prohibition of the use of the hot tub or spa by children under five (5) years of age;
- b. Pregnant women or women who are possibly pregnant and people with heart disease, high blood pressure or other health problems should not use spa without prior consultation with a healthcare provider;
- c. The use of narcotics, drugs, alcohol, or certain medications while using spa may lead to serious consequences and is not recommended;
- d. Do not use alone;
- e. Long exposure may result in hypothermia, hyperthermia, nausea, dizziness or fainting;
- f. The location of the emergency shut off switch .

C . All bathing places shall post signs at the pool entrance stating “Report all incidents involving vomitus, fecal contamination or unsafe conditions to management immediately”. **Such notice shall include contact details for a responsible party** ~~the management.~~

D . All bathing places shall post a sign at **a conspicuous location** ~~pool entrance~~ stating the hours of operation .

912. LIFEGUARDS.

A . Lifeguard(s) shall be on duty at the waterside at all times when a bathing place or bathing beach is used by swimmer(s) or bather(s) and shall not be assigned other tasks that will divert their attention from the safety of the swimmer(s) or bather(s) .

B . Each owner and operator of a bathing place and bathing beach shall develop and maintain on site a written plan detailing the number of lifeguard(s) to be present at waterside whenever one or more bathers or swimmers are using the bathing place and bathing beach . Such plan is based on the surface area of the pool and bather load and shall meet the following minimum criteria:

- 1. 4000 square feet or less: One (1) lifeguard for the first **fifty** (50) bathers and one (1) additional lifeguard for the next **fifty** (50) bathers. Thereafter a minimum of three (3) lifeguards for 101 bathers or more. At no time may there be less than two certified lifeguards present and available to aid bathers when the bathing place is open and operational .

2. 4,001 to 8,000 square feet: Two (2) lifeguards for the first **fifty** (50) bathers and one (1) additional lifeguard for the next **fifty** (50) bathers or part thereof. One (1) additional lifeguard for each additional 150 bathers or part thereof to a maximum of 400 bathers. Thereafter a minimum of six (6) lifeguards for 401 bathers or more.

3. 8,001 to 12,000 square feet: Three (3) lifeguards for the first **fifty** (50) bathers and one (1) additional lifeguard for the next **fifty** (50) bathers or part thereof. One (1) additional lifeguard for each additional 150 bathers or part thereof to a maximum of 400 bathers. Thereafter a minimum of seven (7) lifeguards for 401 bathers or more.

4 . 12,001 square feet or more: Four (4) lifeguards for 12,001-16,000 square feet and (1) additional lifeguard for each additional 4,000 square feet of surface area, or fraction thereof . The minimum number of lifeguards required by square footage is required for the first 100 bathers and one (1) additional lifeguard for each 150 bathers or part thereof . Thereafter, a minimum of ten (10) lifeguards for 851 bathers or more .

5. Under circumstances when the ability of a certified lifeguard to survey 4,000 square feet of water surface area is impaired, such as when the size or shape, or both, of the bathing place prevents the certified lifeguard from monitoring the assigned area from a designated location, the Department may require additional certified lifeguards to assure the safety of the bathers.

6 . When a wading pool is physically contained within a facility with other bathing places required to have certified lifeguards, and the wading pool is not separated from the main pool by a barrier of any kind, the certified lifeguard must have an unobstructed view of the entire wading pool from a certified lifeguard's assigned station. If the certified lifeguard does not have an unobstructed view, an additional certified lifeguard shall be on duty to guard only the wading pool . The following requirements apply at facilities with a wading pool that do not have to have a dedicated lifeguard pursuant to Section .912 .B .(7):

a . The facility shall ensure that all children in the wading pool are supervised by a responsible parent and/or caregiver at all times. The procedure for how the facility intends to ensure parent/caregiver supervision must be included within the Facility Safety Plan .

b . The facility shall post signage stating that children in the wading pool must be supervised at all times by a responsible parent/caregiver .

7 . While performing their duties, a lifeguard must assume the most advantageous position available to observe his/her assigned sector of coverage . The most advantageous position may be a lifeguard chair, standing at pool side, or roving so that glare on the water or any other obstruction may be reduced, thereby enabling the greatest amount of protection to be provided under the given circumstances .

8. The operator may reduce the water surface area by closing portions of the swimming area with a rope and float line, provided that the operator maintains adequate notification

and supervision to prevent patrons from entering the closed portions of the swimming area. For the purposes of this section, “adequate” means sufficient to accomplish the task, but it does not require any additional certified lifeguards above the minimum number established in this section.

C. Qualifications

~~1- Lifeguards shall be capable swimmers, skilled in lifeguarding methods evidenced by their possession~~ **possess** a current and valid certificate ~~s or other proof of proficiency of~~ **in** lifeguarding skills, **first aid, & cardiopulmonary resuscitation** from **a recognized lifeguard certifying authority approved** by the **Pennsylvania Department of Health** Commonwealth of Pennsylvania offering instructions in lifeguarding fields.

~~2. Lifeguards shall have current and valid certifications in American Red Cross Standard First Aid or its equivalent.~~

~~3. Lifeguards shall have current and valid certifications in adult cardiopulmonary resuscitation from the American Red Cross or equivalent. Effective June 1, 1995 Lifeguards shall have current and valid certifications in adult, child and infant cardiopulmonary resuscitation from the American Red Cross or equivalent.~~

D . Educational, Instructional, and Competitive Use of Public Bathing Places .

1. When a public bathing place or bathing beach is being used exclusively **ly** for elementary school, middle school, secondary school, or collegiate intrascholastic or interscholastic competition, training or practice or when a public bathing place is being used exclusively for organized swim team competition, training and practice, the responsible person shall comply with all lifeguard/water safety requirements, policies, guidelines or standards of the High School Associations (NF), National Collegiate Athletic Association (NCAA), National Association of Intercollegiate Athletics (NAIA), United States Swimming Association, US Diving, Inc ., YMCA, or other nationally recognized governing organization .

When a public bathing place or bathing beach is being used exclusively for aquatic instruction under the auspices of the American Red Cross, YMCA, YWCA, Boy Scouts of America, Girl Scouts USA, or nationally recognized organization with written aquatic safety/lifeguarding policies, guidelines or standards of the respective national organization, the written aquatic safety/lifeguarding policies, guidelines or standards of the respective national organization shall be followed .

2. When a public bathing place or bathing beach is being used exclusively for aquatic competition, training, practice, or instruction other than as specified in Sections 912.D.(1) or 912.D.(2), the facility must comply with the requirements of 912 .B .

~~4- 3.~~ Any time Sections 912 .D .(1) or 912 .D .(2) of this Article do not apply, the facility must comply with the requirements of Sections 912 .A and 912 .B of this Article .

E. Exemptions

Facilities falling within the following exemptions remain subject to the requirements of 912

F.

1. Bathing places owned and operated by a condominium association or a residential unit owner's association, for the exclusive use of residents and their guests, are exempt from the requirements of this Section.
2. Hot tubs, **cold tubs**, and spas are exempt from the requirements of this Section.

A facility ~~An apartment, hotel, or motel~~ may be exempt from the requirements of this Section if all of the following conditions are met:

- a. The bathing place must not be deeper than five feet at any point.

~~Facilities constructed prior to the effective date of this Article are exempt from the requirements of Section 912.E.3.a;~~

- b . Bathing place must not allow for unsupervised children under the age of **fourteen** (14) years;

Bathing place must have a configuration so that any point on the water's surface does not exceed **thirty (30) feet from the nearest deck;**~~30 feet from nearest deck;~~

feet from the nearest deck;

- d . The bathing place must not have an induced current or wave action, including but not limited to wave pools and lazy rivers;

- e . The bathing place must not have a waterslide;

- f . The bathing place must not have any location at which bathers enter the water from any height above the deck including but not limited to diving boards, drop slides, starting platforms, starting blocks, and/or climbing walls .

- g. **The bathing place must not serve or sell alcohol within the fenced area or enclosure of the bathing place.**

- h. **The bathing place must not allow day-use of the bathing-place for the general public, whether or not for a fee.**

When a ~~hotel, motel, or apartment~~ **facility** that is normally exempted from the requirement to maintain a lifeguard holds an event that allows use of the bathing place by the public (non-guests/residents), or charges a fee for admission, a qualified lifeguard must be provided in accordance with Sections 912 A-D.

- 5 . When a school pool is opened to non-student bathers and the use does not fall under section 912 .D, a qualified lifeguard must be provided.

~~6. The operator may reduce the water surface area by closing portions of the swimming area with a rope and float line, provided that the operator maintains adequate notification and supervision to prevent patrons from entering the closed portions of the swimming area. For the purposes of this section, “adequate” means sufficient to accomplish the task, but it does not require any additional certified lifeguards above the minimum number established in this section.~~

67. 912-C will apply to exempted bathing places if they provide individuals at pool side identified as “lifeguards”.

F. All facilities exempt from the requirement to provide certified lifeguard(s) must do the following:

1 . Post the following additional signage in a conspicuous location at all times:

- a . Cardiopulmonary Resuscitation (CPR) posters that are up-to-date with the latest CPR programs and protocols;
- b . Signage indicating a telephone number to report problems to the owner/operator;
- c. Signage stating that a qualified lifeguard is not on duty;
- d . Signage stating that persons under the age of fourteen (14) cannot be in the facility without direct adult supervision, meaning children shall be in adult view at all times;
- e . Signage stating where in the facility the First Aid Kit can be found; Signage stating where in the facility the Automated External Defibrillator (AED) can be found.

2 . Provide the following safety equipment in lieu of the safety equipment requirements of section 919 .A .1-6 .

- a . One (1) or more reaching devices of at least ten (10) feet in length . These devices may include, but are not limited to, poles, shepherd crooks, and any reasonable means to extend the person’s reach. These devices shall be placed adjacent to the pool so as to be readily available .
- b . One (1) or more throwing buoys, not more than twenty-four (24) inches in diameter . These devices must have at least thirty (30) feet of 3/16-inch line attached . These devices must be placed adjacent to the pool and be readily accessible . A first aid kit containing the items in Appendix A filled and readily accessible for emergency use.

d . An operable hardwired telephone with a list of emergency telephone numbers to be maintained within the public bathing place enclosure . Phone must be located so as to be accessible to patrons . Cord must be short enough so that the phone's handset cannot reach the water's edge. If phone cannot be located within the bathing place enclosure, it must be within close proximity to the bathing place enclosure, and a sign will be provided to describe the location of the hardwired telephone . The requirements of this Subparagraph 909.F(2)(d) shall become effective six (6) months from the Effective Date of this Article.

e . Provide a functional AED that is accessible to patrons . The requirements of this Subparagraph 909.F(2)(e) shall become effective six (6) months from the Effective Date of this Article.

G . Public bathing places which require three or more lifeguards on duty while operating must insure that a lifeguardsupervisor or some other person identified by the pool manager/owner/operator provide the following:

- 1 . Supervision and training of lifeguard staff;
- 2 . Testing and interviewing prospective lifeguard applicants;
- 3 . Provide pre-season and in-service training and test the rescue skills of the lifeguard through planned training exercises.

H . A lifeguard supervisor shall be designated in the lifeguard plan whose duties and responsibilities include:

- 1 . Being physically present at all times that the bathing place is open for business .
- 2 . Insuring that lifeguard protection is provided for pool patrons

I. In addition to 912.G, the lifeguard supervisor or some other person will be identified by position title by the pool manager/owner/operator, who will be responsible for the following, **as necessary:**

- 1 . Educating patrons regarding the rules and regulations of the facility and enforcing the rules as necessary to maintain a pleasant and hazard free environment.
- 2 . Taking corrective action to eliminate hazardous conditions .
- 3 . Develop and implement facility safety plan and emergency action plan .
- 4 . Supervise the safety inspection, general care, and cleaning of the facility.

913. REGISTERED BATHING PLACE MANAGERS.

A . ~~Effective January 1, 1998 -~~ **No** person shall operate a bathing place, bathing beach, hot tub or spa in Allegheny County ~~who does not employ~~ **without employing** the services of a

registered bathing place manager registered by the Department.as proficient in the requirements of this Article

B . In order to become a registered bathing place manager by the Department, one must:

1. Complete an application provided by the Department. Each application must be accompanied by a filing fee; ~~Any person desiring registration by the Department shall complete an application make written application on forms provided by the Department. Each application must be accompanied by a filing fee.~~

2. Have successfully completed a course in the management and operation of a bathing place, bathing beach, hot tub, or spa offered by the National Swimming Pool Foundation, or other course acceptable to the Department;

3. Provide written proof that the above-mentioned course is completed. This proof must display an expiration date of five years or less from the date of the issue to that effect; and

4. Have passed a proficiency test by the Department or any other proficiency test acceptable to the Department.

~~1. Have successfully completed a course in the management and operation of a bathing place, bathing beach; hot tub or spa offered by The National Swimming Pool Foundation, or other source acceptable to the Director Department and show written proof which must display an expiration date of five years or less from the date of issue to that effect~~

~~2. Have passed a proficiency test offered by the Department or other proficiency test acceptable to the Department Director.~~

C . The ~~R~~registered ~~B~~bathing ~~P~~place ~~M~~anager .shall visit the bathing place, bathing beach, hot tub or spa ~~spa or hot tub~~ during each day of use to assure ensure compliance with the provisions of this Article . The manager shall documentsuch daily these visits on a daily log sheet or other verifiable record and indicate any actions taken to maintain compliance with this article. The documentation must be signed by the bathing place manager. ~~By placing their signature on the daily log sheet or other verifiable record.~~

E. Registered ~~B~~bathing ~~P~~place ~~M~~anager .shall reapply for renewal every five (5) years and meet the training and proficiency requirements of the Department.

F . **The Department reserves the right to suspend or revoke the registration of a bBathing Pplace Mmanager as follows** Whenever the Director Department determines that a ~~rRegistered bBathing pPlace mManager~~ is responsible for violations of any critical provisions of the Article, the Department may suspend or revoke their registration as 1.

Notice of such suspension or revocation shall be served as specified by Section 905D of this Article.

2 . A hearing shall be afforded as provided by Section 906 of this Article .

3 . A person whose registration has been suspended or revoked shall meet the requirements of the Department prior to resuming duties of a ~~R~~registered ~~B~~bathing ~~P~~place ~~M~~anager .

G . All fees required by this Section shall be set forth in a schedule as determined by the ~~Director~~ Department upon consultation with the Board of Health. ~~every three years~~

H. Any other registration, certification or licensure by the Commonwealth or other entity shall not satisfy the requirements of this section .

I . Bathing places, bathing beaches, hot tubs and spas owned and operated by a Condominium Association or a Residential Unit Owners Association for the exclusive use of condominium association members and their guests are exempt from the requirements of this Section.

914. CIRCULATION AND FILTRATION.

A . Water shall be introduced to and withdrawn from a bathing place, hot tub, or spa so as to provide adequate, uniform circulation at all times. All bathing places, hot tubs and spas shall maintain adequate, uniform disinfectant residual at all times .

B. All bathing places, hot tubs, and spas shall be provided with a recirculation and filtration system capable of maintaining bacteriological, chemical, and physical standards established by this Article. ~~If at any point this is not possible the facility shall close to bathers~~

C . Turnover Periods .

1 . The turnover period for wading pools shall be one (1) hour or less . Wading pools constructed prior to the effective date of April, 2018 ~~4/2018~~ are permitted to have a turnover period of 2 hours or less, and will only be required to come into compliance if major reconstruction is performed .

2 . The turnover period for recirculating spray pads shall be thirty (30) minutes or less

. 3 . The turnover period for hot tubs and spas shall be thirty (30) minutes or less .

4 . **The turnover period for swimming pools shall be six (6) hours or less. Swimming pools constructed prior to January 1, 2008 are permitted to have a turnover period of eight (8) hours or less, and will only be required to come into compliance if major reconstruction is performed.** ~~The turnover period for all other~~

~~bathing places shall be eight (8) hours or less. Pools constructed after January 1, 2000 shall have a turnover period of 6 hours or less.~~

D. Overflow facilities shall be provided and water levels maintained to effectively remove scum, debris, or other floating matter.

E. The bottom of the bathing place, hot tub, or spa shall be vacuumed or otherwise cleaned as frequently as necessary to keep the bottom free of all foreign matter .

915. WATER CLARITY.

All water in a bathing place, hot tub, or spa shall be sufficiently clear to permit the bottom of the deepest portion to be readily visible from pool side . Water clarity shall be determined by meeting one of the following criteria:

A. A black disk six (6) inches in diameter on a white field (a secchi) placed at that point which is greatest in depth is clearly visible from the deck around the deep area .

B . The protective cover over the main drain is clearly visible from the deck around the deep area . The protective cover over the main drain shall be painted a contrasting color in relationship to the color of the pool floor.

916. WATER QUALITY.

A . Bacteriological . All bathing places, bathing beaches, hot tubs, and spas shall be maintained in such a manner as to assure that the bacteriological quality of the water meets or exceeds the standards established by this Department .

1 . The water quality in a bathing place, hot tub or spa shall be determined through the collection and analysis of water samples for the presence of coliform bacteria and Heterotrophic plate counts in accordance with Standard Methods procedures: Sections (9221A, 9221B, and 9221C, or 9222A, and 9222B, or 9222C or

9223 A and 9223 B, for coliform, and Section 9215 for Heterotrophic plate counts .) The water in a bathing place, hot tub or spa shall be considered contaminated when one of the following conditions exists:

a For coliform testing, on initial sampling:

Standard: Using any of the Standard Methods described in section 916 A. (1) above, a confirmed or verified quantitative result is obtained indicating the presence of two or more ~~greater than one~~ colony-forming units per 100 mL of water .

b . For coliform testing, on follow-up sampling:

Standard: Using any of the Standard Methods described in section 916 A. (1) above, a confirmed or verified quantitative result is obtained indicating the presence of **two or more** ~~greater than one~~ colony-forming units per 100 mL of water .

c . For coliform testing, on multiple consecutive samples, two (2) of any ten (10) consecutive samples show:

Standard: Using any of the Standard Methods described in section 916 A. (1) above, a confirmed or verified quantitative result is obtained indicating the presence of **two or more** ~~greater than one~~ colony-forming units per 100 mL of water

d . Heterotrophic plate counts must be processed according to method (9215) using at least two plates per dilution .

Standard: (i) If Heterotrophic plate counts are in excess of two hundred (200) colony forming units per ml in two (2) consecutive samples, or

Standard: (ii) If Heterotrophic plate counts are in excess of two hundred (200) colony forming units ~~per~~ **mL** ~~milliliter~~ in more than ten (10) percent of any series of samples .

2 . In addition to the requirements in Section 916 .A(1), the water quality in a hot tub or spa shall be determined through the collection and analysis of water samples for the presence of either staphylococci or fecal streptococci bacteria .

The water in a bathing place, hot tub or spa shall be considered contaminated when one of the following conditions exists:

a . Tests for the presence of staphylococci shall be conducted according to Standard Method 9213B .6 Membrane Filter technique, or Modified Multiple Tube procedure.

Standard: (i) When the Membrane Filter or Modified Multiple Tube technique is used, test results for the presence of staphylococci exceeds five (5) colonies per 100 ml in any sample.

Standard: (ii) When the Membrane Filter or Modified Multiple Tube technique is used, test results for the presence of staphylococci exceeds two (2) colonies per 100 ml in any two (2) consecutive samples.

Standard: (iii) When the Membrane Filter test or Modified Multiple Tube technique is used, test for the presence of staphylococci exceeds one (1) colony per 100 mL in more than thirty (30) percent of any series of samples .

b . Tests for the presence of fecal streptococci shall be conducted according to Standard Method 9230 .B or 9230 .C and must meet the following criteria: A minimum sample volume of 50 mL must be tested . Regardless of the sample volume tested, the quantitative result obtained must be reported as colony forming units per 100 mL of sample . The water in the hot tub or spa shall be considered as contaminated when one of the following conditions exists:

Standard: When the Membrane Filter (9230 .C) or multi-tube fermentation technique (9230 .B) is used to analyze the samples for fecal streptococci a confirmed or verified result is obtained indicating that Fecal Streptococci exceeds 2/100 mL.

3 . The water quality in a bathing beach shall be determined through the collection and analysis of water samples for the presence of fecal coliform bacteria using Standard Methods: 9221B/9221E, Fecal Coliform Procedure or 9222D, Membrane Filter Procedure or 9222E, Delayed incubation Fecal Coliform procedure . The water must meet the following laboratory test criteria:

- a. Fecal coliform count shall not exceed 1000/100 ml in any single sample.
- b. The fecal coliform density in at least five (5) consecutive samples of the water taken over not more than a thirty (30)-day period shall not exceed a geometric mean of 200 per 100 milliliters.

B . Chemical . All bathing places, bathing beaches, hot tubs, and spas shall be maintained in such a manner as to assure that the chemical quality of the water meets or exceeds the standards established by this Department.

- 1 . Bathing Places . The pH of the water must be maintained between 7 .2 and 7 .8 .
2. Bathing Beaches. The water in bathing beaches shall be considered to exceed the chemical quality standards when the Department determines that any substance is being discharged or may be discharged into the water that is or may be hazardous to the health of persons using the bathing beach .
- 3 . Hot Tubs and Spas . The pH of the water must be maintained between 7 .2 and 7 .8 .

C. Temperature. The temperature of the water in any bathing place, hot tub or spa shall not exceed 104°F.

917. DISINFECTION.

Bathing places, hot tubs, and spas must be equipped with an approved device to provide continuous disinfection to prevent the growth of pathogenic organisms .

A . Bathing Places .

- 1 . Where chlorine gas, calcium hypochlorite, sodium hypochlorite, lithium hypochlorite, or salt electrolytic chlorine generators are used for disinfection, the free chlorine residual in the water in all parts of the facility shall be not less than 1 .0 ppm (mg/l) nor more than 5 .0 ppm . ~~The ideal range for free chlorine is 2.0 to 4.0 ppm.~~ Combined chlorine shall not exceed ~~0.2~~ 0.4 ppm.
- 2 . Where bromine is used for disinfection, the total bromine residual in the water in all parts of the facility shall be not less than 2 .0 ppm (mg/l) nor more than 10 ppm . The ideal range for total bromine is 4 .0 to 6 .0 ppm .
- ~~3 . Where iodine is used for disinfection the total iodine residual in the water in all parts of the facility shall be not less than 1.0 ppm (mg/l).~~

B . Hot Tubs and Spas .

- 1 . Where chlorine gas, calcium hypochlorite, sodium hypochlorite, or lithium hypochlorite is used for disinfection, the free chlorine residual in the water of the hot tub or spa shall be not less than 2 .0 ppm (mg/l) nor more than 10 .0 ppm . The ideal range of free chlorine is 3 .0 to 5 .0 ppm . ~~The ideal range for free chlorine is 2.0 to 4.0 ppm.~~ Combined chlorine shall not exceed 0.24 ppm.
- 2 . Where bromine is used for disinfection, the total bromine residual in the water of the hot tub or spa shall be not less than 2 .0 ppm (mg/l) nor more than 10 .0 ppm . The ideal range for total bromine is 4 .0 to 6 .0 ppm .
- ~~4 . Where iodine is used for disinfection, the total iodine residual in the water in all parts of the facility shall be not less than 1.0 ppm (mg/l).~~
- 4 . All hot tubs and spas regardless of the standard disinfectant shall be shocked daily to 5 .0 ppm free chlorine, and at least once each week from 5 .0 to 10 .0 ppm free chlorine . If the hot tub or spa is drained daily, the operator is exempt from the requirements of this subsection.

C . Automated Controllers

- 1 . All newly constructed bathing places or bathing places undergoing major reconstruction shall install automated controllers for monitoring and turning on or off chemical feeders used for pH and disinfectants . Automated controllers do not negate the requirements of Section 918 for poolside sampling to be performed .

D . Secondary Disinfection

- 1 . The following types of bathing places shall be required to install and use a secondary disinfection system listed and labeled to NSF/ANSI 50:

- a . Wading Pools: For new construction or major reconstruction .
- a. Recirculating Spray Pads: All existing and newly constructed facilities. ~~For existing recirculating spray pads, the effective date of this Subsection 917.D(1)(b) shall be six (6) months from the Effective Date of this Article. .~~
- c . Any other bathing place intended mainly for the use of children five (5) and under: For new construction or major reconstruction .

E. When cyanuric acid is used as a stabilizer, the concentration may not exceed fifty (50) ppm in the bathing place, hot tub, or spa .

918. MONITORING.

All bathing places, bathing beaches, hot tubs, and spas must monitor the water quality in accordance with the criteria established by this Article . All monitoring results must be recorded on forms provided by the Department or the independent laboratory. A copy of the results must be kept on file for three (3) years by the pool owner. Any corrective action taken shall be documented in the appropriate records .

A . Bathing Places .

1 . Bacteriological quality must be monitored once each week a facility is open for aquatic purposes in accordance with the requirements of Section 916 of this Article . All sample analyses must be performed by a laboratory certified by the Commonwealth in accordance with the provisions of 25 Pa Code Chapter 109, "Safe Drinking Water" .

- a . Swimming pools and wave pools greater than 100,000 gallons in volume shall collect one (1) sample from the shallow end of each swimming pool and one (1) from the deep end of each swimming pool twelve (12) inches below the surface of the water .

- b . Swimming pools, wave pools, and wading pools less than or equal to 100,000 gallons in volume shall collect one (1) sample from the shallow end of the pool twelve (12) inches below the surface of the water .

- c . Recirculating spray pads shall collect one (1) sample from the return water prior to the application of the water to the filter if there is filtration. Spray pads which discharge to waste and do not recirculate and filter the water are not required to conduct routine bacteriological monitoring.

2 . Chemical quality must be monitored as follows:

- a . **Free chlorine (or bromine), combined chlorine, and pH shall be monitored prior to opening.**

i. Facilities that use a manual disinfectant feed system shall monitor free chloring (or bromine), combined chlorine, and pH every two (2) hours the facility is open to the public.

ii. Facilities that use an automatic disinfectant feed system shall monitor free chlorine (or bromine), combined chlorine, and pH every four (4) hours the facility is open to the public. ~~Outdoor bathing places shall monitor the free disinfectant residual (when chlorine is used, the combined chlorine must also be monitored) and pH prior to opening each day and at least one each two (2) hours the facility is open, except condominium and home owner association pools that do not employ lifeguards are permitted to monitor at opening, mid day and evening, (3 times and day)~~

~~b. Indoor bathing places shall monitor the free disinfectant residual (when chlorine is used, the combined chlorine must also be monitored) and pH once each six (6) hours the facility is open.~~

b. ~~e.~~ When cyanuric acid is used as a stabilizer, it must be monitored and recorded at least weekly .

3 . When secondary disinfection is utilized, the following monitoring schedules shall be followed:

a . Ozone system monitoring frequency:

Parameter	Monitoring Frequency	Recording Frequency
ORP	Continuous	Every 4 hours
Control System Indicating O ₃ Being Created	Continuous	Every 4 hours
Operational Indicators in Range	Continuous	Every 4 hours
O ₃ Within Six (6) Inches of Water Surface	Annual	Annual

b . UV system monitoring frequency:

Parameter	Monitoring Frequency	Recording Frequency
Flow Rate	Continuous	Every 4 hours
Intensity	Continuous	Every 4 hours
Water Temperature (MP Medium Pressure)	Continuous	Daily
Set Point For Intensity	Continuous	Daily
UV Lamp On/Off Cycles	Continuous	Weekly (Total Cycles/Week)
Iron, Calcium Hardness	Weekly (If Fouling Is Prevalent)	Weekly

Parameter	Monitoring Frequency	Recording Frequency
UVT (UV Transmittance) Analyzer Calibration	Weekly	Weekly
Calibration Of Intensity	Annual	At Time Of Calibration
Calibration of Flow Meter	Per Manufacturer's Requirements	At Time Of Calibration

B . Bathing Beaches . Bacteriological quality must be monitored daily each day the facility is open for aquatic purposes in accordance with the requirements of Section 916 of this Article . All sample analyses must be performed by a laboratory certified by the Commonwealth in accordance with the provisions of 25 Pa Code Chapter 109, “Safe Drinking Water” .

C . Hot Tubs and Spas .

1 . Bacteriological quality must be monitored once each week the facility is open for aquatic purposes in accordance with the requirements of Section 916 of this Article unless there is an exceedance of the standards established in Section 916, in which case ~~the bacteriological quality must be monitored daily until no exceedance has occurred for at least seven (7) consecutive days or~~ the hot tub or spa shall be drained, **disinfected**, refilled, and shock chlorinated prior to use. **A clean bacteriological report is required before the facility may open for aquatic use.** One (1) representative sample must be collected from each hot tub or spa for each monitoring period. All sample analyses must be performed by a laboratory certified by the Commonwealth in accordance with the provisions of 24 Pa Code Chapter 109, “Safe Drinking Water” .

2 . **Monitoring** . ~~Chemical quality.~~ **Prior to opening, if an automated controller is installed** ~~Free disinfectant residual (when chlorine is used, the combined chlorine must also be monitored) and~~ pH, **and temperature** must be monitored **every** ~~at least four hours for once every hour~~ each hot tub or spa. **If no automated controller is installed, free disinfectant residual, pH, and temperature must be monitored every two hours.** ~~Is open~~

3. ~~Temperature — The temperature of the water must be monitored prior to opening each day and once each hour each hot tub or spa is open.~~

D . Automated Controller Monitoring . When an automated controller is utilized, the following monitoring procedures shall be followed:

1 . Operation manuals or other instructions that give clear directions for cleaning and calibrating automated controller probes and sensors shall be provided in close proximity to the automated controller.

2 . Automated controllers shall be monitored in person by visual observation at the start of the operating day to ensure proper functioning .

3 . Probes shall be inspected for fouling or malfunction as often as is necessary to ensure proper functioning.

E . Special Monitoring . The ~~Director~~ Department may require additional monitoring to provide information on contamination of the bathing place, bathing beach, hot tub, or spa where a potential health hazard may exist in the water and monitoring required by this Article may not be adequate to protect the public health .

F . All disinfectant monitoring shall be performed using the diethyl-p- phenylenediamine (DPD) titration test method . Monitoring of pH levels shall be performed using phenol red .

G . Reporting Requirements .

1 . Copies of the bacteriological monitoring results shall be submitted to the Department upon request . If the bacteriological quality criteria are exceeded, the Department must be notified by telephone within twenty- four (24) hours of receipt of the laboratory results and copies of the results shall be immediately submitted to the Department .

2 . Copies of the daily operational log shall be submitted to the Department upon request . These reports shall include all disinfectant, pH, and temperature (if required) monitoring; and the amount of disinfectant and other chemicals used in the pool operation .

3 . Any special monitoring required by the Department will include the reporting requirements for that monitoring .

4 . The owner or operator of a bathing place, bathing beach, hot tub or spa shall immediately notify the Department of any condition that results or will result in the failure to maintain the physical, chemical or bacteriological water quality set forth in this Article . Such conditions shall include but are not limited to the breakdown or malfunction of required circulation, filtration and disinfection equipment or systems; on-site release of hazardous materials; or direct contamination by a broken sewer .

5 . Reports are not required for time periods when the facility is not open for aquatic purposes .

919. SAFETY.

Construction, equipment, operation, and maintenance at all bathing places, bathing beaches, hot tubs, and spas shall be such as to reduce to a practical minimum the danger of hazards or of injury to persons ~~to persons from drowning, falls, collisions, fires, nuisances, or hazards~~ of any kind.

A . Lifesaving equipment:

- 1 . Each bathing place and bathing beach shall be equipped with one (1) or more reaching devices of at least ten (10) feet in length. These devices may include but are not limited to poles, shepherd crooks, and any reasonable means to extend the person's reach. These devices shall be placed adjacent to the pool so as to be readily available.
- 2 . Each bathing place and bathing beach shall be equipped with one (1) or more throwing buoys, not more than twenty-four (24) inches in diameter. These devices must have at least thirty (30) feet or one-half the width of the bathing place, whichever is greater, of 3/16-inch line attached. These devices must be placed adjacent to the pool and be readily accessible.
5. Each bathing place, bathing beach, hot tub, and spa shall be equipped with a first aid kit containing the items in Appendix A, filled and readily accessible for emergency use. **Facilities required to have a lifeguard under section 912 must provide** Aa backboard made to the specifications of the American Red Cross or other emergency medical agency. ~~Shall be available~~ The backboard must be equipped with head and neck immobilizers and restraining straps.
- 4 . An operable hardwired telephone with a list of emergency telephone numbers shall be maintained at each facility.
5. Each bathing place, bathing beach, hot tub, and spa shall provide non-sterile disposable examination gloves and disposable resuscitation barriers to be carried by each lifeguard on their person any time they are on duty.
- 6 . Each bathing place and bathing beach owner or operator shall provide rescue tubes to each lifeguard at water side.

B . Disinfectant Equipment

- 1 . When gas chlorination equipment is installed, such equipment shall be housed in a separate room equipped with an exhaust fan to reduce to a practical minimum the possibility of gas leakage ~~into other rooms or areas where persons gather~~. Such room shall be secured so as to prevent the access of unauthorized persons at all times. The room shall have an airtight duct beginning near the floor and terminating at a safe point of discharge to the out-of-doors away from the pool and deck areas. A louvered air ~~intake~~ shall be provided near the ceiling opposite the duct or fan . A ventilating fan, capable of one air change per minute and operated from a switch outside the door, shall be provided in conjunction with the airtight duct. The exhaust fan must be in operation whenever chlorine gas is present in the room, whether or not such gas is contained in a cylinder(s) . The door shall be provided with a shatterproof inspection window, and shall not be latched from the inside .

a . Where gas chlorination equipment is installed, there shall be provided an emergency escape breathing apparatus (EEBA) designed for respiratory protection during escape from oxygen deficient atmospheres, gases and vapors and of a type approved by the National Institute of Occupational Safety and Health (NIOSH). The EEBA shall provide at least a five (5) minute supply of air. A record shall be kept of the EEBA usage to ensure that the EEBA will be serviceable when needed . The EEBA shall be kept in a closed cabinet accessible without a key and located outside the room in which the chlorinator is maintained . An EEBA shall not be required when an approved self-contained breathing apparatus (SCBA) is provided .

b . Whenever gas chlorination equipment is installed and two or more staff are available, entry to the room in which the chlorinator is located shall be conducted using a buddy system . One person shall be located on the outside of the room with the EEBA to maintain surveillance of the person who enters the chlorinator room so that they are available to respond in the case of an emergency situation . Such response shall not exceed the retrieval of a victim and an attempt to close the valve on the chlorine cylinder.

When only one staff is available the EEBA shall be carried with them whenever they enter the room in which the chlorinator is located .

c . Full or empty chlorine cylinders shall be anchored to the wall or an immovable object .

b. d. A container of commercial 26° Baumée aqua ammonia or equivalent shall be provided for chlorine gas leak detection . The container shall provide a mist or vapor to avoid direct contact of ammonia with equipment and be located on the outside of the chlorinator room .

2 . All other types of disinfectant equipment shall be installed in such a manner as to prevent access by unauthorized persons at all times . All other disinfection chemicals shall be stored and used in compliance with recommendations specified by the manufacturer.

3 . Copies of SDS sheets for all chemicals must be maintained in conformity with the requirements of the Federal Superfund Amendments and Reauthorization Act (SARA) .

C . Diving Facilities, Starting Blocks and Slides .

1 . All diving equipment shall be designed, installed, and maintained in accordance with the edition of this code, or the ANSI/NSPI Standards or ANSI/APSP/ICC Standards in effect at the time of the installation, addition, or modification.

2 . All newly constructed diving facilities or facilities undergoing major reconstruction must conform with the requirements of ANSI/APSP/ICC-1 **standards in effect at the time of the installation, addition, or modification.** 2014

3 . All one (1) and three (3) meter competitive diving facilities shall conform to standards adopted by the recognized national governing body for that sport, specifically the National Collegiate Athletic Association (NCAA) for university/college competition, the National Federation of State High School Associations (NF) for secondary inter- scholastic competition and United States Diving for open competition . Use of competitive diving boards must be physically restricted during recreational/non-competitive use of the bathing place .

4 . All diving boards greater than three (3) meters in height must be constructed in a separate diving well and not be part of the general-purpose bathing place . Any such diving board, platform, and well shall be constructed to conform with the current standards of ~~the Federation Internationale de Natation Amateur (FINA)~~ **World Aquatics.**

5 . All bathing places which do not have bottom racing lines but have a diving facility shall place a four (4) to six (6) inch wide stripe of a contrasting color down the longitudinal axis on the center of the pool.

6. A stripe, four (4) to six (6) inches wide of a contrasting color, shall be placed across the bottom of the pool at the shallow side of the break in the floor slope.

7. One (1) foot to the shallow water side of the break in floor slope and contrasting band, a safety float rope shall extend across the pool surface. Bathing places with a constant slope throughout, wave pools, and waterslide landing pools are exempt from the requirements of this Subsection 919.C(7). Bathing places will also be exempt from the requirements of this Subsection 919.C(7) at times when the pool is configured for lap swimming. ~~The effective date for this Subsection 919.C(7) shall be six (6) months from the Effective Date of this Article.~~

8 .Starting blocks are intended for competitive swimming and shall conform to ~~Federation Internationale de Natation (FINA)~~ **World Aquatics,** USA Diving, National Collegiate Athletic Association (NCAA), or National Federation of State High Schools Association (NFHS) regulations .

9 . The use and placement of starting blocks shall comply with the following:

- a . The recreational/non-competitive use of starting blocks is strictly prohibited. Access to starting blocks shall be physically restricted during the recreational/non-competitive use of a bathing place.

b . Starting blocks shall be used only during supervised swimming competitions and practices.

i . For bathing places constructed prior to June 1989, the use of starting blocks for swimming competitions and practices must comply with standards adopted by a nationally recognized governing body such as the National Collegiate Athletic Association (NCAA), United States Swimming, National Federation of State High School Associations (NF), or equivalent .

ii . For bathing places constructed after June 1989, starting blocks shall be so designed and installed that they can be easily removed from the deck when not being used by competitive swimmers and shall be located at the deepest end of the racing lane .

10. No Diving markings for any area of a bathing place where the water depth is less than five (5) feet shall comply with one of the following standards: shall employ with the following

~~a. Facilities constructed prior to the effective date of this Article. Any area of a bathing place where the water depth is less than five (5) feet must have t~~
The edge of the deck must **shall be** marked with the phrase “SHALLOW WATER NO DIVING” in at least four (4) inch letters every twenty- five (25) linear feet in a contrasting color. Such markings must be connected by a horizontal stripe at least four (4) inches in height and in the same contrasting color. ~~Diving into water less than five (5) feet deep shall be prohibited in the non competitive use of a bathing place place~~OR

~~b. Facilities constructed, or undergoing major reconstruction, after the effective date of this article. For any area of a bathing place where the water depth is less than five (5) feet, all deck depth markings will be provided with “NO DIVING” warning signs along with t~~
The universal international symbol for “NO DIVING” shall be placed alongside deck depth markings, the symbol being at least 4 inches in height • For a reference example of the universal international symbol, please see appendix B.

~~All lettering and symbols required by this section will be at least 4 inches in height.~~

11 . All water slides shall conform with the United States Consumer Product Safety Commission (CSPC) standards contained in 16 CFR Part 1207 .

12. Diving into water less than five (5) feet deep shall be prohibited in the non-competitive use of a bathing place.

D . Electrical Safety .

1 . All electrical wires, outlets, appliances and devices shall be designed and installed in accordance with the edition of the National Electrical Code in effect at the time of the installation, addition or modification. ~~Provided that installation, modification or addition of electrical equipment and wiring occurring prior to 1962 shall comply with and be maintained in accordance with the 1962 National Electrical Code.~~

2 . New electrical construction and repairs involving electrical wires, outlets, appliances and devices shall be designed and installed in accordance with the NFPA 70- National Electrical **Code in effect at the time of installation, addition, or modification** 2017.

3. All electrical wiring, where exposed and accessible to bathers, shall be in rigid conduit or electrical plastic or metal tubing and all boxes, fittings, and accessories used in damp or wet locations shall be so installed and equipped as to prevent the entrance of water .

4 . a. The crossing of outdoor public bathing places by open overhead electrical conductors is prohibited.

b. Overhead electrical conductors crossing playgrounds contiguous to outdoor public bathing places shall comply with the requirements of the National Electrical Safety Code.

~~No insulated or uninsulated electrical conductors or wires shall cross over any portion of a bathing beach or an indoor or outdoor bathing place, hot tub, or spa except ceiling lighting of sufficient height above the surface of the water and the deck around the facility to prevent bathers from contacting the fixtures.~~

5 . Grounding shall conform with the following:

a . All metal fences, railings, or other appurtenances on which a broken electrical conductor or wire might fall shall be effectively grounded .

b . A driven ground rod shall be placed at two locations close to and on either side of each crossing .

b. A ground shall be provided for parallel exposure, near each end of the exposure and at intervals of not more than 300 feet within the exposure.

d . All water and other piping to and from a bathing place, hot tub, or spa, including inlet and outlet pipes shall be metallically bonded together and adequately connected to the same grounding electrode used to ground the neutral conductor of the electrical system . This shall be in addition to the grounding requirements for electrical equipment and circuits as required by the National Electrical Code .

e . All electrical equipment and wiring shall be equipped with ground fault circuit interrupters (GFCI) .

6. **a.** All pumps, filters, other mechanical and electrical equipment shall be enclosed in such a manner as to be accessible only to authorized persons .

b. Construction and drainage shall avoid the entrance and accumulation of water in the vicinity of electrical equipment.

7 . Underwater lights in swimming pools, regardless of the installation date, shall comply with the requirements for underwater lights contained in the 1975 edition of the National Electrical Code .

a . The permittee shall provide for proper inspection of underwater lights, including, where requested by the electrical inspection agency, draining of the pool .

b . If electrical defects in the underwater lights are noted by the inspection agency, the lights shall be disconnected immediately and shall be repaired or removed within 30 days of the notice .

8 . Electrical installations at all bathing places, bathing beaches, hot tubs, or spas and any future additions or modifications to such installations, prior to being placed in service and every three (3) years thereafter, shall be inspected and approved in accordance with this Article and the National Electrical Code by an electrical inspection agency certified by the Pennsylvania Department of Labor and Industry under the Uniform Construction Code Standards and evidence in duplicate of the inspection and the results thereof forwarded to this Department .

9 . All facilities must be maintained in conformance with the requirements of the National Electrical Code .

E . Wading pools and spray pads (both recirculating and non-recirculating) shall be separated from a swimming pool or bathing beach by an effective barrier or fence with a self-latching, self-closing gate which restricts young children from entering the main swimming pool or bathing beach area without the barrier posing a threat of injury to the child . If the wading pool or spray pad is separated from the main swimming pool or bathing beach by a distance of at least fifteen (15) feet, such barrier shall not be required. However, the wading pool or spray pad shall be located adjacent to the shallowest area of the swimming pool or bathing beach . No obstructions, such as raised drains, steps, drinking fountains, or concrete structures which may pose a threat of injury to a child shall be placed in a wading pool or spray pad area .

F . Main Drain Protection

All main drain outlets in bathing places shall be covered by a grating that cannot be easily removed by bathers, will not pose a tripping hazard and is designed to prevent

entrapment. Outlet openings of the grating shall be at least four (4) times the area of the discharge pipe. The maximum width of grate openings shall not exceed one (1) inch. If only one (1) main drain is provided, it shall be the anti-vortex type.

All outlets/drains under suction in a hot tub or spa shall be designed to guard against hair and body entrapment .

G . Depth Markings

Every bathing place shall have depth markers at least four (4) inches in height and of a contrasting color on the vertical wall of the pool above the water surface and on the edge of the deck spaced at not more than twenty- five (25) feet apart except in the shallow end of the pool where the water is less than five (5) feet in depth. In the shallow end of the pool, the depth markings must be located, at minimum, at the shallow end entry point of the pool, at the five (5) foot depth and a point halfway between those two points. ~~Pools constructed prior to January 2008 shall be exempt from the half way marking requirement in the shallow end. Pools undergoing major reconstruction shall be required to be in compliance with the most current revision of this Article.~~ Markings shall be on both sides and ends of the pool . Where depth markings cannot be placed on the vertical walls of the pool above the water level, other means shall be used so that the markings will be plainly visible .

Depth markings shall be indicated in feet and inches, and may also be indicated in meter and centimeter depths if desired . Depth markings shall be shown in numerals and the units of depth shall be indicated as follows .

- a . Feet or Ft .
- b . Inches or In . c . Meters or M
- d . Centimeters or Cm .

No other depth designations are acceptable .

H . Facility Safety Plan

~~All public bathing places must have a Facility Safety Plan established within six (6) months of the Effective Date of this Article. A copy of the Facility Safety Plan must be kept on the facility premises in a location that is easily accessible to all staff.~~

1 . **All public bathing places must have a Facility Safety Plan which,** The facility safety plan, at a minimum, shall include procedures, requirements and/or standards for all of the following:

- a . ~~Pre and in service employee safety~~ b. Emergency communications
- e. **b.** Emergency closure guidelines ~~d~~ **c.** Emergency Action Plan (EAP) that details

the levels of response to specific aquatic emergencies, identifying the responder, their tasks, and equipment that is part of their task/response .

2 . A copy of the Facility Safety Plan must be kept on the facility premises in a location that is easily accessible to all staff .

3 . All facility staff shall receive training on the Facility Safety Plan upon hiring and then annually thereafter .

920. HYGIENE.

A . The common use of drinking cups, towels, hair brushes or other toilet articles shall be prohibited .

B . No person with signs of illness or disease or with skin rashes or sores may enter a bathing place, bathing beach, hot tub or spa, except when certified by a physician not to have a disease in a communicable stage.

C . Bathing suits and towels furnished to bathers shall be thoroughly cleaned and dried each time they are used in such a manner as to preclude the transmission of disease and shall be stored in a clean and sanitary manner .

D . The owner or operator of every bathing place, bathing beach, hot tub, or spa shall provide single-use hand towels or hand dryers and soap dispensers with soap at the hand wash sinks, and toilet paper in each locker room and/or restroom .

E . The locker rooms, lavatories, restrooms, dressing rooms and all other areas of the facility shall be maintained in a clean, safe, and sanitary condition .

921.WATER SUPPLY.

A . The quality of the water used for drinking, food preparation, cleaning, and personal hygiene purposes shall at all times meet the standards of 25 PA Code, Chapter 109, “Safe Drinking Water” .

B . The bathing place, hot tub, or spa water shall be obtained from a public water supply .

922.FOOD SERVICE.

Where food service is provided, the food service facilities and operation shall comply with the provisions of Article III “Food Safety” of this Department’s rules and regulations.

923.SEWAGE DISPOSAL.

All sewage systems serving bathing places, bathing beaches, hot tubs, or spas shall conform to the Sewage Facilities Act, the Act of January 24, 1966 (1965), P .L . 1535, No . 537, 35 P .S .

§§750 .1 et seq ., the Clean Streams Law, the Act of June 22, 1937, P .L . 1987, No . 394,35 P .S . §§691 .1 et seq . 25 PA Code, Chapters 71, 72 and 73, and Article XIV “Sewage Management” and Article XV “Plumbing and Building Drainage” of this Department’s rules and regulations.

924.VECTOR CONTROL.

All bathing places, bathing beaches, hot tubs, and spas shall be constructed and maintained in such a manner ~~ast~~ to prevent the harborage, breeding, or feeding of rodents, insects, and other animal pests .

925.MUNICIPAL WASTE.

All areas of all bathing places, bathing beaches, hot tubs, and spas, including all storage areas, shall be maintained in such a manner as to prevent public health hazards and environmental pollution from municipal waste .

All municipal waste, refuse and garbage shall be stored, transported and disposed in accordance with the provisions of Article VIII “Solid Waste and Recycling Management” of this Department’s rules and regulations.

926.PLUMBING.

All plumbing shall comply with the provisions of Article XV “Plumbing” of this Department’s rules and regulations. Cross connections and backflow shall not be permitted.

All hose bibs must be equipped with a backflow prevention device approved by the Department.

927.SECURITY.

A . Every owner, every manager and every operator of a bathing place, bathing beach, hot tub, and spa shall develop a security plan . Such plan shall include measures designed to prohibit access to the facility by unauthorized persons during non- operating hours and detailed procedures to assure that all unauthorized persons have been excluded from the facility prior to the certified lifeguard(s) leaving at the end of operating hours.

B . All outdoor bathing places, hot tubs and spas shall have a means of being physically closed to users during periods when supervision is not provided and must be completely surrounded by a fence or wall designed to prevent entrance during periods of closure . The fence or wall shall not be less than four (4) feet in height above the adjacent ground surface and in certain situations (i .e . anticipated problems with swimming when the pool is closed and located in an area where people gather) a fence or wall of greater height is desirable . All entrances to the pool shall be

provided with a self-closing and self-latching gate with a lock . Indoor pools, located in a room which may be used for activities unrelated to the pool, shall also be surrounded by a fence or wall similar to that required to secure an outdoor pool .

928.REPORTABLE DISEASES AND INJURIES.

A . Every operator and owner of any bathing place, bathing beach, hot tub, spa, or other facility covered by this Article shall report all injuries requiring medical treatment which were sustained by any person using said facilities . Medical treatment includes treatment administered by physicians, hospital staff, and emergency medical personnel . Such reports shall be made to the Department within one week of occurrence on forms provided by the Department . Information on the victim, type of injury, treatment, outcome, and injury circumstances shall be designated on the Department's report form. Injuries such as drowning, an event requiring resuscitation, head or spinal injuries, or poisoning or asphyxiation from gaseous or solid disinfectants shall be reported to the Department by telephone immediately, within 24 hours .

B . Everyoperator and owner of any bathing place, bathing beach, hot tub, spa, or other facility covered by this Article shall report every occurrence or suspected occurrence of human Giardiasis, Cryptosporidiosis, Pseudomonas aeruginosa dermatitis or folliculitis, Staphylococcus aureus infection, Legionella pneumophila infection . Mycobacterium spp . infection or Acanthamoeba keratitis associated with or suspected of being associated with an exposure at a bathing place, bathing beach, hot tub, spa, therapeutic swimming pool, or whirlpool to the Department along with all information deemed necessary by the Department within forty- eight (48) hours of becoming aware of the occurrence or suspected occurrence .

929.CONFORMITY CLAUSE.

All bathing places, bathing beaches, hot tubs, spas, therapeutic swimming pools, and whirlpools shall be constructed, maintained and operated in accordance with the requirements of the Public Bathing Law, the Act of June 23, 1931, P .L . 899, No . 299, as amended, 35 P .S . §672 et seq, where the Act is not preempted by Act 45, the Uniform Construction Code Act, relating to swimming and bathing places unless more stringent requirements are imposed by this Article .

930. VARIANCES.

Any owner and/or operator of a bathing place may request a variance from the provisions of this Article from the ~~Director~~ Department. All requests must be in writing, state the reasons for the request, and provide evidence that the variance would pose no real or potential hazard to the health, safety, or welfare of the public or any individual.

931.UNCONSTITUTIONALITY CLAUSE.

Should any section, paragraph, sentence, clause, or phrase of this Article be declared unconstitutional or invalid for any reason, the remainder of said Article shall not be affected thereby.

932.PENALTIES.

a. Summary Offenses. Any person who violates any of the provisions of this Article or any rule or regulation of the Allegheny County Department of Health, or who interferes with the ~~Director~~ Department or any other agent of the Department of Health in the discharge of their official duties, shall, for the first offense, upon conviction thereof in a summary proceeding before any alderman, magistrate or justice of the peace of Allegheny County, or before any police magistrate if such offense be committed in a city of the second class, be sentenced to pay the costs of prosecution and a fine of not less than thirty dollars (\$30.00) nor more than three hundred dollars (\$300.00) and, in default thereof, to undergo imprisonment of not less than ten (10) days nor more than thirty (30) days .

b. Misdemeanors.

Any person who violates any of the provisions of this Article or any rule or regulation of the Allegheny County Department of Health, or who interferes with the ~~Director~~ Department or any other agent of the Department of Health, in the discharge of their official duties, convicted of a second or subsequent offense shall be guilty of a misdemeanor and shall, upon conviction thereof, be sentenced to pay a fine of not less than five hundred dollars (\$500.00) nor more than one thousand dollars (\$1,000.00) or to undergo imprisonment not exceeding one (1) year, or both .

c. Separate Offenses. For the purpose of this Section, violations on separate days shall be considered separate offenses . Each violation of any separate subsection or section of this Article shall constitute a separate offense .

d. Civil Penalties. Pursuant to the provisions of Article XVI "Environmental Health Civil Penalties", any person who violates any of the provisions of this Article may be assessed a civil penalty whether or not the violation is willful.

e. Other Remedies Provided by Law – In addition to the penalties provided in this Section, the Department may institute any appropriate action or proceeding at law or in equity to prevent or restrain a violation of this Article and in furtherance of the Department's mission to protect public health.

933.EFFECTIVE DATE.

Pursuant to the Local Health Administration Law, 16 P.S. Section 12011(c), the amendments to this Article shall become effective ten (10) calendar days after the Allegheny County

ordinance ratifying this regulation is approved according to Section 1 .4- 405 of the Allegheny County Home Rule Charter . Upon the Effective Date of this Article, the existing Article IX, “Lifeguards, Bathing Places, Bathing Beaches, Hot Tubs and Spas” July 17, 2008”, as amended, is hereby repealed and superseded by this Article . This document includes all amendments through the Effective Date . Pursuant to the Local Health Administration Law, 16 P .S . Section 12011(c), the Department shall publish the Effective Date in a newspaper of general circulation in Allegheny County, as well as on the Department website .

Appendix A

Minimum Contents of First Aid Kit

- Adhesive bandages Band-Aids (assorted sizes)
- Three rolls of sterile gauze (assorted sizes)
- Hand cleaner
- EIGHT sterile gauze pads (assorted sizes)
- Disposable gloves
- One cold pack or accessibility of ice
- One pair of bandage scissors
- Plastic bags
- One pair of tweezers
- One emergency blanket
- Small flashlight with extra batteries
- One container for all the above clearly labeled as a FIRST AID KIT
- Adhesive tape
- One triangular bandage
- Iodine or other topical antiseptic
- **Disposable safety glasses or equivalent face shield (for eye protection during first-aid care)**

Appendix B

No Diving Symbol



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